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CTS GLOBAL EQUITY GROUP, INC.

27/F East Tower, Tektite Towers Exchange Road, Ortigas Center Pasig City Philippines

NOTICE OF ANNUAL STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING

Notice is hereby given that the Annual Stockholders' Meeting of CTS Global Equity Group, Inc. ("CTS", the "Corporation", or the "Company"), will be conducted <u>virtually on **9 May 2025**, **Friday**, at 2:00 P.M. through https://shareholders.ctsglobalgroup.com.</u>

The Agenda of the Meeting is as follows:

- 1. Call to Order
- 2. Certification of Notice and Ouorum
- 3. Approval of the Minutes of the Previous Meeting of the Stockholders
- 4. Presentation of the President's Report
- 5. Ratification of all Acts and Proceedings of the Board of Directors and Management
- 6. Approval of the 2024 Audited Financial Statements
- 7. Election of the Board of Directors
- 8. Approval of the Extension of Term of Independent Director, Mr. Martin T. Lee
- 9. Appointment of External Auditors
- 10. Approval of the Amendments to Articles III and VI of the Articles of Incorporation
- 11. Approval of the Compensation of Independent Directors
- 12. Other Matters
- 13. Adjournment

Only stockholders of record at the close of business on <u>7 April 2025</u> are entitled to notice of, and to vote at, said meeting and any adjournment thereof. As per the Amended By-Laws, the Stock and Transfer Book of the Corporation will be closed from 7 April 2025 to 9 May 2025.

The stockholders may only attend the meeting by remote communication. The meeting will be streamed live, and stockholders who wish to attend the meeting must register at https://shareholders.ctsglobalgroup.com on or before 24 April 2025. Registration shall be subject to validation procedures.

Stockholders who wish to cast their votes may vote electronically in absentia using the same platform or through proxy.

Stockholders may also send their duly accomplished proxies on or before the close of business hours on 24 April 2025 through email at corporatesecretary@ctsglobalgroup.com.

The procedures for attendance and voting during the 2025 ASM are set forth in the Information Statement.

The Corporation shall send written notice of the meeting to all stockholders as of record date at least twenty-one (21) calendar days prior to the date of the annual stockholders' meeting. In addition, an electronic copy of the Information Statement, Management Report, and other pertinent documents will be made available through the Corporation's website (https://www.ctsglobalgroup.com/) and through the PSE Edge Portal (https://edge.pse.com.ph).

SHARON T. LIM

Corporate Secretary

PROXY

The undersigned stockholder of CTS GLOBAL EQUITY GROUP, INC. (the "Corporation") hereby appoints as attorney and proxy, with power of substitution, to represent and vote all shares registered in my name as my proxy, at the Annual Meeting of Stockholders of the Corporation on May 9, 2025, and at any adjournments thereof for the purpose of acting on the following matters: **Item** Vote Approval of the Minutes of the Previous Meeting of 1. () Yes \bigcirc No () Abstain the Stockholders 2. Ratification of all Acts and Proceedings of the Board () Yes \bigcirc No Abstain of Directors and Management 3. Approval of the 2024 Audited Financial Statements ○ Yes \bigcirc No () Abstain 4. **Election of Directors** O Distribute my votes equally among the candidates Cumulate my votes (indicate no. of votes)* *Your maximum no. of votes is equivalent to your shares x 11, e.g. 100 shares x 11 = 1,100 votes. You can distribute your votes equally among the candidates or cumulate your votes (give all your votes to one or several candidates in any manner, provided that your total number of votes does not exceed your maximum no. of votes.) Fractional votes are not allowed. Edward K. Lee Alexander C. Yu Lawrence C. Lee Hernan G. Lim Raymond C. Yu Catherine L. Ong Edmund C. Lee Michelle Angeline N. Yu Martin T. Lee Donald R. Felbaum (Independent) (Independent) Emmanuel L. Samson (Independent) Approval of the Extension of Term of Independent ○ Yes \bigcirc No () Abstain Director, Mr. Martin T. Lee Appointment of Reyes Tacandong & Co. as the ○ Yes \bigcirc No () Abstain external auditor of the Corporation 7. Approval of the Amendments to the Articles of Incorporation a. Article III ○ Yes O No b. Article VI O Yes O No ○ Abstain Approval of Compensation of Independent Directors ○ Yes 8. \bigcirc No At their discretion, the proxy is authorized to vote ○ Yes \bigcirc No () Abstain upon such other matters as may come before the

meeting

This proxy supersedes any previous proxies executed by the undersigned and shall continue to be in effect until withdrawn by notice delivered to the Secretary of the Corporation, but shall not apply in instances wherein the undersigned personally attends the meeting.

Total No. of Shares Owned

Date

THIS PROXY MUST BE RECEIVED BY THE OFFICE OF THE CORPORATE SECRETARY THROUGH EMAIL AT CORPORATESECRETARY@CTSGLOBALGROUP.COM ON OR BEFORE APRIL 24, 2025 (THURSDAY). FOR CORPORATE STOCKHOLDERS, PLEASE ATTACH A COPY OF THE SECRETARY'S CERTIFICATE ON THE AUTHORITY OF THE SIGNATORY TO APPOINT THE PROXY AND SIGN THIS FORM.

THIS PROXY, WHEN PROPERLY EXECUTED, WILL BE VOTED IN THE MANNER AS DIRECTED HEREIN BY THE STOCKHOLDER(S). IF NO DIRECTION IS MADE, THIS PROXY WILL BE VOTED 'FOR' THE ELECTION OF ALL NOMINEES AND FOR THE APPROVAL OF THE MATTERS STATED ABOVE AND FOR SUCH OTHER MATTERS AS MAY PROPERLY COME BEFORE THE MEETING IN THE MANNER DESCRIBED IN THE INFORMATION STATEMENT AND/OR AS RECOMMENDED BY MANAGEMENT OR THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

A STOCKHOLDER GIVING PROXY HAS THE POWER TO REVOKE IT AT ANY TIME BEFORE THE RIGHT GRANTED IS EXERCISED.

NOTARIZATION OF THIS PROXY IS NOT REQUIRED.

THIS PROXY IS NOT A SOLICITATION OR A REQUEST FOR A PROXY BY THE CORPORATION. LIKEWISE, TO THE BEST OF THE KNOWLEDGE OF THE CORPORATION, NO OTHER PERSON HAS MADE A SOLICITATION FOR A PROXY. THE CORPORATION HAS NOT BEEN INFORMED BY ANY OF ITS DIRECTORS OF ANY INTENT BY THE LATTER TO OPPOSE ANY ACTION INTENDED TO BE TAKEN BY THE CORPORATION.

SINCE NO SOLICITATION IS BEING MADE, THERE IS NO CONTRACT OR ARRANGEMENT, OR COSTS OR ANTICIPATED COSTS TO BE DISCLOSED.

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

SEC FORM 20-IS

INFORMATION STATEMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 20 OF THE SECURITIES REGULATION CODE

Check the appropriate box:

1.

	[] Preliminary Information Statement [✓] Definitive Information Statement
2.	Name of Registrant as specified in its charter: CTS Global Equity Group, Inc.
3.	Metro Manila, Philippines Province, country or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization
4.	SEC Identification Number: <u>0000063824</u>
5.	BIR Tax Identification Code: 322-268-000
6.	27/F East Tower, Tektite Towers, Exchange Road, Ortigas Center, Pasig City 1605 Address of principal office Postal Code
7.	Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (632) 8635-5735
8.	Date, time and place of the meeting of security holders:
	Date Time 2:00 PM Place https://shareholders.ctsglobalgroup.com (shareholders may only attend by remote communication subject to pre-registration procedures)
9.	Approximate date on which the Information Statement is first to be sent or given to security holders: <u>15 April 2025</u>
10.	In case of Proxy Solicitations:
	Name of Person Filing the Statement/Solicitor: <u>Not Applicable</u> Address and Telephone No.: <u>Not Applicable</u>
11.	Securities registered pursuant to Sections 8 and 12 of the Code or Sections 4 and 8 of the RSA (information on number of shares and amount of debt is applicable only to corporate registrants):
	Title of Each Class Number of Shares of Common Stock Outstanding or Amount of Debt Outstanding
	as of 28 February 2025 <u>Common</u> <u>6,875,000,000</u>
12.	Are any or all of registrant's securities listed in a Stock Exchange? Yes ✓ No Name of Exchange: Philippine Stock Exchange Class : Common shares

INFORMATION REQUIRED IN INFORMATION STATEMENT

A. GENERAL INFORMATION

Item 1. DATE, TIME, AND PLACE OF MEETING OF SECURITY HOLDERS

(a) Date: 9 May 2025 Time: 2:00 p.m.

Place: https://shareholders.ctsglobalgroup.com

(shareholders may only attend by remote communication subject to

pre-registration procedures)

(b) Approximate date on which copies of the information statement are first to be sent or given to security holders: **15 April 2025**

WE ARE NOT ASKING YOU FOR A PROXY AND YOU ARE NOT REQUESTED TO SEND US A PROXY

Item 2. DISSENTERS' RIGHT OF APPRAISAL

Section 80, Title X of the Revised Corporation Code provides that a stockholder may exercise their right of appraisal in any of the following instances: (a) in case an amendment to the articles of incorporation has the effect of changing or restricting the rights of any stockholder or class of shares, or of authorizing preferences in any respect superior to those of outstanding shares of any class, or of extending or shortening the term of corporate existence; (b) in case of sale, lease, exchange, transfer, mortgage, pledge or other disposition of all or substantially all of the corporate property and assets; (c) in case of merger or consolidation; and (d) in case of investment of corporate funds for any purpose other than the primary purpose of the corporation. Section 81, Title X of the Revised Corporation Code further states that only a dissenting stockholder who voted against the proposed corporate action may exercise the right of appraisal.

CTS Global Equity Group, Inc. ("CTS", the "Corporation, or the "Company") adopts the procedures laid out in Title X of the Revised Corporation Code for a valid exercise of appraisal right.

Item 3. INTEREST OF CERTAIN PERSONS IN OR OPPOSITION TO MATTERS TO BE ACTED UPON

- (a) No current director or officer of CTS, or nominee for election as director of the Corporation or any associate thereof, has any substantial interest, direct or indirect, by security holdings or otherwise, in any matter to be acted upon other than election to office.
- (b) The Corporation has not received any information in writing from any person who intends to oppose any action to be taken at the Annual Stockholders' Meeting.

B. CONTROL AND COMPENSATION INFORMATION

Item 4. VOTING SECURITIES AND PRINCIPAL HOLDERS THEREOF

(a) <u>Class of Voting Securities</u> : Common shares

Number of Shares Outstanding as of 28 February 2025 : 6,875,000,000

Number of votes entitled : One (1) vote per share

The Corporation's Amended By-Laws provide that one share entitles the holder thereof to one vote, except in the election of the members of the Board where any stockholder can cumulate their votes.

(b) Record Date

Stockholders of record as of <u>7 April 2025</u> ("Record Date") are entitled to notice and to vote at the Corporation's Annual Stockholders' Meeting.

(c) Manner of Voting

A stockholder entitled to vote at a meeting has the right to vote in person or by proxy. With respect to the election of directors, in accordance with Section 23 of the Revised Corporation Code, a stockholder with the number of shares held in their name in the Corporation's stock books as of the Record Date may vote such number of shares for as many persons as there are directors to be elected or they may cumulate said shares and give one candidate as many votes as the number of directors to be elected multiplied by the number of their shares, or they may distribute them on the same principle among as many candidates as they shall see fit; provided, that the total number of votes cast by them shall not exceed the number of shares owned by them as shown in the books of the Corporation multiplied by the total number of directors to be elected; provided, however, that no delinquent stocks shall be voted.

A stockholder may vote electronically in absentia using the web address https://shareholders.ctsglobalgroup.com. A stockholder voting electronically in absentia shall be deemed present for the purposes of quorum. Please refer to **Annex "G"** for information on electronic voting in absentia.

(This space is intentionally left blank.)

(d) <u>Security Ownership of Record and Beneficial Owners of more than 5% of the Corporation's voting securities as of 28 February 2025 are as follows:</u>

Title of Class	Name, Address of Record Owner and Relationship with the Issuer	Name of Beneficial Owners and Relationship with Record Owner	Citizenship	No. of Shares Held Directly (D) or under PCD (P)	Percent (%)
Common	PCD Nominee Corp.	Various	Filipino	2,894,183,040 (D)	42.10
	G/F Makati Stock				
	Exchange Bldg., 6767		Non-	95,127,500 (D)	1.38
	Ayala Avenue, Makati		Filipino		
	Lee, Edward K. Mahogany St., Makati	Lee, Edward K.	Filipino	1,658,769,960 (P)	26.76
	Lee, Lydia C. Mahogany St., Makati			178,570,000 (P)	
	ELLEE & Co., Inc. ¹			2,293,000 (P)	
	2701C East Tower, Tektite			_,_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
	Towers, Exchange Rd,				
	Ortigas Center, Pasig				
	Yu, Alexander C.	Yu, Alexander C.	Filipino	746,143,000 (P)	12.35
	Ortega St., San Juan		-	, ,	
	Yu, Adrian Alexander N.			102,500,000 (P)	
	Ortega St., San Juan				
	Yu, Elizabeth N.			495,000 (P)	
	Ortega St., San Juan				
	Yu, Raymond C.	Yu, Raymond C.	Filipino	596,706,000 (P)	8.73
	New Manila, Quezon City				
	Yu, Jacqueline L. or Yu,			3,500,000 (P)	
	Raynard L				
	New Manila, Quezon City				
	Lim, Hernan G.	Lim, Hernan G.	Filipino	596,706,000 (P)	8.68
	Polk St., North Greenhills,				
	San Juan				

^{*}No other single individual has reached more than 5% - 10% of the total outstanding shares of CTS.

Security Ownership of Management (as of 28 February 2025)

Title of Class	Name of Owner	Position	Citizenship	Total No. of Shares	Percent (%)
Common	Edward K. Lee	Chairman	Filipino	1,839,632,960	26.76
Common	Alexander C. Yu	Vice-Chairman/ Treasurer	Filipino	849,138,000	12.35
Common	Lawrence C. Lee	Director/President/CEO	Filipino	220,000,000	3.20
Common	Hernan G. Lim	Director	Filipino	596,706,000	8.68
Common	Raymond C. Yu	Director	Filipino	600,206,000	8.73
Common	Catherine L. Ong	Director/SVP-Chief Audit	Filipino	90,181,540	1.31
		Executive			
Common	Edmund C. Lee	Director/Chief Finance	Filipino	231,104,000	3.36
		Officer			
Common	Michelle Angeline N. Yu	Director	Filipino	110,000,000	1.60
Common	Martin T. Lee	Independent Director	Filipino	3,005,000	0.04
Common	Donald R. Felbaum	Independent Director	American	1,500,000	0.02
Common	Emmanuel L. Samson	Independent Director	Filipino	6,000,000	0.09

¹ Mr. Edward K. Lee, Chairman of the Board of ELLEE & Co., Inc. ("Ellee"), has been named and appointed to exercise Ellee's voting power.

Title of Class	Name of Owner	Position	Citizenship	Total No. of Shares	Percent (%)
Common	Leonard Louis C. Chua	Head of Global Investments	Filipino	4,000,000	0.06
Common	Richard Lemuel U. Pacheco	Head of Proprietary Trading	Filipino	4,140,000	0.06
Common	Terence L. Chan	Head of HK Investments	Filipino	22,336,000	0.32
Common	Bryan S. Gomez	Head of External Relations	Filipino	2,500,000	0.04
Common	Mark Jason C. Mariposa	Head of Macroeconomics	Filipino	4,550,000	0.07
Common	Lorena E. Velarde	Associated Person	Filipino	2,500,000	0.04
Common	Juan Carlos Aquino	Associated Person	Filipino	1,508,000	0.02
Common	Sharon T. Lim	Corporate Secretary	Filipino	3,300,000	0.05
Common	Stephanie Faye B. Reyes	Assistant Corporate Secretary	Filipino	500,000	0.01
Common	Sanida C. Tan	Assistant Corporate Secretary	Filipino	1,500,000	0.02
Common	Key Officers and Directors (as a group)			4,594,307,500	66.83

(e) Changes in Control

There were no persons holding more than five percent (5%) of a class of shares under a voting trust or similar agreement.

The Corporation is not aware of any voting trust agreement or any other similar agreement, which may result in a change of control in the Corporation. No change in control of the Corporation has occurred since the beginning of its last fiscal year.

Item 5. DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVE OFFICERS

(a) The Board of Directors/Nominees for Election at the Annual Stockholders' Meeting

i. Directors and Executive Officers

Pursuant to the Corporation's Amended By-Laws, the Directors are elected at the Annual Stockholders' Meeting by stockholders entitled to vote. Each Director holds office until the next annual election when their successor is duly elected, unless they resign, die, or are removed prior to such election.

The record of attendance of the directors at the meetings of the Board of Directors and stockholders' meetings held in 2024 is as follows:

	Board of Dir	rectors ²	Stockholders		
Name	Meetings	Percent	Meetings	Percent	
	Attended / Held	Present	Attended / Held	Present	
Lee, Edward K.	6/7	86%	1/1	100%	
Yu, Alexander C.	7/7	100%	1/1	100%	
Lim, Hernan G.	7/7	100%	1/1	100%	
Yu, Raymond C.	7/7	100%	1/1	100%	
Ong, Catherine L.	7/7	100%	1/1	100%	
Lee, Lawrence C.	7/7	100%	1/1	100%	

² In 2024 and during the incumbency of the director.

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	Board of Dir	rectors ²	Stockholders		
Name	Meetings	Percent	Meetings	Percent	
	Attended / Held	Present	Attended / Held	Present	
Lee, Edmund C.	7/7	100%	1/1	100%	
Yu, Michelle Angeline N.	7/7	100%	1/1	100%	
Lee, Martin T.	7/7	100%	1/1	100%	
Samson, Emmanuel L.	7/7	100%	1/1	100%	
Felbaum, Donald R.	7/7	100%	1/1	100%	

Below is the list of members of each of the Board committees as well as their record of attendance for committee meetings held in 2024:

Board Committee	Members	No. of Meetings Attended/ Held	Percent Present
	Samson, Emmanuel L. (Chairperson)	1/1	100%
Audit Committee	Yu, Raymond C.	1/1	100%
	Lim, Hernan G.	1/1	100%
	Felbaum, Donald R.(Chairperson)	N/A	N/A
Nomination Committee*	Ong, Catherine L.	N/A	N/A
	Lim, Sharon T.	N/A	N/A
Remuneration	Yu, Alexander C. (Chairperson)	N/A	N/A
Committee*	Ong, Catherine L.	N/A	N/A
Committee	Lee, Martin T.	N/A	N/A

^{*}While formal meetings were not held, the committee continued to execute their tasks efficiently.

The Board underwent an assessment process whereby each director completed an evaluation questionnaire intended to provide insights on the performance of the Board, its Committees, the Chairman, and the directors. This review and assessment show how the Board as a body, the Board committees, the individual directors, and the Chairman are able to perform their responsibilities effectively as well as provide a means to assess a director's attendance at board and committee meetings, participation in boardroom discussions and manner of voting on material issues. For 2024, the assessment forms were prepared and reviewed by the Office of the Corporate Secretary to elicit relevant and valuable insights. However, the Corporation intends to have the assessment process supported by an external facilitator every three years. The evaluation reviewed relevant metrics such as the composition and competency of the Chairman and the Board, the Board's ability to understand and execute strategies that are aligned with the values, mission, vision, and objectives of the Corporation, and its ability to review the adequacy and effectiveness of the Corporation's risk management and internal control systems.

The overall rating results are indicated below. Said ratings are based on a 5-point scale, with 5 as the highest rating:

Board of Directors	Self-Assessment	Chairman	Committees
4.71	4.73	4.88	4.66

The aggregated results are presented to the Board during a meeting following the end of the assessment process.

The nominees for election to the Board of Directors are the following:

- 1. Edward K. Lee
- 2. Alexander C. Yu
- 3. Hernan G. Lim
- 4. Raymond C. Yu
- 5. Lawrence C. Lee
- 6. Catherine L. Ong
- 7. Edmund C. Lee
- 8. Michelle Angeline N. Yu
- 9. Martin T. Lee
- 10. Donald R. Felbaum
- 11. Emmanuel L. Samson

A summary of the qualifications of the incumbent directors, nominees for directors for election at the annual stockholders' meeting and incumbent officers is attached as **Annex "A"**. The certification on whether any of the directors works in government is attached as **Annex "B"**.

ii. Independent Directors

The nominees for election as Independent Directors of the Board of Directors are as follows:

Nominees for Independent	Person/Group recommending	Relation of (a) and
Director (a)	nomination (b)	(b)
Martin T. Lee*	Lawrence C. Lee	None
Donald R. Felbaum**	Lawrence C. Lee	None
Emmanuel L. Samson**	Lawrence C. Lee	None

^{*}first appointed in 2012

In approving the nominations for Independent Directors, the Nomination Committee took into consideration the guidelines prescribed in SRC Rule 38, SEC Memorandum Circular No. 16 series of 2006, and SEC Memorandum Circular No. 19 series of 2016, on the nomination of Independent Directors. The Nomination Committee is composed of Mr. Donald R. Felbaum, as Chairman, and Ms. Catherine L. Ong and Atty. Sharon T. Lim, as members.

The Certifications of each of the Independent Directors are attached as Annex "C".

iii. Guidelines or criteria followed in the conduct of the nomination and election of Independent Director/s

Article III, Section 1-a of the Corporation's Amended By-Laws states that:

"Nomination and Election of Independent Directors – Nomination of Independent Director/s shall be conducted by a Nomination Committee prior to the stockholders' meeting.

The Nomination Committee shall prepare a Final List of Candidates from those who have passed the screening policies and parameters for the nomination of Independent Director/s, and which list shall contain all information about these nominees.

Only nominees whose names appear on the Final List of Candidates shall be eligible for election as Independent Director/s. No other nomination shall be entertained after the Final List of Candidates shall have been prepared. No further nomination shall be entertained or allowed on the floor during the actual stockholders' meeting.

^{**}first appointed in April 2021

The Chairman of the stockholders' meeting has the responsibility to inform all stockholders in attendance of the mandatory requirement of electing Independent Director/s and to ensure that an Independent Director/s are elected during the stockholders' meeting.

Specific slot/s for Independent Director/s shall not be filled-up by unqualified nominees.

In case of failure of election of Independent Director/s, the Chairman of the Meeting shall call a separate election during the same meeting to fill-up the vacancy."

iv. Significant Employees

No single person is considered to have made a significant contribution to the business since CTS considers the collective efforts of all its employees as instrumental to the overall success of the Corporation's performance.

v. Family Relationships

Aside from those mentioned below, there are no other family relationships either by consanguinity or affinity up to the fourth (4th) civil degree among its directors, executive officers, and nominees for election as directors.

DIRECTOR/	FAMILY RELATIONSHIP
EXECUTIVE OFFICER	
Edward K. Lee	Father of Lawrence C. Lee and Edmund C. Lee; Sibling of
	Catherine L. Ong
Alexander C. Yu	Father of Michelle Angeline N. Yu; Sibling of Raymond C.
	Yu
Lawrence C. Lee	Son of Edward K. Lee; Sibling of Edmund C. Lee; Nephew
	of Catherine L. Ong
Raymond C. Yu	Sibling of Alexander C. Yu; Uncle of Michelle Angeline N.
	Yu
Edmund C. Lee	Son of Edward K. Lee; Sibling of Lawrence C. Lee; Nephew
	of Catherine L. Ong
Catherine L. Ong	Sibling of Edward K. Lee; Aunt of Lawrence C. Lee and
	Edmund C. Lee
Michelle Angeline N. Yu	Daughter of Alexander C. Yu: Niece of Raymond C. Yu

vi. Involvement in Legal Proceedings

The Corporation is not aware of any of the following events having occurred during the past five (5) years up to the date of this report that are material to an evaluation of the ability or integrity of any director, nominee for election as director, executive officer, underwriter, or controlling person of the Corporation:

- (1) Any bankruptcy petition filed by or against any business of which any of the above persons was a general partner or executive officer either at the time of bankruptcy or within two (2) years prior to that time;
- (2) Any order or judgment, or decree, not subsequently reversed, suspended, or vacated, of any court of competent jurisdiction, domestic or foreign, permanently or temporarily enjoining, barring, suspending, or otherwise limiting the involvement of any of the above persons in any type of business, securities, commodities, or banking activities; and

(3) Any findings by a domestic or foreign court of competent jurisdiction (in civil action), the SEC or comparable foreign body, or a domestic or foreign exchange or electronic marketplace or self-regulatory organization, that any of the above persons has violated a securities or commodities law, and the judgment has not been reversed, suspended, or vacated.

CTS is not involved in, nor are any of their properties subject to, any material legal proceedings that could potentially affect its operations and financial capabilities.

(b) Resignation of Directors

None of the directors have resigned or declined to stand for re-election to the Board of Directors since the last annual meeting of stockholders due to any disagreement with the Corporation on regarding its operations, policies, or practices.

(c) <u>Certain Relationships and Related Transactions</u>

Transactions between related parties are based on terms similar to those offered to nonrelated parties. The transactions are done in the normal conduct of operations and are recorded in the same manner as transactions that are entered into with other parties.

Item 6. COMPENSATION OF DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVE OFFICERS

(a) Compensation of Executives

Below is a summary of the guaranteed pay of the five highest-paid executive officers and the Corporation's executives and officers as a group:

SUMMARY COMPEN	SUMMARY COMPENSATION TABLE						
Annual Comp	pensation						
	Annual Annual Annual						
	Salary 2025	Salary	Salary				
(in P Million)	(est.)	2024	2023				
a) Chief Executive Officer and the Four							
Most Compensated Executives:							
Lawrence C. Lee							
President & CEO							
Edmund C. Lee							
Chief Finance Officer							
Leonard Louis C. Chua							
Head of Global Investments							
Richard Lemuel U. Pacheco							
Head of Proprietary Trading							
Terence L. Chan							
Head of HK Investments							
All above-named Executives and Officers							
as a Group	₽5.93	₽5.93	₽5.27				
b) All other Executives and Officers as a							
Group	₽3.63	₽3.63	₽3.35				

(b) <u>Compensation of Directors</u>

Each director is entitled to a reasonable per diem, which amount shall, according to Article III, Section 9 of the Corporation's Amended By-laws, not exceed ten percent (10%) of the net income before income tax of the Corporation during the previous year.

Below is a summary of the per diem given to the directors of the Corporation as a group:

	Year Ended 31 December	
	2024	2023
Per diem to the Board of Directors as a group	₽115,000	₽120,000

Aside from this, directors do not receive any other form of remuneration in their capacity as such directors.

(c) Warrants and Options

There are no outstanding warrants or options held by directors or officers. There are no actions to be taken with regard to election, any bonus or profit-sharing, change in pension / retirement plan, granting of or extension of any options, warrants, or rights to purchase any securities.

Item 7. INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

(a) The accounting firm Reyes Tacandong & Co. ("RT") served as CTS' external auditor for the last fiscal year. The Board of Directors intends to nominate RT for re-appointment this fiscal year.

Representatives of RT are expected to be present at the stockholders' meeting and will be available to respond to appropriate questions. They will have the opportunity to make a statement if they so desire.

As of 31 December 2024, RT has been CTS' external auditor for the past thirteen (13) years. It assigns a different engagement partner to conduct its annual audit in compliance with the requirement of SRC Rule 68, Paragraph 3 (Qualifications of Independent Auditors). Mr. Mark Christian M. Ababa has been appointed as the Partner-in-charge for CTS, effective 2024.

(b) <u>Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants</u>

There are no disagreements with RT on accounting and financial disclosure for the last five (5) years.

(c) Audit and Audit-Related Fees

The following table sets out the aggregate fees billed for each of the last two (2) fiscal years for professional services rendered by RT:

	Year Ended 31 December	
	2024	2023
Audit and Audit-Related Fees in connection with the	₽925,000	₽900,000
annual review of the Corporation's financial statements		
Tax Fees	₽120,000	-
All Other Services	₽250,000	₽520,000

Appointment of CTS' external auditor and its audit fees are upon recommendation of the Audit Committee. All services rendered by RT have prior approval of the President as recommended by the Audit Committee. Actual work by RT proceeds thereafter. In 2024, the Audit Committee was chaired by Mr. Emmanuel L. Samson with Mr. Raymond C. Yu, and Mr. Hernan G. Lim as members.

Item 8. COMPENSATION PLANS

No action is to be taken with respect to any plan to which cash or non-cash compensation may be paid or distributed.

C. ISSUANCE AND EXCHANGE OF SECURITIES

Item 9. AUTHORIZATION OR ISSUANCE OF SECURITIES OTHER THAN FOR EXCHANGE

There is no action to be taken with respect to the authorization or issuance of any securities other than for exchange of outstanding securities of the registrant.

Item 10. MODIFICATION OR EXCHANGE OF SECURITIES

There is no action with respect to the modification of any class of securities in exchange for outstanding securities of another class.

Item 11. FINANCIAL AND OTHER INFORMATION

The Corporation's audited financial statements as of 31 December 2024 are attached hereto as **Annex** "F", while the Management's Discussion and Analysis of financial conditions and results of operations, market price of shares and dividends, and other information related to the Corporation's financial information is attached hereto as **Annex** "D".

Item 12. MERGERS, CONSOLIDATIONS, ACQUISITIONS AND SIMILAR MATTERS

There is no action taken by the Corporation with respect to any merger, consolidation, or acquisition.

Item 13. ACQUISITION OR DISPOSITION OF PROPERTY

There is no action taken with respect to the acquisition or disposition of any property.

Item 14. RESTATEMENT OF ACCOUNTS

There is no action taken with respect to the restatement of any asset, capital, or surplus account.

D. OTHER MATTERS

Item 15. ACTION WITH RESPECT TO REPORTS

The following matters are on the Agenda of the Annual Stockholders' Meeting for the approval of the stockholders:

- (a) Approval of the Annual Report and the Corporation's Audited Financial Statements as of 31 December 2024 containing the performance of the Corporation and its financial condition (*See Annex "F"*);
- (b) Approval of the Minutes of the Previous Stockholders' Meeting (See Annex "E"); and
- (c) Ratification of all Acts, Proceedings of the Board of Directors and Management (See Item 18).

Item 16. MATTERS NOT REQUIRED TO BE SUBMITTED

There are no matters or actions to be taken up in the meeting that will not require the vote of the stockholders as of the record date.

Item 17. AMENDMENT OF CHARTER, BY-LAWS, OR OTHER DOCUMENTS

The stockholders of the Corporation will be asked to consider the following proposed amendments to the Corporation's Articles of Incorporation:

Article	From	То
Third	That the corporation shall have its principal office at 27/F East Tower, Philippine Stock Exchange Centre, Exchange Road, Ortigas Center, Pasig City and may establish any other branch or office anywhere in the Philippines.	That the corporation shall have its principal office at 27/F East Tower, Tektite Towers, Exchange Road, Ortigas Center, Pasig City and may establish any other branch or office anywhere in the Philippines.
Sixth	That the number of the Directors of said corporation shall be ELEVEN (11), at least two (2) of whom shall be Independent Directors, and that the names and residences of the Directors of the corporation who are to serve until their successors are elected and qualified in accordance with the By-Laws are as follows: xxx	That the number of the Directors of said corporation shall be ELEVEN (11), at least three (3) of whom shall be Independent Directors, and that the names and residences of the Directors of the corporation who are to serve until their successors are elected and qualified in accordance with the By-Laws are as follows: xxx

The proposed amendments to Article Sixth of the Articles of Incorporation is made in compliance with the directives of the Corporate Governance and Finance Department (CGFD) of the SEC.

On the other hand, the proposed amendment to Article Third, updating the Corporation's principal address, is made consistent with the renaming of the Philippine Stock Exchange Centre to Tektite Towers.

Item 18. OTHER PROPOSED ACTION

(a) Ratification of all Acts and Proceedings of the Board of Directors and Management

The items with respect to the ratification of the acts of the Board of Directors and management for the past year up to the date of the meeting are those items entered into the ordinary course of business such as the opening of bank accounts and designation of bank signatories, fees of the Corporation's external auditors, and other requirements in connection with the Corporation's operations.

(b) Approval of the Extension of Term of Independent Director, Mr. Martin T. Lee

Pursuant to SEC's Code of Corporate Governance for Publicly-Listed Companies, the approval of the shareholders is being sought to retain Mr. Martin T. Lee as its independent director. Mr. Lee has served as the Company's independent director for more than nine (9) years.

The Company believes that Mr. Lee's prior service to the Company will not impair his ability to act independently and objectively. Further, given Mr. Lee's extensive experience in the financial industry as well as his knowledge, skills, and understanding of the business of the Company and the financial markets in general, the Company believes that with Mr. Lee as independent director, there will be an appropriate balance of skills and experience in the Board necessary to the continued success of the Company.

(c) Approval of the Compensation of Independent Directors

The stockholders will also be asked to consider the amendment of the compensation of the independent directors effective 1 January 2025, as follows: (a) increase of per diem per meeting from Five Thousand Pesos (\$\mathbb{P}\$5,000.00) to Fifteen Thousand Pesos (\$\mathbb{P}\$15,000.00); and (b) inclusion of an annual discretionary bonus capped at eight times the per diem rate. This proposal aims to align the compensation of independent directors with prevailing industry standards and recognize their continued commitment to the Company.

Item 19. VOTING PROCEDURES

(a) Vote required for approval and election

Article II of the Amended By-Laws of the Corporation provides that no stockholders' meeting shall be competent to decide any matter or transact any business, unless a majority of outstanding capital stock is represented, except in those cases in which the corporation law requires the affirmative vote of a greater proportion.

With regard to the election of members of the Board of Directors, the nominees receiving the highest number of votes shall be declared elected pursuant to Section 23 of the Revised Corporation Code. With respect to the ratification of Board actions, a majority vote is required. Amendments to the Articles of Incorporation requires the affirmative vote of stockholders owning at least two-thirds (2/3) of the outstanding capital stock of the Corporation.

(b) Method by which votes will be counted

The method by which the votes will be counted shall be by shares and not per capita. Any stockholder may accumulate their vote as provided in the Revised Corporation Code. Only the personnel of the office of the Corporate Secretary and the Stock Transfer Agent are authorized to count the votes.

As approved by the Board of Directors, the Corporation will conduct the annual stockholders' meeting by remote communication through https://shareholders.ctsglobalgroup.com. Voting shall be done by remote communication, electronically in absentia through the same platform, or by voting through proxy. A stockholder voting electronically in absentia will be deemed present at the meeting for purposes of quorum.

To enable the Corporation to perform validation procedures, identify the shareholders participating by remote communication and record their presence for purposes of quorum, the shareholders must complete the registration requirements in said portal by 24 April 2025. Information on participation through remote communication and electronic voting in absentia are included in **Annex "G"**.

Proxies must be submitted by email to corporatesecretary@ctsglobalgroup.com on or before 24 April 2025.

(This space is intentionally left blank.)

THE REGISTRANT WILL PROVIDE WITHOUT CHARGE TO EACH PERSON UPON WRITTEN REQUEST OF ANY SUCH PERSON, A COPY OF THE REGISTRANT'S ANNUAL REPORT OR SEC FORM 17-A. SUCH WRITTEN REQUEST SHOULD BE ADDRESSED TO THE FOLLOWING:

ATTY. SHARON T. LIM CORPORATE SECRETARY 27/F EAST TOWER, TEKTITE TOWERS EXCHANGE ROAD, ORTIGAS CENTER, PASIG CITY

After reasonable inquiry and to the best of my knowledge and belief, I hereby certify that the information set forth in this report is true, complete and correct. This report is signed in the City of Pasig on 10 April 2025.

CTS Global Equity Group, Inc.

FOR THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

SHARON T. LIM
Corporate Secretary

ANNEX "A" DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVE OFFICERS

The names of the incumbent and nominee directors and key executive officers of the Company, their respective ages, periods of service, directorships in other reporting companies, and positions held in the last five years, are as follows:

MEMBERS OF THE BOARD

Edward K. Lee

Chairman and Founder

Edward K. Lee, 70, Filipino, took Bachelor of Science in Industrial Management Engineering at De La Salle University. He is concurrently the Founder and Chairman of the Board of COL Financial Group, Inc., CTS Global Equity Group, Inc., Caylum Trading Institute, and COL Investment Management, Inc. Mr. Lee served as a nominee of CTS Global Equity Group, Inc. to the Manila Stock Exchange and presently to the Philippine Stock Exchange. He was elected as one of the Governors of the Philippine Stock Exchange and was the Chairman of the Computerization committee of the Manila Stock Exchange and PSE in 1994. He went on to become a member of the Board of Directors of A. Soriano Corporation serving for two terms. Mr. Lee was also nominated as a finalist to the 2007 Entrepreneur of the Year Philippines by Ernst & Young. In 2015, he was awarded with the Theodore Vail Most Outstanding JA Alumni Awardee. From 2016 to 2019, he was appointed as an official board member of JA Asia Pacific. He was the recipient of the 2023 Lasallian Achievement Award by the De La Salle Alumni Association (DLSAA) and is honored as the distinguished Master Innovator awardee at the 3rd Mansmith Innovation Awards.

Alexander C. Yu

Vice-Chairman

Alexander C. Yu, 69, Filipino, is a Bachelor of Science in Mechanical Engineering graduate of De La Salle University. He is currently the Vice Chairman of COL Financial Group, Inc. since 1999 and the Vice Chairman and Treasurer of CTS Global Equity Group, Inc. since 1986. He is also currently a Director of Caylum Trading Institute, and Director and Treasurer of Winner Industrial Corp., both for more than 10 years. He is the proprietor of Trans-Asia General Merchandise and in 1997, he served as a Director of A. Soriano Corporation.

Lawrence C. Lee

President and Chief Executive Officer

Lawrence C. Lee, 43, Filipino, is the President & CEO of CTS Global Equity Group Inc., where he is designated to train and oversee the professional proprietary traders for the Corporation. He graduated from Bentley University in Boston, Massachusetts in 2003 with a Bachelor's degree in Corporate Finance and Accounting and has been an apprentice of the markets for over two decades. Mr. Lee sits on the Board of Directors for the Caylum Trading Institute, serving as a member of their esteemed faculty. He specializes in the field of Technical Analysis, Trend Trading, and System Indicators while actively trading multiple global markets including the US, Hong Kong, Japan, Indonesia, and of course, the Philippines.

Hernan G. Lim

Director

Hernan G. Lim, 72, Filipino, is currently the President of Hoc Po Feeds Corporation and HGL Development Corporation. Mr. Lim is a Director of Caylum Trading Institute since 2013 and has also been a Director of Citimex, Inc., COL Financial Group, Inc., and Barrington Carpets, Inc. for more than

10 years. He holds a Bachelor of Science degree in Electronics and Communications Engineering from the University of Santo Tomas. He also took the Basic Management Course at the Asian Institute of Management.

Raymond C. Yu

Director

Raymond C. Yu, 71, Filipino, graduated with a Bachelor of Science Degree in Commerce from De La Salle University in 1974. He is currently the President of Winner Industrial Corporation. He has served as a director of Caylum Trading Institute since 2013 and has been a director for more than 16 years of the following corporations: COL Financial Group, Inc., Cedarside Holdings Corp., Cedarside Industries, Inc., Barrington Carpets, Inc., and Citimex, Inc.

Catherine L. Ong

Director, SVP & Chief Operating Officer

Catherine L. Ong, 73, Filipino, is the SVP – Chief Audit Executive of CTS Global Equity Group, Inc., SVP – Treasurer of COL Financial Group, Inc., Chairman of COL Strategic Growth Equity Unitized Mutual Fund, Inc. and COL Equity Index Unitized Mutual Fund, Inc., and Executive Vice President and Treasurer of Cedarside Industries, Inc., Barrington Carpets, Inc., and Citimex, Inc. She has held the latter position for more than 30 years. She had extensive experience in banking, having held various positions in Metropolitan Bank and Trust Company (Metrobank). She was an Assistant Vice President and Area Supervisor of Metrobank and served as a Director of Metrobank's subsidiary, Pan Philippines Life Insurance Corp. (now known as Philippine Axa Life). Ms. Ong graduated from the Philippine Women's University with a Bachelor of Science Degree in Business Administration, Major in Accounting.

Edmund C. Lee

Director and Chief Finance Officer

Edmund C. Lee, 36, Filipino is the President and CEO of Caylum Trading Institute, and CloudArch Ventures Group, Inc. He is also the Chief Finance Officer for CTS Global Equity Group, Inc. He is a CFA charterholder, a graduate of the Masters of Science in Global Finance Program from the Hong Kong University of Science and Technology Business School. Prior to establishing Caylum, he worked as a research analyst for COL Financial Group, Inc., the leading online stockbrokerage firm in the Philippines.

Michelle Angeline N. Yu

Director

Michelle Angeline N. Yu, 31, Filipino, is a Bachelor of Science in Management Engineering graduate of Ateneo De Manila University. She is currently a director of CTS Global Equity Group, Inc. She is a licensed CSR Equities trader and part of the CTS Global Trading department.

Martin T. Lee

Independent Director

Martin T. Lee, 73, Filipino, obtained a Bachelor of Science in Business Administration, major in Economics and Finance from the University of the East, and a Master's degree in Business Administration at the Ateneo Graduate School of Business. He attended the Strategic Business Economics Program at the University of Asia and the Pacific. Over the years, Mr. Lee has held various positions in several banking institutions. He was the Executive Vice-President and Head of the Institutional Banking Group of Chinatrust Phils., Inc., and was also the Head of Account Management Group and the Special Account and Remedial Management Group of Global Banking Corporation. He was also connected with Asian Banking Corporation, PCIBank, and Insular Bank of Asia and America.

Donald R. Felbaum

Independent Director

Donald R. Felbaum, 75, American, is the Managing Director of Optel Limited and also serves as Ex-Officio Director of The American Chamber of Commerce of the Philippines, Inc. He has more than twenty (20) years of diversified management experience, including general management, business development, strategic planning and corporate directorship in technology sectors including telecoms, Information Technology and Business Process Management (IT-BPM), and information and communications technology, among others. He has significant experience in business development including start-ups, mergers and acquisitions and project funding with business experience covering more than twenty-five (25) countries worldwide. He graduated from the University of Asia and the Pacific with a Master's degree in Business Economics.

Emmanuel L. Samson

Independent Director

Emmanuel L. Samson, 65, Filipino, is a member of the Board of Trustees of the Government Service Insurance System ("GSIS") since November 2023. He is the former Senior Vice President Chief Finance Officer and Corporate Governance Officer of Nickel Asia Corporation ("NAC"). In such role, he was responsible for the finance and treasury functions of the NAC Group. He was also a member of the Board of Directors and Treasurer of Emerging Power, Inc., a subsidiary of NAC. Prior to joining NAC in 2006, he was the Senior Country Officer for Credit Agricole Indosuez in the Philippines. Mr. Samson has more than a decade of experience in the Philippine equities markets having held positions with W.I. Carr Indosuez Securities (Phils.) Inc., Amon Securities Corporation and Rizal Commercial Banking Corporation. Mr. Samson obtained his Bachelor of Arts Degree in Economics from De La Salle University – Manila.

EXECUTIVE OFFICERS

The key members of the management team, aside from those above mentioned, are as follows:

Leonard Louis C. Chua

Head of Global Investments

Leonard Louis C. Chua, 37, Filipino, graduated from the Ateneo de Manila University with a degree in Bachelor of Science in Management Engineering in which he graduated Magna Cum Laude. He is currently a Chartered Financial Analyst (CFA) Charterholder and a Senior Faculty Instructor at the Caylum Trading Institute since 2014. Prior to transferring to CTS Global Equity Group, Inc. in 2013, he was with COL Financial Group, Inc. in 2009 as a Research Analyst.

Richard Lemuel U. Pacheco

Head of Proprietary Trading

Richard Lemuel U. Pacheco, 38, Filipino, is a graduate of Bachelor of Science in Management Engineering minor in International Business from the Ateneo de Manila University. He started his career as a Graduate Trainee at Kraft Foods Philippines, Inc. (now Mondelez) until 2009 then joined CTS Global Equity Group, Inc. in the same year. He is also a Senior Faculty Instructor at the Caylum Trading Institute, Inc. since 2014.

Terence L. Chan

Head of HK Investments

Terence L. Chan, 46, Filipino, graduated from the Ateneo de Manila University with a Bachelor of Science major in Management, minor in Finance degree in 2000. He is also a Director and Instructor at Caylum Training Institute and has received several awards as a Trader with CTS. Prior to joining CTS Global Equity Group, Inc., he was part of COL Financial Group, Inc. as an Investment Analyst.

Bryan S. Gomez

Head of External Relations

Bryan S. Gomez, 46, Filipino, is a graduate of Bachelor of Science in Management Engineering from the Ateneo de Manila University. Prior to joining CTS Global Equity Group, Inc., he was part of COL Financial Group, Inc. as an Investment Analyst. Mr. Gomez is also a Senior Faculty Instructor at the Caylum Trading Institute, Inc. since 2013.

Mark Jason C. Mariposa

Head of Macroeconomics

Mark Jason C. Mariposa, 38, Filipino, is a graduate of Bachelor of Science in Management minor in Financial Management in 2010 in which he graduated with honorable mention from the Ateneo de Manila University. He has also earned the right to use the Chartered Financial Analyst (CFA) Charterholder designation from the CFA Institute since 2015.

Lorena E. Velarde

Associated Person

Lorena E. Velarde, 54, Filipino, is an Associated Person of CTS and currently serves as the Chief Financial Officer of COL Financial Group, Inc. She also holds the position of Treasurer for COL Investment Management, Inc., COL Equity Index Unitized Mutual Fund, Inc., and COL Strategic Growth Equity Unitized Mutual Fund, Inc. With a career spanning key leadership roles in accounting, Ms. Velarde has gained extensive experience in financial planning, fund management, and operational oversight. She began her professional journey at SyCip Gorres Velayo & Co., where she honed her expertise in tax, accounting, and financial reporting. Ms. Velarde graduated from University of Santo Tomas, and is a Certified Public Accountant.

Juan Carlos Aquino

Associated Person

Juan Carlos G. Aquino, 42, Filipino, is a Bachelor of Science in Management Engineering minor in Finance graduate from the Ateneo de Manila University in 2004. After graduating, he joined CTS Global Equity Group, Inc. as a Financial Analyst and is currently the appointed Associated Person since 2015, and Compliance Officer for Privacy and Chief Compliance Officer of CTS.

Sharon T. Lim

Corporate Secretary

Sharon T. Lim, 45, Filipino, was appointed as Corporate Secretary in November 2018. She is the VP and Head of the Legal and Compliance Department of COL Financial Group, Inc. and she was the Head of its Human Resources Department from 2016 to 2019. She also serves as the Corporate Secretary of COL Financial Group, Inc., COL Equity Index Unitized Mutual Fund, Inc. COL Strategic Growth Equity Unitized Mutual Fund, Inc., and COL Investment Management, Inc. Atty. Lim was previously a Senior Associate of Puyat, Jacinto, and Santos Law Offices and an Associate of Picazo Buyco Tan Fider and Santos Law Offices. She graduated with a degree of Bachelor of Science in Management Engineering at the Ateneo de Manila University, Bachelor of Laws at the University of the Philippines,

and Master of Laws (Corporate & Financial Services Law) at the National University of Singapore. She was admitted to the Philippine Bar in 2007, is a licensed Associated Person of COL Financial Group, Inc. and a Certified Privacy Information Manager.

Stephanie Faye B. Reyes

Assistant Corporate Secretary

Stephanie Faye B. Reyes, 36, Filipino, was appointed as Assistant Corporate Secretary in 2018. She is also the AVP - Legal Deputy Head and Assistant Corporate Secretary of COL Financial Group, Inc. Previously, she was a Junior Associate at Paredes Garcia & Golez Law Offices and Chan Robles and Associates. She graduated with a Juris Doctor degree from the University of the Philippines College of Law in 2014 and a degree in AB Interdisciplinary Studies from Ateneo de Manila University in 2010. She was admitted to the Philippine Bar in 2015 and is a licensed Associated Person.

Sanida C. Tan

Assistant Corporate Secretary

Sanida C. Tan, Filipino, 75, graduated from Centro Escolar University with an Associate Secretarial Course. Ms. Tan has been with CTS Global Equity Group, Inc. since 1986 and is currently the Assistant Corporate Secretary and Operations and Admin Manager of the Company.

ANNEX "B" CERTIFICATION ON GOVERNMENT EMPLOYMENT

CERTIFICATION

This_is_to certify that, upon review of the records of CTS Global Equity Group, Inc. (the "Corporation") in my possession, except for Mr. Emmanuel L. Samson who is currently a member of the Board of Trustees of the Government Service Insurance System ("GSIS"), none of the other members of the Corporation's Board of Directors, including its Independent Directors, hold any position or is employed by any government agency as of the date of this certification.

This certification is issued this March 2025 at Pasig City, Philippines.

SHARON T. LIM
Corporate Secretary

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 77 March 2025 at Pasig City, affiant exhibiting to me her Passport No. P7315563B issued at DFA Manila on 02 August 202).

Doc No. <u>[20]</u>; Page No. <u>27</u>; Book No. <u>6</u>; Series of 2025. ATTY. SEEPHANIE FAYE B. REYES

For the Cities of Pasig, San Juan and the Municipality of Pateros Expiring on 31 December 2026
Appointment No. 82 (2025-2026) Pasig City Roll No. 64239/IBP LRN 13768/RSM PTR No. 3039915/01.03.25/Pasig City MCLE Compliance No. VIII-0011510/04.14.28 2703C East Tower Tektite Towers (formerly PSE Centre), Exchange Road, Ortigas Center, Pasig City 1605

ANNEX "C"

CERTIFICATION OF INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR

I, MARTIN T. LEE, Filipino, of legal age, and a resident of No. 42 4th Street, New Manila, Quezon City, after having been duly sworn in accordance with law do hereby declare that:

- 1. I am an independent director of CTS Global Equity Group, Inc. and have been its independent director since 2012.
- I am not affiliated with any other company or organization.
- 3. I possess all the qualifications and, subject to the approval of the stockholders in the annual stockholders' meeting, none of the disqualifications to serve as an Independent Director of CTS Global Equity Group, Inc., as provided for in Section 38 of the Securities Regulation Code, its Implementing Rules and Regulations, and other SEC issuances.
- I am not related to any of the directors, officers, or substantial shareholders of CTS Global Equity Group, Inc. and its subsidiaries and affiliates, as defined under Rule 38.2.3 of the Implementing Rules and Regulations of the Securities Regulation Code.
- To the best of my knowledge, I am not subject of any pending criminal or administrative investigation or proceeding.
- 6. I shall faithfully and diligently comply with my duties and responsibilities as independent director under the Securities Regulation Code and its Implementing Rules and Regulations, Code of Corporate Governance, and other SEC issuances.

7.	I shall inform the corporate secretary of CTS Global Equity Group, Inc.	of any	changes
	in the abovementioned information within five days from its occurrence.		

Done this MAR 2 7 2025, at Pasig City.

2025

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN TO BEFORE ME this at Pasig City, affiant exhibited to me his Passport No. P5895103A issued at DFA NCR East on 03 Februar 2018.

Doc. No. _/09 Page No. 23 Book No. 6 Series of 2025.

ATTY. STEPHANIE FAYE B. REYES

For the Cities of Pasig, San Juan and the Municipality of Pateros Expiring on 31 December 2026 Appointment No. 82 (2025-2026) Pasig City Roll No. 64239/IBP LRN 13768/RSM PTR No. 3039915/01.03.25/Pasig City MCLE Compliance No. VIII-0011510/04.14.28 2703C East Tower Tektite Towers (formerly PSE

Centre), Exchange Road, Ortigas Center, Pasig City 1605

CERTIFICATION OF INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR

- I, <u>DONALD R. FELBAUM</u>, American, of legal age, and a resident of <u>Alexandra Condominium</u>, <u>29</u> <u>Meralco Avenue</u>, <u>Ortigas Center</u>, <u>Pasig City</u>, after having been duly sworn in accordance with law do hereby declare that:
 - 1. I am an independent director of <u>CTS Global Equity Group, Inc.</u> and have been its independent director since 30 April 2021.
 - 2. I am currently affiliated with the following companies or organizations:

Company/Organization	Position/Relationship	Period of Service
OPTEL Limited	Managing Director	1989 - Present
American Chamber of Commerce of the Philippines, Inc.	Ex-Officio Director	2017 – Present

- I possess all the qualifications and none of the disqualifications to serve as an Independent Director of <u>CTS Global Equity Group, Inc.</u>, as provided for in Section 38 of the Securities Regulation Code, its Implementing Rules and Regulations, and other SEC issuances.
- 4. I am not related to any of the directors, officers, or substantial shareholders of <u>CTS</u> <u>Global Equity Group, Inc. and its subsidiaries and affiliates</u>, as defined under Rule 38.2.3 of the Implementing Rules and Regulations of the Securities Regulation Code.
- To the best of my knowledge, I am not subject of any pending criminal or administrative investigation or proceeding.
- I shall faithfully and diligently comply with my duties and responsibilities as independent director under the Securities Regulation Code and its Implementing Rules and Regulations, Code of Corporate Governance, and other SEC issuances.
- 7. I shall inform the corporate secretary of <u>CTS Global Equity Group, Inc.</u> of any changes in the abovementioned information within five days from its occurrence.

Done this MAR 2 7 2025, at Pasig City.

ÓNALD R. FELBAUM

Affiant

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN TO BEFORE ME this exhibited to me his TIN 121-449-143.

at Pasig City, affiant

ATTY. SPEPHANIE FAYE B. REYES

For the Cities of Pasig, San Juan and the Municipality of Pateros Expiring on 31 December 2026
Appointment No. 82 (2025-2026) Pasig City Roll No. 64239/IBP LRN 13768/RSM PTR No. 3039915/01.03.25/Pasig City MCLE Compliance No. VIII-0011510/04.14.28 2703C East Tower Tektite Towers (formerly PSE Centre), Exchange Road, Ortigas Center, Pasig City 1605

CERTIFICATION OF INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS

- I, <u>EMMANUEL D. SAMSON</u>, Filipino, of legal age, and a resident of <u>1882 Sineguelas St.</u>, <u>Dasmariñas Village</u>, <u>Makati City</u>, after having been duly sworn in accordance with law do hereby declare that:
 - I am an independent director of <u>CTS Global Equity Group</u>, <u>Inc.</u> and have been its independent director since 30 April 2021.
 - 2. I am currently affiliated with the following companies or organizations:

Company/Organization	Position/Relationship	Period of Service
Government Service	Member of the Board of	23 November 2023 - Present
Insurance System	Trustees	
(GSIS)		

- I possess all the qualifications and none of the disqualifications to serve as an Independent Director of <u>CTS Global Equity Group, Inc.</u>, as provided for in Section 38 of the Securities Regulation Code, its Implementing Rules and Regulations, and other SEC issuances.
- I am not related to any of the directors, officers, or substantial shareholders of <u>CTS</u>
 <u>Global Equity Group, Inc. and its subsidiaries and affiliates</u>, as defined under Rule
 38.2.3 of the Implementing Rules and Regulations of the Securities Regulation Code.
- 5. To the best of my knowledge, I am not subject of any pending criminal or administrative investigation or proceeding.
- 6. I shall faithfully and diligently comply with my duties and responsibilities as independent director under the Securities Regulation Code and its Implementing Rules and Regulations, Code of Corporate Governance, and other SEC issuances.
- 7. I shall inform the corporate secretary of <u>CTS Global Equity Group, Inc.</u> of any changes in the abovementioned information within five days from its occurrence.

Done this MAR 2 7 2025, at Pasig City.

IMANUEL D. SAMSON

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN TO BEFORE ME this ______ at pasig City, affiant exhibited to me his Passport No. P6738519B issued at DFA Manila on 30 April 2021.

Doc. No. 108; Page No. 23; Book No. 6;

Series of 2025.

ATTY. SPEPHANIE FAYE B. REYES

For the Cities of Pasig, San Juan and the Municipality of Pateros Expiring on 31 December 2026
Appointment No. 82 (2025-2026) Pasig City Roll No. 64239/IBP LRN 13768/RSM PTR No. 3039915/01.03.25/Pasig City MCLE Compliance No. VIII-0011510/04.14.28 2703C East Tower Tektite Towers (formerly PSE Centre), Exchange Road, Ortigas Center, Pasig City 1605



Government Service Insurance System

Paseguruhan ng mga Naglilingkod sa Pamahalaan



MEMORANDUM

FOR

EMMANUEL L. SAMSON

Trustee

GSIS Board of Trustees

SUBJECT:

Re: Request for Approval to Accept Board Seat in CTS

Global Equity Group, Inc.

DATE

03 February 2025

This refers to the captioned Memorandum requesting approval to accept a Board Seat in CTS Global Equity Group, Inc. a company duly organized and supervised by the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Accordingly, said request is hereby approved subject to existing laws, rules, and regulations.

Thank you.

Rogolfo G. Del Rosario Jr.

Chairman

GSIS Board of Trustees

ANNEX "D" MANAGEMENT REPORT

I. Financial Statements

Please refer to the attached Audited Financial Statements as of December 31, 2024 attached as **Annex** "E".

II. Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following is a discussion and analysis of the financial performance of CTS Global Equity Group, Inc. ("Company"). The discussion aims to provide readers with an appreciation of its business model and the key factors underlying its financial results. The MD&A should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements of the Company filed as part of this report.

A. Company Overview

CTS Global Equity Group, Inc. ("CTS", or the "Company") was established to engage in the business of equities trading as a broker-dealer for the Philippine market, but through time, shifted focus to its proprietary trading deck for global equities. It uses its intellectual property assets, specifically on risk management, macroeconomics, fundamental, and technical analysis, to seek and capitalize on opportunities on a local and global scale through trading of equities listed in stock exchanges. With a combined experience of more than 100 years trading in the stock market, the proponents of the Company have developed a robust trading system that allows its traders to consistently generate returns on proprietary and client capital. The Company offers its brokerage services for securities and is listed in the Philippine Stock Exchange.

The Company's core competency was honed in the Philippine stock market and further developed overseas, particularly in the US, Hong Kong, and Japan stock markets. Through decades of active participation in these trading markets, the Company was able to develop and has continued to develop its intellectual property assets, thereby improving its competitive advantage. The Company successfully pivoted and maneuvered the challenges of the pandemic with the newly digitized training sessions, risk management monitoring, and fully automated analytics, leveling up the Company's operations.

The Company is a multi-asset firm primarily investing through fixed income and equities. Though the trading strategies on each equity are inherently diverse, the development and application of every distinct trading technique falls under the overarching trading system and rules of the FTSR Trading Framework. This framework has been developed for 40 years and is still constantly improved under the Caylum Trading Institute ("Caylum" or "CTI"), the Company's trading education partner.

The Company believes that its stock market expertise and training program are inestimable assets that can support its core vision of growing the number of traders in its pool while also being able to consistently preserve and grow the various assets under its management.

B. Business Model

The Corporation's business segments are:

Proprietary Trading. The Corporation has traders with exposure in multiple global markets including the United States, Hong Kong, Japan, Indonesia, and the Philippines. CTS' investment framework, which has been developed and refined for over the past forty years, allows the Corporation to

consistently generate return on proprietary capital. This business segment will remain to be the Corporation's largest revenue contributor in the foreseeable future. In this segment, the traders generate profits for the firm in exchange for overall trader development, risk infrastructure, proprietary capital, and compensated with a fixed salary and commissions.

Brokerage Services. As one of the PSE Trading Participants, CTS renders stock brokerage and dealership services at a fee for high-net-worth clients. Revenues from this side are in fixed commissions based on the transaction amounts. As a traditional broker, CTS clients place their buy or sell orders and receive confirmation of the execution of their transactions through licensed salesmen of the Corporation.

Investment Income. Aside from giving an overall guidance to the trading house's market and foreign exchange exposure, the Macroeconomics Desk and the Global Research team within CTS likewise invests in assets with a longer-term horizon. These teams specialize in conducting in-depth research to generate alpha.

C. Industry and Economic Review

The global financial markets in 2024 navigated persistent volatility but ended the year on a strong note as major central banks eased monetary policies. Emerging markets showed strength, particularly in the latter half of the year, supported by China's aggressive stimulus measures and recovering global demand. Interest rate cuts across major economies, including the U.S. and Eurozone, provided relief to fixed-income markets, while equities exhibited resilience amid sectoral divergences. The Federal Reserve ("Fed") cut interest rates by a total of 100 basis points throughout the year, aiming to support economic growth amid slowing inflation.

World indices recorded strong performance for the year, with the S&P 500 rising +23.3%.

Equities. Global equities experienced broad-based gains in 2024, driven by policy easing and improving corporate earnings. The U.S. stock market saw continued strength, though certain sectors exhibited mixed performance. Mega-cap technology stocks, also known as the "Magnificent 7," led market gains, though valuation concerns led to some volatility. Utilities and real estate outperformed due to lower interest rates, while the broader market experienced a brief setback in early Q2 following weaker-than-expected jobs data that raised concerns about a possible recession. However, sentiment rebounded as rate cuts took effect.

In the Asia-Pacific region, Japan's stock market was highly dynamic throughout the year. The Nikkei 225 reached a multi-decade high in Q2 before experiencing profit-taking in Q3. The Bank of Japan's gradual tightening approach caused fluctuations, but domestically oriented sectors, such as retail and infrastructure, held up well.

Southeast Asian markets had a mixed but generally positive year. Thailand and Indonesia posted solid equity market gains, while China's markets rebounded strongly after extensive government support measures, including fiscal incentives and interest rate reductions. Taiwan and South Korea faced occasional setbacks due to the global semiconductor cycle's impact on tech stocks.

Commodities. The commodities market saw a varied performance throughout 2024. Precious metals, like gold (+12.1%) and silver (+14.3%), rallied as the U.S. dollar weakened amid Fed rate cuts. Industrial metals, including copper and aluminum, saw moderate gains, reflecting a gradual recovery in global manufacturing activity. Oil prices experienced fluctuations, peaking in mid-year before retreating as global supply conditions stabilized. Agricultural commodities, such as coffee and sugar, remained strong driven by supply constraints in key producing regions.

Bonds. Fixed-income markets saw a resurgence in 2024 as major central banks transitioned from tightening to easing policies. The Federal Reserve's cumulative 100 basis points in rate cuts led to a drop in U.S. Treasury yields, while the yield curve steepened, signaling improved growth expectations. The European Central Bank and Bank of England also adjusted policies, aiding bond markets in their respective regions. A weakening U.S. dollar throughout the year provided an additional boost to emerging market bonds, with strong demand seen for Asian and Latin American sovereign debt.

Outlook for 2025. Looking ahead to 2025, financial markets are likely to continue adjusting to the evolving macroeconomic landscape, with investor focus on further monetary policy moves, corporate earnings, and geopolitical developments. The trajectory of inflation, global economic growth, and central bank policies will remain key market drivers in the coming year.

D. Business Review

1. Key Performance Indicators

	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
Revenue/ Capital	8.5%	5.4%
Gross Margin	51.2%	39.3%
Net Margin	39.7%	22.2%
Global Trading Revenues (in millions)	₽23.0	(P 20.1)
Local Trading Revenues (in millions)	₽40.1	₽20.6
Total Revenues (in millions)	₽162.5	₽103.7
Net Liquid Capital (in millions)	₽1,968.7	₽1,922.5
Risk-Based Capital Adequacy (RBCA) Ratio	1,317%	1,440%

CTS' **Revenues** grew to P162.5 million as of end 2024, up from P103.7 million in the previous year. **Revenue over capital** also rose to 8.5% as of end 2024 compared to 5.2% in the previous year. The 56.7% revenue growth was primarily driven by higher trading gains from both local and global markets, which reached P63.1 million in 2024, compared to P0.4 million trading gain recorded in the previous year. Meanwhile, interest income remained a significant contributor to revenue, though it declined slightly by 4.7% to P91.3 million.

Gross margin improved to 51.2% by the end of 2024, up from 39.3% in 2023, as revenue growth of P58.8 million outpaced the P16.4 million increase in cost of services. Operating costs also grew by P7.4 million. Driven primarily by higher trading gains, along with stable interest income and a moderate increase in costs and expenses, CTS' **net margin** strengthened to 39.7% as of end 2024, up from 22.2% in the previous year.

On April 13, 2022, CTS completed its initial public offering and for which CTS received net proceeds amounting to \$\mathbb{P}\$1,353.3 million. The additional capital provided CTS the opportunity in the advancement of its proprietary trading segment. As a result, CTS **net liquid capital** improved to \$\mathbb{P}\$1,968.7 million and \$\mathbb{P}\$1,922.5 million as of end 2024 and 2023, respectively.

CTS continued to meet the stringent rules of regulators in the Philippines. As of end 2024, CTS' **Risk Based Capital Adequacy Ratio** (RBCA) is 1,317%, which is considerably higher than the minimum requirement of 110.0%. The ratio ensures that the Company has sufficient capital to sustain operating losses, if any, while maintaining a safe and efficient market.

2. Other Financial Soundness Indicators

	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
Profitability ratios:		
Return on assets	2.83%	1.04%
Return on equity	3.14%	1.14%
Solvency and liquidity ratios:		
Current ratio	5.07	5.48
Debt-to-equity ratio	0.11	0.10

3. Material Changes in Financial Condition

a. 2024 vs. 2023

CTS' total assets expanded by 3.5% or by \$\mathbb{P}76.0\$ million, to \$\mathbb{P}2.3\$ billion as of the end of 2024, compared to its end 2023 level.

Cash and cash equivalents (including short-term time deposits) decreased by 8.2% to \$\frac{P}{440.3}\$ million as of end 2024 from \$\frac{P}{479.6}\$ million in 2023. This decrease was attributed to several factors, including income before tax of \$\frac{P}{59.5}\$ million, non-cash expense adjustments (such as depreciation, unrealized trading loss, and retirement expense) totaling \$\frac{P}{12.0}\$ million, non-cash income adjustment on unrealized foreign exchange gain of \$\frac{P}{17.2}\$ million, net increase in Philippine equity securities by \$\frac{P}{41.1}\$ million, increase in receivables from clearinghouse by \$\frac{P}{27.0}\$ million, payment of cash dividends to CTS stockholders amounting to \$\frac{P}{18.2}\$ million, and payments for leased office unit renovation costs and purchase of accounting and operations software amounting to \$\frac{P}{4.9}\$ million and \$\frac{P}{2.5}\$ million, respectively.

Financial assets at FVPL increased to \$\mathbb{P}65.4\$ million as of end 2024, up from \$\mathbb{P}7.0\$ million as of end 2023, primarily due to outstanding equity securities held locally and abroad.

Trade receivables stood at \$\mathbb{P}440.2\$ million as of end 2024, up from \$\mathbb{P}389.2\$ million as of end 2023. The account primarily consists of \$\mathbb{P}387.8\$ million deposit with other broker for trading in foreign markets and a \$\mathbb{P}29.5\$ million receivable from Philippine clearing house, which is typically settled on a \$T+2\$ basis.

Investments in government fixed-income securities decreased by 0.2% or by \$\mathbb{P}2.6\$ million, primarily due to mark-to-market gain of \$\mathbb{P}0.1\$ million as of end 2024 on government fixed-income securities classified as financial assets at fair value thru other comprehensive income ("FVOCI") and net bond amortization of \$\mathbb{P}2.6\$ million.

As of end 2024, investments in government fixed-income securities classified as financial assets at amortized cost (for held-to-maturity (HTM) investments) and financial assets at FVOCI (for purposes of collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets) amounted to \$\mathbb{P}464.5\$ million and \$\mathbb{P}787.2\$ million, respectively.

The interest rates of investments in government securities at amortized cost and at FVOCI ranges from 4.63% to 7.50% p.a. and 6.25% to 7.25% p.a., respectively. Additionally, cumulative unrealized gain on changes in fair value of financial assets at FVOCI amounted to ₱12.8 million as of end 2024.

CTS' investments in government fixed-income securities are part of CTS' strategy to enhance interest income and cover CTS' operating expenses as global inflation remains affecting market stability and debt securities market provided an alternative opportunity for fixed stream of income. Meanwhile, CTS maintains strong liquidity, with current assets—mainly cash and cash equivalents—sufficiently covering short-term obligations, resulting in a current ratio of 5.07.

CTS' risk management on its investments in government securities includes diversifying, managing the duration, assessing credit risk, actively monitoring (of economic indicators and economic developments), and sizing positions appropriately, to mitigate the risks and increase the likelihood of achieving CTS' investment objectives.

Property and equipment increased by 6.7% primarily due to additional renovation costs for leased office space amounting to $\mathbb{P}5.0$ million and depreciation of $\mathbb{P}4.2$ million. Investment property, on the other hand, decreased by 7.1%, due to $\mathbb{P}0.6$ million in depreciation. Intangible assets increased by 65.9% primarily due to purchase of new accounting and operations software amounting to $\mathbb{P}2.5$ million.

Net deferred tax assets increased by 27.1% to \$\text{P22.6}\$ million as of end 2024 compared to \$\text{P17.8}\$ million as of end 2023. The account comprises of deferred tax assets, mainly from CTS' net operating loss for carryover and retirement liability, amounting to \$\text{P28.0}\$ million and \$\text{P7.7}\$ million, respectively, and deferred tax liability, mainly from CTS' unrealized foreign exchange gains and unrealized gain on changes in fair value of financial assets at FVOCI, amounting to \$\text{P11.6}\$ million and \$\text{P3.2}\$ million, respectively.

Other current assets increased by 3.9% to ₱17.8 million as of end 2024 compared to ₱17.1 million as of end 2023. The account is generally composed of excess tax credit of ₱7.6 million and interest receivables of ₱7.5 million from government fixed-income investments. On the other hand, other noncurrent assets increased by ₱0.9 million mainly due to refundable clearing fund contributions as of end 2024.

Total liabilities rose by 14.9% to ₱220.9 million as of end 2024, up from ₱192.2 million as of end 2023. This increase was primarily driven by higher client cash balances due to net portfolio sales, as well as increase in accrued expenses and government payables, which were settled in the first quarter of 2025. Additionally, the retirement obligation increased by ₱3.3 million primarily due to current service cost and interest cost.

Stockholders' equity grew by 2.4% to 2.4% to 2.0 billion as of the end of 2024. This was driven primarily by 2.4% million in net income, partially offset by 2.4% million in cash dividends paid to CTS stockholders in June 2024.

b. 2023 vs. 2022

CTS's asset base slightly increased by 0.1% or by \$2.1\$ million to \$2.2\$ billion as of end 2023 compared to its end 2022 level.

Cash and cash equivalents (including short-term time deposits) slightly increased by 0.5% to P479.6 million as of end 2023 from P477.2 million in the previous year mainly due to the following: income before tax of P4.5 million, adjustment to income on noncash expenses such as depreciation, retirement expense, unrealized foreign exchange loss and unrealized trading loss totaling P10.5 million, net increase in equity securities held by P7.0 million, decrease in trade payables and other current liabilities by P21.2 million and P8.6 million, respectively, proceeds from maturity of an investment in government fixed-income security amounting to P50.0 million, additions to property equipment and intangible assets amounting to P3.2 million and P0.2 million, respectively, and payment of cash dividends to CTS stockholders amounting to P21.3 million.

Financial assets at FVPL increased to \$\mathbb{P}6.9\$ million as of end 2023, from \$\mathbb{P}1.4\$ million as of end 2022, mainly due to outstanding equity securities held locally.

Trade receivables stood at \$\mathbb{P}389.2\$ million as of end 2023, generally the same as of its end 2022 level. The account mainly pertains to deposits with other brokers to purchase equity securities in other foreign stock markets.

Investments in government fixed-income securities decreased by 1.6% or by \$\mathbb{P}\$21.0 million primarily due to maturity of a 3-year government fixed-income security last February 2023 amounting to \$\mathbb{P}\$50.0 million and partially offset by mark-to-market gain, net of tax, of \$\mathbb{P}\$23.6 million this period on government fixed-income securities classified as financial assets at fair value thru other comprehensive income (FVOCI).

As of end 2023, investments in government securities classified as financial assets at amortized cost (for held-to-maturity (HTM) investments) and financial assets at FVOCI (for purposes of collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets) amounted to \$\text{\$\text{\$}}464.1\$ million and \$\text{\$\text{\$}}790.1\$ million, respectively.

The interest rates of investments in government securities at amortized cost and at FVOCI ranges from 4.63% to 7.50% p.a. and 6.25% to 7.25% p.a., respectively. Additionally, cumulative unrealized gain on changes in fair value of financial assets at FVOCI amounted to \$\text{P12.7}\$ million as of end 2023.

CTS' investments in government fixed-income securities are part of CTS' strategy to boost interest income and cover CTS' operating expenses as global inflation remains affecting market stability and debt securities market provided an alternative opportunity for fixed stream of income. On the other hand, CTS' current liabilities or short-term obligations are sufficiently covered by current assets consisting mainly of cash and cash equivalents resulting in the current ratio of 5.48.

CTS' risk management on its investments in government securities includes diversifying, managing the duration, assessing credit risk, actively monitoring (of economic indicators and economic developments), and sizing positions appropriately, to mitigate the risks and increase the likelihood of achieving CTS' investment objectives.

Property and equipment increased by 39.9% mainly due to one (1) new leased office space and one (1) office space lease renewal amounting to P1.4 million and P2.1 million, respectively, which are booked as right-of-use assets under property and equipment. Investment property decreased by 6.7% due to depreciation of P0.7 million.

Net deferred tax asset increased by 221.0% to \$\mathbb{P}\$17.8 million as of end 2023 compared to \$\mathbb{P}\$5.5 million as of end 2022. The account comprises of deferred tax assets pertaining to CTS' net operating loss for carryover and retirement liability amounting to \$\mathbb{P}\$20.7 million and \$\mathbb{P}\$6.9 million, respectively, and deferred tax liability of \$\mathbb{P}\$11.6 million mainly due to unrealized gains on foreign exchange and changes in fair value of financial assets at FVOCI.

Other current assets decreased by 4.6% to \$\mathbb{P}17.1\$ million compared to \$\mathbb{P}17.9\$ million as of end 2022. The account is generally composed of interest receivables of \$\mathbb{P}7.0\$ million from government fixed-income investments and excess tax credit of \$\mathbb{P}7.7\$ million. On the other hand, other noncurrent assets slightly increased by \$\mathbb{P}0.9\$ million mainly due to refundable clearing fund contributions as of end 2023.

Total liabilities decreased by 8.7% to \$\mathbb{P}\$192.2 million from \$\mathbb{P}\$210.5 million as of end 2022. This was largely due to decline in payables to customers by \$\mathbb{P}\$21.2 million brought about by

deployment of their portfolio into the market, reduction in accrued expenses and government payables as end 2022 amounts were settled during the year, while retirement obligation increased by \$\mathbb{P}\$9.4 million as a result of remeasurement loss, current service and interest cost.

Stockholders' equity went up by 1.0% to \$\text{P}2.0\$ billion as of end 2023 as a result of \$\text{P}23.0\$ million in net income as of end 2023, mark-to-market gain on investment in government fixed-income securities at FVOCI, net of tax, of \$\text{P}23.6\$ million, remeasurement loss on retirement benefit liability, net of tax, amounting to \$\text{P}4.9\$ million, and cash dividends paid to stockholders last July 2023 amounting to \$\text{P}21.3\$ million.

4. Material Changes in the Results of Operations

a. 2024 vs. 2023

CTS's revenues improved by 56.7% to \$\text{P}162.5\$ million as of end 2024, up from \$\text{P}103.7\$ million in 2023, driven primarily by higher trading gains of \$\text{P}63.1\$ million, compared \$\text{P}0.4\$ million recorded in the previous year. As previously noted, global financial markets posted broad gains in 2024, with the \$\text{S}\$\$\$P 500 climbing 23.3% and the Philippine Stock Exchange Index ("PSEi") rising 1.2%. These gains were driven by eased monetary policies and improved economic growth, while emerging markets also showed generally positive performance.

On the other hand, interest income from fixed-income securities and bank deposits declined slightly by 4.7% to \$\mathbb{P}91.3\$ million, as banks lowered their interest rates following a series of rate cuts by the local central bank, which reduced rates by a total of 75 basis points in 2024, bringing the policy rate to 5.75%.

Cost of services increased by 26.0%, or \$\mathbb{P}\$16.4 million, mainly due to higher commission expenses linked to trading gains and increased personnel costs recorded under cost of services. This was partially offset by a reduction in transaction costs related to trading.

With revenues outpacing the rise of cost of services, CTS' gross margin improved to 51.2% by the end of 2024, up from 39.3% in 2023, reflecting a gross margin increase to ₱83.1 million in 2024, compared to ₱40.7 million in 2023.

Operating expenses increased by 22.3%, or by P7.4 million, primarily due to higher personnel costs recorded under operating expenses, increased depreciation and higher utility and power costs.

On a consolidated basis, personnel costs stood at \$\mathbb{P}60.1\$ million in 2024, up from \$\mathbb{P}47.8\$ million in 2023. The increase was primarily due to the full-year impact of salary adjustments implemented in the fourth quarter of 2023, along with higher employee bonuses, reflecting the Company's improved earnings in 2024 compared to the previous year.

Other income for 2024 amounted to \$\mathbb{P}17.2\$ million, primarily from unrealized foreign exchange gains on the Company's foreign-currency deposits with a broker abroad. The exchange rates closed at \$\mathbb{P}58.014\$ and \$\mathbb{P}55.567\$ as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Supported by a higher margin, despite a moderate increase in operating expenses, CTS recorded an income before tax of \$\mathbb{P}59.5\$ million in 2024 compared to \$\mathbb{P}4.5\$ million in 2023.

The provision for current income tax of ₱0.1 million pertains to minimum corporate income tax. As of end 2024, the Company reported a net operating loss of ₱29.1 million for tax purposes, as interest income from investments in government fixed-income securities and short-term time deposits is subject to a 20% final tax and is therefore excluded from regular income

tax computation. Meanwhile, the provision for deferred income tax is mainly due to unrealized foreign exchange gains.

As a result of these factors, CTS' recorded a net income of ₽64.5 million in 2024, marking a 180.6% increase from ₽23.0 million in 2023.

b. 2023 vs. 2022

CTS's revenues improved by 18.2% to ₱103.7 million as of end 2023 from ₱87.8 million as of end 2022. The increase in mainly due to full year interest income from CTS' investments in government fixed-income securities, which were purchased in third and fourth quarter of 2022, and interest income from short-term time deposits, which grew to ₱64.2 million and ₱11.9 million, respectively. On the other hand, CTS booked ₱0.4 million in trading gains as market instability persisted following the US Fed's stance to keep interest rates higher for longer to combat inflation which negatively affected investor appetite for stocks.

Cost of services went down by 14.0% or by P10.3 million because of decrease in commission expenses (trader share in gains) as result of lower trading gains this year, while partially offset by higher broker transaction costs, and increase in personnel costs under cost of services.

As revenues grew at a faster pace compared to cost of services, gross margin improved to 39.3% in 2023 from 16.5% in 2022 or to \$\mathbb{P}40.7\$ million in 2023 from \$\mathbb{P}14.5\$ million last year.

Operating expenses increased by \$\mathbb{P}0.6\$ million as of end 2023 due to increase in personnel costs because of salary adjustments to trader and back-office personnel implemented at the start of the year and salary adjustments to officers in fourth quarter, increase in employee health insurance, and full-year impact of annual maintenance fee for listed companies. This was partially offset by savings from shift to less expensive internet service provider and decrease in professional fees this year due to one-time fee payment only last year for services in relation to IPO.

Personnel costs, booked under cost of services and operating expenses, increased to \$\mathbb{P}47.8\$ million compared to \$\mathbb{P}43.9\$ million of the same period last year.

Other losses as of end 2023 amounting to \$\text{P}2.9\$ million pertains to unrealized foreign exchange loss on the Company's foreign-currency denominated deposits with brokers abroad. The exchange rates closed at \$\text{P}55.57\$ and \$\text{P}7.11\$ per US\$1 and HK\$1 on December 31, 2023, respectively, and \$\text{P}56.12\$ and \$\text{P}7.19\$ per US\$1 and HK\$1 on December 31, 2022, respectively.

Despite higher gross profit by \$\mathbb{P}26.2\$ million and marginal increase in operating expenses by \$\mathbb{P}0.6\$ million, CTS booked an income before tax of \$\mathbb{P}4.5\$ million primarily due to lower trading gains.

The benefit from income tax of ₱18.5 million is mainly because of deferred tax asset booked amounting to ₱16.7 million on CTS' net operating loss available for carryover for tax purposes as of end 2023. The Company sustained a net operating loss position, for tax purposes, of ₱66.8 million as of end 2023 since the interest income from investments in government fixed-income securities and short-term time deposits are already subjected to 20% final tax and are therefore already exempt from normal income tax computation purposes.

As a result of the foregoing movements, CTS' reported a net income of \$\mathbb{P}23.0\$ million as of end 2023 primarily due to benefit from income tax of \$\mathbb{P}18.5\$ million and income before tax of \$\mathbb{P}4.5\$ million.

5. Other Matters

- a. CTS is not aware of any known trends, demands, commitments, events, or uncertainties that will have a material impact on the Company's liquidity.
- b. The Company does not anticipate any cash flow or liquidity problem in the next 12 months. The Company is not in default or breach of any indebtedness or financing arrangement requiring payments. The Company has paid its trade payables within the trade terms stated.
- c. CTS is not aware of any events that will trigger direct or contingent financial obligation that is material to the Company, including any default or acceleration of an obligation.
- d. CTS is not aware of any material off-balance sheet transactions, arrangements, obligations (including contingent obligations), and other relationships of the Company with unconsolidated entities or other persons created during the reporting period.
- e. CTS is not aware of any material commitments for capital expenditures.
- f. CTS is not aware of any known trends, events, or uncertainties that have had or that are reasonably expected to have a material favorable or unfavorable impact on net sales or revenues or income from continuing operations of the Company.
- g. CTS is not aware of any significant elements of income or loss that did not arise from the Company's continuing operations.
- h. CTS is not aware of any seasonal aspects that had a material effect on the financial condition or results of operations of the Company.

E. Future Growth Prospects

CTS is seeking new opportunities for growth and expansion in order to remain competitive. With this in mind, there are three key areas that hold particular promise for businesses looking to secure their future success: expansion into new markets, effective client handling management, and the pursuit of cross-asset opportunities.

First and foremost, expanding into new markets represents a significant opportunity for the business as expansion can help diversify current revenue streams, reduce dependence on a particular market, and better position themselves for long-term success.

In addition to expanding into new markets, effective client handling management is also crucial for a company's success. The ability to build strong, long-lasting relationships with clients is essential for retaining existing customers and attracting new ones. This requires delivering high-quality account management services in order for CTS to leverage on additional capital infusion.

Finally, cross-asset opportunities represent a third area of promise for businesses seeking to secure their future success. These opportunities arise when companies are able to identify ways to leverage their existing assets, such as their customer base, supply chain, or technology, in order to pursue new revenue streams. For example, a company that specializes in selling products online could look to expand into new markets by offering a complimentary service, such as product delivery or installation, to its existing customers. Alternatively, a company that has built a strong reputation for delivering high-quality products could leverage this reputation to expand into new product categories or service offerings.

F. Market Price and Dividends

1. Market Information

The common shares of CTS Global Equity Group, Inc. were listed at the PSE on April 13, 2022 under the ticker symbol "CTS". The total number of outstanding shares of CTS as of December 31, 2024 is 6,875,000,000 with a market capitalization of \$\mathbb{P}4.5\$ billion as of the end of 2024, based on the closing price of \$\mathbb{P}0.65\$ per share.

The high and low sales prices of CTS shares transacted at the PSE for each quarter within the last two (2) years are as follows:

	20	025	20	24	2023				
	<u>High</u>	Low	<u>High</u>	Low	High	Low			
1st Quarter	0.68	0.54	0.78	0.68	0.98	0.85			
2 nd Quarter	-	-	0.75	0.59	0.89	0.75			
3 rd Quarter	-	-	0.75	0.60	0.79	0.73			
4 th Quarter	-	-	0.77	0.54	0.83	0.73			

As of April 8, 2025, the closing price of CTS shares is ₱0.58 per share

2. Holders of Common Equity

As of February 28, 2025, there are four (4) holders of common shares of CTS. The top twenty (20) common shareholders of the Corporation are as follows:

	Name	No. of Common Shares Total	Percentage of Total Shares Outstanding held by each			
1	PCD Nominee Corporation	6,779,866,000	98.6162			
2	PCD Nominee Corporation	95,127,500	1.3837			
3	Ramos, Jennifer T.	4,000	0.0001			
4	Estate of Joseph C. Tan	2,500	0.0000			
	TOTAL	6,875,000,000	100.0000			

3. Dividends

a. Cash Dividends

Year	Amount / Share	Type	Ex-Date	Record Date	Payment Date
2024	₽0.000669	Regular	May 29, 2024	May 30, 2024	June 19, 2024
2024	₽0.001971	Special	May 29, 2024	May 30, 2024	June 19, 2024
2023	₽0.000776	Regular	June 6, 2023	June 9, 2023	July 5, 2023
2023	₽0.002328	Special	June 6, 2023	June 9, 2023	July 5, 2023

b. Dividend Policy

The Board of Directors of CTS, in its meeting held on 2023, approved a policy of declaring regular and special cash dividends. The Company's Revised Dividend Policy states as follows:

- i. That the amount of dividends will be reviewed periodically by the Board of Directors in light of the Corporation's earnings, financial condition, cash flows, capital requirements and other considerations while maintaining a level of capitalization that is commercially sound and sufficient to ensure that the Corporation can operate on a standalone basis.
- ii. That as much as practicable, the Corporation shall declare annual regular dividends in an amount not exceeding twenty percent (20%) of its audited net income after tax of the preceding fiscal year; provided that unless otherwise required by applicable law or regulation, the Board retains sole discretion to approve the declaration of dividends, together with the amount, type, and date of payment, based on their assessment of the investment plans and current financial condition of the Corporation and such other relevant factors as the Board deems appropriate.

4. Recent Sales of Unregistered or Exempt Securities

There was no sale of unregistered or exempt securities as of December 31, 2024.

5. Discussion on Compliance with leading practice on Corporate Governance

- a. Compliance with the Corporation's Corporate Governance Manual is being monitored regularly by the Compliance Officer. Orientation and workshop meetings are held to operationalize the Manual. As a guide, the Corporation uses the Corporate Governance Scorecard for Publicly-listed Companies as its evaluation system to measure level of compliance with its Manual.
- b. A continuing and on-going review and evaluation of the Corporation's key result areas and key performance indicators of all its departments are being closely monitored to ensure that measures are being undertaken to fully comply with the Corporation's adopted leading practices on good governance.
- c. There are no deviations from the Corporation's Manual on Corporate Governance that it is aware of.
- d. The Corporation continues to review and evaluate its policies and measures being undertaken to continue to adhere to the principles and practices of good corporate governance.

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ANNEX "E"

CTS GLOBAL EQUITY GROUP, INC.

Annual Stockholders' Meeting
May 10, 2024, Friday, 2:00 P.M.
conducted virtually via https://shareholders.ctsglobalgroup.com

Shareholders Present:

No. of Outstanding and Voting Shares

Percentage of Total

6,251,424,500

90.93%

Directors Present:

Alexander C. Yu

Vice-Chairman & Chairman of the Meeting

Hernan G. Lim
Raymond C. Yu
Catherine L. Ong
Lawrence C. Lee
Edmund C. Lee
Michelle Angeline N. Yu
Martin T. Lee

Director
Director
Director
Director
Director
Director

Martin T. Lee Donald R. Felbaum Emmanuel L. Samson Independent Director Independent Director Independent Director

Absent:

Edward K. Lee

Chairman

Also Present:

Sharon T. Lim

Corporate Secretary

Stephanie Faye B. Reyes

Assistant Corporate Secretary

1. Call to Order and Proof of Notice

The Chairman of the Meeting ("Chairman") called the meeting to order. The Corporate Secretary ("Secretary") reported that pursuant to the SEC Notice dated February 2024, stockholders as of record date of April 11, 2024 were notified of the meeting as follows:

- The Notice of the Meeting was published in the print and on-line business sections of two (2) newspapers of general circulation, namely:
 - The Daily Tribune on April 17 and 18, 2024; and
 - The Manila Times on: (a) April 17 and 18, 2024 on-line, and (b) on April 17 and 19, 2024 in print;
- The Notice of the Meeting and the link to the copy of the Information statement were furnished via courier; and
- Digital copies of the Company's Information Statement, Management Report, 2023 Annual Report, Notice and Agenda for the Stockholders' Meeting, and other pertinent documents were also uploaded in the Company's website and the PSE Edge.

2. Determination of Quorum, Instruction on Rules of Conduct and Voting Procedures

The Secretary certified that there was a quorum for the meeting. Out of the total authorized capital

stock of the Corporation of Six Billion Eight Hundred Seventy-Five Million (6,875,000,000) common shares, Six Billion Two Hundred Fifty-One Million Four Hundred Twenty-Four Thousand Five Hundred (6,251,424,500) shares constituting ninety point ninety-three percent (90.93%) of the subscribed and outstanding capital stock entitled to vote were present in the meeting.

Thereafter, the Secretary explained that the rules of conduct and voting procedures are set forth in the Definitive Information Statement. She highlighted, among others, the following points:

- Stockholders who registered in the ASM Portal by April 26, 2024 may send their questions or comments either by email or by inputting their questions or comments directly in the Portal in the space provided for in the tab marked as 'Legal'.
- There are five (5) resolutions, excluding the election of directors, proposed for adoption in the meeting.
- Stockholders who successfully registered in the ASM Portal may cast their votes on the proposed resolutions and in the election of directors through the ASM Portal until 3:00 pm of 10 May 2024.
- The votes cast as of April 26, 2024 after the end of the proxy validation process have been tabulated. These votes are from stockholders owning Six Billion Two Hundred Fifty-One Million Four Hundred Twenty-Four Thousand Five Hundred (6,251,424,500) voting shares, representing approximately One Hundred percent (100%) of the total voting shares represented in this meeting and ninety point ninety-three percent (90.93%) of the total outstanding voting shares. The results of the preliminary tabulation will be referred to throughout the meeting. However, the results of the final tabulation of votes with full details of the affirmative and negative votes and abstentions will be reflected in the minutes of the meeting.

3. Approval of the Minutes of the Previous Meeting

The Chairman presented the minutes of the previous stockholders' meeting held on May 12, 2023. The stockholders passed and approved the following resolution:

"RESOLVED, that the minutes of the meeting of the stockholders held on May 12, 2023 be, as it is hereby confirmed, ratified, and approved."

As tabulated by the Secretary, the votes on the motion for the approval of the minutes of the May 12, 2023 Stockholders' Meeting were as follows:

	Yes	No	Abstain
Approval of the Minutes of the Previous	6,251,342,500	:=:	82,000
Meeting			

4. Presentation of President's Report

The President, Mr. Lawrence C. Lee, gave the report on the Corporation.

5. Ratification of all Acts and Proceedings of the Board of Directors and Management for the Year 2023

The stockholders passed and approved the following resolution:

"RESOLVED, that all acts, investments, and resolutions of the Board of Directors and Management for the calendar year 2023 are hereby confirmed, ratified, and approved."

As tabulated by the Secretary, the votes on the motion for the ratification of all acts, investments, and resolutions of the Board of Directors and Management were as follows:

	Yes No	Abstain
Ratification of all acts, investments, and	6,251,342,500 -	82,000
resolutions of the Board and Management for		
2023		

6. Approval of the 2023 Audited Financial Statements

The stockholders passed and approved the following resolution:

"RESOLVED, that the audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2023 be hereby approved."

As tabulated by the Secretary, the votes on the motion for the approval of the 2023 Audited Financial Statements were as follows:

			Yes	No	Abstain
Approval of the	2023 Audite		6,251,342,500	.=	82,000
Statements					

7. Election of Directors for the year 2024 - 2025

The next item in the agenda was the election of Directors for the year 2024-2025. On behalf of the Nomination Committee, the Secretary reported that the committee received nominations for and prescreened the following persons as nominees of the Corporation's Board of Directors:

Mr. Edward K. Lee
Mr. Alexander C. Yu
Mr. Hernan G. Lim
Mr. Raymond C. Yu
Mr. Lawrence C. Lee
Ms. Catherine L. Ong
Mr. Edmund C. Lee
Mr. Martin T. Lee
Mr. Donald R. Felbaum
Mr. Emmanuel L. Samson; and
Ms. Michelle Angeline N. Yu

Three of the nominees were nominated as independent directors, namely, Mr. Martin T. Lee, Mr. Donald R. Felbaum, and Mr. Emmanuel L. Samson.

The Chairman requested the Secretary to report on the results of the election. The Secretary reported that based on the partial tabulation of votes, each of the nominees of directors garnered at least Six Billion One Hundred Seventy-Nine Million Three Hundred Thirty-Four Thousand Five Hundred (6,179,334,500) votes which represent ninety-eight point eighty-five percent (98.85%) of the total voting shares represented in the meeting. The Secretary certified that each nominee received sufficient votes for election to the Board.

The stockholders passed and approved the following resolution:

"RESOLVED, to elect the following as directors of the Corporation for the year 2024-2025:

Mr. Edward K. Lee
Mr. Alexander C. Yu
Mr. Hernan G. Lim
Mr. Raymond C. Yu
Mr. Lawrence C. Lee
Ms. Catherine L. Ong
Mr. Edmund C. Lee
Mr. Martin T. Lee
Mr. Donald R. Felbaum
Mr. Emmanuel L. Samson; and
Ms. Michelle Angeline N. Yu"

After final tabulation by the Secretary, it was determined that each nominee received the following number of votes:

1.	Edward K. Lee	6,297,584,500
2.	Alexander C. Yu	6,509,334,500
3.	Hernan G. Lim	6,179,334,500
4.	Raymond C. Yu	6,179,334,500
5.	Lawrence C. Lee	6,189,009,500
6.	Catherine L. Ong	6,188,574,500
7.	Edmund C. Lee	6,188,459,500
8.	Martin T. Lee	6,188,334,500
9.	Donald R. Felbaum	6,179,334,500
10.	Emmanuel L. Samson	6,188,334,500
11.	Michelle Angeline N. Yu	6,188,334,500

8. Approval of the Extension of Term of Independent Director, Mr. Martin T. Lee

The stockholders passed and approved the following resolution:

"RESOLVED, that the stockholders of the Corporation hereby approve the extension of term of Mr. Martin T. Lee as Independent Director for the year 2024-2025."

As tabulated by the Secretary, the votes on the motion for the extension of term of Mr. Martin T. Lee as independent director were as follows:

	Yes	No	Abstain
Approval of the Extension of Term of Independent	6,251,384,500	-	40,000
Director, Mr. Martin T. Lee			

9. Appointment of External Auditor

The stockholders re-appointed Reyes Tacandong & Company as the Corporation's external auditor by approving the following resolution:

"RESOLVED, that Reyes Tacandong & Company, Certified Public Accountants, be, as they are hereby, re-appointed as external auditors of the Company for the year 2024-2025."

As tabulated by the Secretary, the votes on the motion for re-appointment of the external auditor of the Corporation for the year 2024-2025 were as follows:

	Yes	No	Abstain
Appointment of External Auditor	6,248,234,500	-	3,190,000

10. Other Matters and Adjournment

a. 2024 Regular and Special Cash Dividends

The Chairman informed the stockholders that the Board approved the declaration of cash dividends to all stockholders of record as of May 30, 2024, as follows: Php0.000669 per share as regular cash dividend and Php0.001971 per share as special cash dividend or a total of Php0.002640 per share for the year. The dividends will be paid on June 19, 2024.

No questions were raised by the stockholders. There being no other matters to take up, the meeting was adjourned.

ATTY. SHARON T. LIN Corporate Secretary

Attested by:

(originally signed)

ALEXANDER C. YU

Chairman of the Meeting

Annex A

Attendance of Stockholders CTS Global Equity Group, Inc. 2024 Annual Stockholders' Meeting 10 May 2024

- A. COL FINANCIAL GROUP, INC.
- B. CITIBANK N.A.
- C. CTS GLOBAL EQUITY GROUP, INC. (held for the following beneficial owners):
 - 1. MARAVILLA, A. or MARAVILLA, L.
 - 2. DELA CRUZ, A.
 - 3. LIM-KIT, A. D.
 - 4. ANG, AL. K.
 - 5. ANG, AND. K.
 - 6. DE LOS SANTOS, E.
 - 7. ANG, ANT. K.
 - 8. ANG, V.
 - 9. CHUA, C. C.
 - 10. ONG, A. L.
 - 11. BARRINGTON CARPETS, INC.
 - 12. ONG, C. S. L.
 - 13. ONG, C. L.
 - 14. CEDARSIDE HOLDINGS CORPORATION
 - 15. CITIMEX, INC.
 - 16. ONG, E. L.
 - 17. ONG, L. S.
 - 18. ONG, M. L.
 - 19. ONG, P.
 - 20. TERMULO JR., B. C.
 - 21. IMPERIAL, B. S.
 - 22. GOMEZ, B. S.
 - 23. CHAVEZ, C.
 - 24. GRAFIA, C.
 - 25. GO, D. P.
 - 26. TAN, E. L.
 - 27. BUHANGIN, E.
 - 28. ABUG, G. S.
 - 29. CHUAN, J.

 - 30. GERMAN, J. M.
 - 31. MABUNGA, J. R.
 - 32. AQUINO, J.
 - 33. CHUA, L. C.
 - 34. CASINO, M. T. or CASIÑO II, A.
 - 35. TEJONES, M. G.
 - 36. SY, M. N.
 - 37. JORDAN, M.
 - 38. ZAMORA, N. M.
 - 39. SANCHEZ, P. D.
 - 40. DEL ROSARIO, Q.
 - 41. JAYOMA, R.
 - 42. TAGAYLO, R. Y.

- 43. PACHECO, R.
- 44. TAN, S. C.
- 45. LORENZO, S. K.
- 46. QUEVEDO, T. L.
- 47. LEE, E. K.
- 48. MARIPOSA, M. C. or MARIPOSA, S.
- 49. CHAN, S. N.
- 50. LEE, L. C.
- 51. GARCIA, M.
- 52. YU, A. C.
- 53. YU, D. C.
- 54. YU, M. N.
- 55. YU, R. C.
- 56. TEO, R. G.
- 57. CHAN, T. L.

ANNEX "F"

COVER SHEET

for **AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

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l	27/F East Tower, Tektite Towers, Exchange Road, Ortigas Center, Pasig City																																		

NOTE 1: In case of death, resignation or cessation of office of the officer designated as contact person, such incident shall be reported to the Commission within thirty (30) calendar days from the occurrence thereof with information and complete contact details of the new contact person designated.

NOTE 2: All boxes must be properly and completely filled-up. Failure to do so shall cause the delay in updating the corporation's records with the Commission and/or non-receipt of Notice of Deficiencies. Further, non-receipt shall not excuse the corporation from liability for its deficiencies.

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DECEMBER 31, 2024

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REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Metro Manila, Philippines

COVER PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Rule 52.1-5 of the SRC.

Report for the Year Beginning January 1, 2024 and Ended December 31, 2024.

IDENTIFICATION OF BROKER OR DEALER

Name of Broker/Dealer:

CTS Global Equity Group, Inc.

Address of Principal Place of Business: 27/F East Tower Philippine Stock

Exchange Centre, Exchange Road

Ortigas Center, Pasig City

Name and Phone Number of Person to Contact in Regard to this Report:

Name: Lawrence C. Lee

Tel. No.:

(02) 8 635-5735

Fax No.:

(02) 8 634-6696

IDENTIFICATION OF ACCOUNTANT

Name of Independent Auditor whose opinion is contained in this report:

Name: Reyes Tacandong & Co.

Tel. No.:

(02) 8 982-9100

Fax No.:

(02) 8 982-9111

Address: 26th Floor BDO Towers Valero, 8741 Paseo de Roxas, Makati City

MARK CHRISTIAN M. ABABA

Partner

CPA Certificate No. 130245

Tax Identification No. 287-809-533-000

BOA Accreditation No. 4782/P-027; Valid until June 6, 2026

BIR Accreditation No. 08-005144-026-2024

Valid until March 26, 2027

PTR No. 10467117

Issued January 2, 2025, Makati City



CTS GLOBAL EQUITY GROUP, INC.

2701-B East Tower, Tektite Towers, Exchange Road,
Ortigas Center Pasig City 1605 Philippines
Trading Floor: (+632) 8-634-6696
Facsimile: (+632) 8-634-6696

Office: (+632) 8-635-5735 to 37

Helpdesk: (+632) 8-635-5735 Loc 407 to 408, inquiries@ctsglobalgroup.com

Website: www.ctsglobalgroup.com

PSE Trading Participant, SCCP & SIPF Member

Regulated by the SEC, Markets and Securities Regulation Department (msrdsubmission@sec.gov.ph)

STATEMENT OF MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The management of CTS Global Equity Group, Inc. (the Company) is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements including the schedules attached therein, as at December 31, 2024 and 2023 and for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, in accordance with the prescribed financial reporting framework indicated therein, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies, and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

The Board of Directors reviews and approves the financial statements including the schedules attached therein, and submits the same to the stockholders.

Reyes Tacandong & Co., the independent auditor appointed by the stockholders, has audited the financial statements of the Company in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing, and in its report to the stockholders, has expressed its opinion on the fairness of presentation upon completion of such audit.

Edward R. Lee

Chairman of the Board

Lawrence C. Lee

President

Edmund C. Lee

Chief Finance Officer

Signed this 4 th day of March 2025

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me this MAR 2 4 2025, at a city, affiants exhibited to me their respective passports, as follows:

<u>Name</u>	Passport No.	Date/Place Issued
Edward K. Lee	P5099380B	March 11, 2020/ DFA NCR East
Lawrence C. Lee	P6416803B	March 3, 2021/DFA NCR East
Edmund C. Lee	P8037570B	October 29, 2021/DFA Manila

Doc. No. : **%** Page No. : **19** Book No. : 4 Series of 2025

ATTY. SPEPHANIE FAYE B. REYES For the Cities of Pasig, San Juan and the Municipality of Pateros
Expiring on 31 December 2026
Appointment No. 82 (2025-2026) Pasig City
Roll No. 64239/IBP LRN 13768/RSM
PTR No. 3039915/01.03.25/Pasig City
MCLE Compliance No. VIII-0011510/04.14.28

2703C East Tower Tektite Towers (formerly PSE Centre), Exchange Road, Ortigas Center, Pasig City 1605



BDO Towers Valero 8741 Paseo de Roxas Makati City 1209 Philippines Phone : +632 8 982 9100

+632 8 982 9111 Website www.reyestacandong.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Stockholders and the Board of Directors CTS Global Equity Group, Inc. 27/F East Tower, Philippine Stock Exchange Centre, Exchange Road, Ortigas Center, Pasig City

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of CTS Global Equity Group, Inc. doing business under the names and styles of CTS Global, CTS Global Equities, CTS Global Securities, CTS Securities, and Citisecurities (the Company), which comprise the statements of financial position as at December 31, 2024 and 2023, and the statements of comprehensive income, statements of changes in equity, and statements of cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023, and 2022, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of material accounting policy information.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as at December 31, 2024 and 2023, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022 in accordance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRS) Accounting Standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing (PSA). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants in the Philippines (Code of Ethics) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audits of the financial statements in the Philippines, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audits of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audits of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.





Accounting for the Use of the Proceeds from the Initial Public Offering (IPO)

The shares of stock of the Company were listed in the Philippine Stock Exchange, Inc. on April 13, 2022. The proceeds from the IPO amounted to ₱1,353.3 million, net of offer expenses incidental to the IPO amounting to ₱21.7 million. The accounting for the use of the proceeds is significant to our audit because the unapplied proceeds amounting to ₱781.2 million, which are maintained in the Company's cash in bank and certain investments in government securities as at December 31, 2024 represent 34% of the total assets. Moreover, the Company is required to adhere to the use of the proceeds pursuant to the Offering Circular.

Our procedures included, among others, obtaining confirmation from the banks and examining the underlying documents to substantiate the cash in bank and investments in government securities, and checking the nature and validating the underlying documents supporting the actual disbursements of the proceeds.

Necessary disclosures are included in Note 1, Corporate Information and Note 4, Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the SEC Form 20-IS (Definitive Information Statement), SEC Form 17-A, and Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2024, but does not include the financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. The SEC Form 20-IS (Definitive Information Statement), SEC Form 17-A, and Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2024 are expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditors' report.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audits of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audits, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with PFRS Accounting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.



In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with PSA will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, these could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with PSA, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the
 disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events
 in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audits.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Mark Christian M. Ababa.

REYES TACANDONG & CO.

Mark Christian M. Obsts

MARK CHRISTIAN M. ABABA

Partner

CPA Certificate No. 130245

Tax Identification No. 287-809-533-000

BOA Accreditation No. 4782/P-027; Valid until June 6, 2026

BIR Accreditation No. 08-005144-026-2024

Valid until March 26, 2027

PTR No. 10467117

Issued January 2, 2025, Makati City

March 14, 2025 Makati City, Metro Manila

CTS GLOBAL EQUITY GROUP, INC. STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

	!			December 31	31		
			2024			2023	
			Security Valuation	tion		Security Valuation	ation
	Note	Money Balance	Long	Short	Money Balance	Long	Short
ASSETS					į		
Current Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	9	P440,287,230			P479,631,777		
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL)	7	65,382,724	P65,382,724		6,922,944	P6,922,944	
Trade receivables	∞	440,150,621	69,949,250		389,213,791	14,603,187	
Other current assets	10	17,788,920			17,126,605		
Total Current Assets		963,609,495			892,895,117		
Noncurrent Assets							
Investments in government securities	6	1,251,635,729			1,254,194,118		
Intangible assets	Ħ	4,668,775			2,813,671		
Property and equipment	17	13,407,642			12,569,216		
Investment property	13	8,356,726			8,999,549		
Net deferred tax assets	21	22,602,772			17,780,140		
Other noncurrent assets	14	13,277,080			12,331,950		
Total Noncurrent Assets	•	1,313,948,724			1.308.688.644		
Total Assets		R2,277,558,219			P2,201,583,761		
Securities in Vault Transfer Offices and Philippine							
Denocitors and Truck Corporation				200 000 000			010 210 010
Depository and react colporation				F0,320,332,243			F10,402,214,918
LIABILITIES AND EQUIT							
Current Liabilities							
Trade payables	. 15	F172,519,052	8,185,660,269		P151,504,646	10,380,688,787	
Lease liabilities - current portion	20	1,820,166			1,998,815		
Other current liabilities	16	15,621,883			9,296,718		
Total Current Liabilities		189,961,101]	162,800,179		
Noncurrent Liabilities					:		
Lease liabilities - net of current portion	20	14,850			1,762,958		
Net retirement benefit liability	19	30,924,504			27,620,668		
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		30,939,354			29,383,626		
Total Liabilities		220,900,455			192,183,805		
Equity							
Capital stock	4	687,500,000			687,500,000		
Additional paid-in capital		1,223,556,878			1.223.556.878		
Retained earnings:							
Appropriated	4	14,227,456			11,927,718		
Unappropriated		119,831,530			75,747,336		
Other equity reserves		11,541,900			10,668,024		
Total Equity		2,056,657,764			2,009,399,956		
Total Liabilities and Equity		P2,277,558,219	P8,320,992,243	P8,320,992,243	P2,201,583,761	P10.402.214.918	P10.402.214.918

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

CTS GLOBAL EQUITY GROUP, INC.

STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

			Years Ended Dece	mber 31
	Note	2024	2023	2022
REVENUES				
Interests	6	P91,285,657	₽95,744,802	₽40,145,578
Trading gains on financial assets at FVPL - net	7	63,065,481	427,861	32,466,943
Commissions	,	4,283,997	5,290,848	11,541,693
Dividends	7	3,489,399	2,245,411	3,596,309
Client advisory income	,	369,989		-
		162,494,523	103,708,922	87,750,523
COCTE OF CERVICES				
COSTS OF SERVICES	10	40 452 024	22 470 440	20 470 022
Personnel costs	18	40,162,024	32,179,119	29,179,822
Commissions		18,315,217	9,164,180	24,962,591
Transaction costs		13,432,625	15,289,311	12,668,401
Research		2,665,112	2,533,446	2,496,028
Stock exchange dues and fees		2,660,082	1,710,872	2,039,309
Communications		1,186,903	1,070,503	822,178
Central depository fees		931,017	1,033,088	1,094,279
		79,352,980	62,980,519	73,262,608
GROSS PROFIT		83,141,543	40,728,403	14,487,915
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Personnel costs	18	19,898,695	15,630,803	14,754,297
Condominium dues, power and water	10	2,337,705	1,765,817	1,831,406
Insurance and bonds		2,328,142	2,012,702	1,606,806
Trainings and seminars		1,628,396	871,720	699,909
Professional fees		1,349,000	1,577,540	2,887,500
Security and other manpower services		1,198,973	1,198,946	1,316,913
Taxes and licenses		1,198,973 897,471	1,147,627	1,120,477
Communications		-	834,744	
		825,554 324,482	·	1,214,436 29,999
Membership fees		•	280,000	•
Office supplies		316,989	233,354	334,667
Repairs and maintenance		244,708	123,627	198,750
Escrow fees Directors' fees		180,000	241,329	311,027
		115,000	120,000	75,000
Others		1,681,587	1,547,924	1,116,021
		33,326,702	27,586,133	27,497,208
Depreciation and amortization	11	5,531,774	4,375,475	4,288,518
Interest expense	•	1,932,992	1,389,532	1,081,100
Reversal of credit losses	8	(2,740)	(7,028)	(135,506)
		40,788,728	33,344,112	32,731,320
OTHER INCOME (LOSSES)				
Foreign exchange gains (losses) - net		17,193,743	(2,860,563)	71,704,320
Gain on sale of property and equipment	12	446	1,786	_
		17,194,189	(2,858,777)	71,704,320
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX		P59,547,004	₽ 4,525,514	₽53,460,915
HICOMIE DELONE HICOMIE IMA		FUJ,U47,004	F4,343,314	-20, 1 00,213

(Forward)

		•	Years Ended Dece	mber 31
	Note	2024	2023	2022
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX		₽ 59,54 7 ,004	₽4,525,514	₽53,460,915
INCOME TAX EXPENSE (BENEFIT)	21			
Current		126,996	-	265,860
Deferred		(5,113,924)	(18,471,870)	957,930
		(4,986,928)	(18,471,870)	1,223,790
NET INCOME		64,533,932	22,997,384	52,237,125
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)				
To be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods	9			
Unrealized gain (loss) on changes in fair value of debt securities at fair value through				
other comprehensive income (FVOCI)		70,123	31,434,075	(18,686,007)
Deferred income tax benefit (expense)		(17,531)	(7,858,519)	4,671,502
		52,592	23,575,556	(14,014,505)
Not to be reclassified to profit or loss on				
subsequent periods	19			
Remeasurement gain (loss) on net retirement				
benefit liability		1,095,045	(6,510,056)	4,775,938
Deferred income tax benefit (expense)		(273,761)	1,627,514	(1,193,985)
		821,284	(4,882,542)	3,581,953
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		P65,407,808	₽ 41,690,398	₽41,804,573
Basic/Diluted Earnings Per Share	22	P0.0094	₽0.0033	₽0.0081

 ${\it See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.}$

CTS GLOBAL EQUITY GROUP, INC.

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024, 2023 AND 2022

							ŏ	Other Equity Reserves	"	
							Cumulative			
						D	Unrealized Gains	Cumulative		
							(Losses) on	(Losses) on Remeasurement		
							Changes	Gains on		
							in Fair Value of	Net Retirement		
							Financial Assets	Benefit Liability		
			Additional		Retained Earnings	e	at FVOCI (net of	(net of		
	Note	Capital Stock	Paid-In Capital	Appropriated	Appropriated Unappropriated	Total	deferred tax)	deferred tax)	Total	Total Equity
Balances at December 31, 2023		P687,500,000	P687,500,000 P1,223,556,878	P11,927,718	P75,747,336	P 87,675,054	P9,561,051	P1,106,973	P10,668,024	P10,668,024 P2,009,399,956
Net income		1	1	!	64,533,932	64,533,932	1	1	ı	64,533,932
Dividend declaration	4	ı	1	1	(18,150,000)	(18,150,000)	1	1	1	(18,150,000)
Appropriation	4	ı	ı	2,299,738	(2,299,738)	1	I	ı	ı	1
Other comprehensive income	9, 19	1	1	1	1	1	52,592	821,284	873,876	873,876
Balances at December 31, 2024		P687,500,000 P1,	P1,223,556,878	P14,227,456	P119,831,530	P134,058,986	P9,613,643	P1,928,257	P11,541,900	P11,541,900 P2,056,657,764
Balances at December 31, 2022		P687,500,000 P1,	P1,223,556,878	86,704,006	P79,313,664	₽86,017,670	(R14,014,505)	P5,989,515	(88,024,990)	(R8,024,990) P1,989,049,558
Net income		1	I	1	22,997,384	22,997,384	ı	1	1	22,997,384
Dividend declaration	4	1	1	l	(21,340,000)	(21,340,000)	1	ı	ı	(21,340,000)
Appropriation	4	1	ı	5,223,712	(5,223,712)	ı	1	ı	ı	1
Other comprehensive income (loss)	9, 19	ı	ı	l	1	•	23,575,556	(4,882,542)	18,693,014	18,693,014
Balances at December 31, 2023		P687,500,000 P1,	P1,223,556,878	P11,927,718	P75,747,336	F 87,675,054	P9,561,051	₽1,106,973	₽10,668,024	P2,009,399,956

							ŏ	Other Equity Reserves		
						•	Cumulative			
							Unrealized	Cumulative		
							Losses on	Losses on Remeasurement		
							Changes	Gains on		
							in Fair Value of Net Retirement	Net Retirement		
						_	Financial Assets Benefit Liability	Benefit Liability		
			Additional		Retained Earnings		at FVOCI (net of	(net of		
	Note	Capital Stock	Capital Stock Paid-In Capital	Appropriated	Appropriated Unappropriated	Total	Total deferred tax) deferred tax)	deferred tax)	Total	Total Total Equity
Balances at December 31, 2021		P550,000,000	a.	84,689,519	#29,091,026	P33,780,545	ak	#2,407,562	P2,407,562	P586,188,107
Issuances of capital stock	4	137,500,000	1,237,500,000	1	I	1	ı	1	1	1,375,000,000
Stock issuance costs	4	ı	(13,943,122)	I	ı	I	I	ı	ı	(13,943,122)
Net income		t	1	l	52,237,125	52,237,125	ı	I	ı	52,237,125
Appropriation	4	ı	ı	2,014,487	(2,014,487)	1	1	1	ı	ı
Other comprehensive income (loss)	9,19	1	I	l	•	ı	(14,014,505)	3,581,953	(10,432,552)	(10,432,552) (10,432,552)
Balances at December 31, 2022		P687,500,000	P687,500,000 P1,223,556,878	₽6,704,006	P6,704,006 P79,313,664 P86,017,670 (P14,014,505)	P86,017,670	(P14,014,505)	P5,989,515	(P8,024,990)	(P8,024,990) P1,989,049,558

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

CTS GLOBAL EQUITY GROUP, INC.

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

· · · ·				
	Note	2024	2023	2022
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Income before income tax		P59,547,004	P4,525,514	₽53,460,915
Adjustments for:				
Interest income	6	(91,285,657)	(95,744,802)	(40,145,578)
Unrealized foreign exchange losses (gains) -		• • • •		
net		(17,193,743)	2,860,563	(31,479,210)
Depreciation and amortization	11	5,531,774	4,375,475	4,288,518
Unrealized fair value losses on financial				
assets at FVPL - net	7	3,766,622	1,454,215	255,110
Dividend income	7	(3,489,399)	(2,245,411)	(3,596,309)
Retirement expense	18	2,686,399	1,839,752	2,248,659
Interest expense		1,889,849	1,389,532	1,081,100
Reversal of credit losses	8	(2,740)	(7,028)	(135,506)
Gain on sale of property and equipment	12	(446)	(1,786)	-
Operating loss before working capital changes		(38,550,337)	(81,553,976)	(14,022,301)
Decrease (increase) in:				
Financial assets at FVPL		(57,011,732)	(7,001,534)	(1,628,674)
Trade receivables		(38,728,960)	(2,824,017)	49,022,921
Other current assets		(240,020)	349,550	(1,200,816)
Other noncurrent assets		(945,130)	(942,631)	(858,571)
Increase (decrease) in:				
Trade payables		21,014,406	(21,173,950)	(158,417,694)
Other current liabilities		6,325,165	(8,564,435)	8,938,238
Net cash used for operations		(108,136,608)	(121,710,993)	(118,166,897)
Interest received		93,375,913	98,734,448	33,918,258
Dividend received		3,529,530	2,209,915	3,596,309
income taxes paid		(20,537)	(36,712)	(25,776)
Contributions to retirement plan	19	-	(300,000)	_
Net cash used in operating activities		(11,251,702)	(21,103,342)	(80,678,106)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Acquisitions of:				
Property and equipment	12	(4,936,660)	(3,213,295)	(233,174)
Intangible assets	11	(2,532,500)	(247,200)	(988,800)
Investments in government securities	9	(2,332,300)		(1,244,701,810)
Proceeds from:	,	-	_	(2)277,101,010
Maturity of investment in government				
securities	9	_	50,000,000	_
Sale of equipment	12	446	1,786	_
Net cash provided by (used in) investing		440	1,700	

(7,468,714) 46,541,291 (1,245,923,784)

(Forward)

activities

Voore	Ended	Decem	her 21

			rears chueu Dec	EIIIDEI JI
		2024	2023	2022
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Payments of dividends	4	(P18,150,000)	(P21,340,000)	₽⊸
Payments of lease liabilities	20	(2,217,445)	(1,536,300)	(1,429,926)
Proceeds from capital stock issuances	4	-	_	1,375,000,000
Payments of stock issuance costs	4		-	(13,943,122)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing			· · ·	
activities		(20,367,445)	(22,876,300)	1,359,626,952
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(39,087,861)	2,561,649	33,025,062
EFFECTS OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES ON CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(256,686)	(120,568)	(133,742)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		479,631,777	477,190,696	444,299,376
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT				
END OF YEAR	6	P440,287,230	₽479,631,777	₽477,190,696

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

CTS GLOBAL EQUITY GROUP, INC.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023 AND FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024, 2023 AND 2022

1. Corporate Information

CTS Global Equity Group, Inc. (the Company), doing business under the trade names and styles of CTS Global, CTS Global Equities, CTS Global Securities, CTS Securities, and Citisecurities doing business under the trade names and styles of CTS Global, CTS Global Equities, CTS Global Securities, CTS Securities, and Citisecurities, was incorporated and registered with the Philippine Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) on October 22, 1975. The Company is a licensed broker/dealer of securities with the SEC, and both a stockholder and holder of a trading right of the Philippine Stock Exchange (PSE).

On April 13, 2022, the Company was listed in the PSE under the stock symbol CTS. The Company listed 1,375.0 million common shares at an offer price of \$\mathbb{P}1.00 per share (see Note 4).

The registered office address of the Company is 27/F East Tower, Philippine Stock Exchange Centre, Exchange Road, Ortigas Center, Pasig City.

The financial statements of the Company as at December 31, 2024 and 2023 and for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022 were approved and authorized for issue by the BOD on March 14, 2025, as recommended for approval by the Audit Committee on the same date.

2. Summary of Material Accounting Policy Information

Basis of Preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRS) Accounting Standards issued by the Philippine Financial and Sustainability Reporting Standards Council and adopted by the SEC. This financial reporting framework includes PFRS, Philippine Accounting Standards (PAS) and Philippine Interpretation from International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee (IFRIC).

The statements of financial position contain some additional information in line with the requirements of Rule 52.1 of the Implementing Rules and Regulations of the Securities Regulation Code (SRC).

Measurement Bases

The financial statements are presented in Philippine Peso (Peso), the Company's functional currency. All values are stated in absolute amounts, unless otherwise indicated.

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for:

- Financial assets measured at FVPL;
- Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI);
- Retirement benefit liability that is carried at the present value of defined benefit obligation less fair value of plan assets; and
- Lease liabilities that are carried at initial recognition at the present value of the remaining lease payments, discounted using an appropriate discount rate.

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for an asset and fair value of the consideration received in exchange for incurring a liability. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

The Company uses observable market data to the extent possible when measuring the fair value of an asset or a liability. Fair values are categorized into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on inputs used in the following valuation techniques:

- Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable; or
- Level 3 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

If the inputs used to measure the fair value of an asset or a liability might be categorized in different levels of the fair value hierarchy, then the fair value measurement is categorized in its entirety in the same level of the fair value hierarchy as the lowest level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

The Company recognizes transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy at the end of the reporting period during which the change has occurred.

Further information about the assumptions made in measuring fair values is disclosed in the following notes to the financial statements:

- Note 5 Fair Value Measurement
- Note 7 Financial Assets at FVPL
- Note 9 Investments in Government Securities
- Note 13 Investment Property

Adoption of Amendments to PFRS Accounting Standards

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year. There are no issued amendments to PFRS Accounting Standards which are effective as at December 31, 2024, that has significant impact on the Company's financial statements.

New and Amendments to PFRS Accounting Standards in Issue But Not Yet Effective or Adopted

Relevant new and amendments to PFRS Accounting Standards, which are not yet effective as at December 31, 2024 and have not been applied in preparing the financial statements, are summarized below:

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2026:

• Amendments to PFRS 9, Financial Instruments, and PFRS 7, Financial Instruments: Disclosures – Classification and Measurement of Financial Assets – The amendments clarify that a financial liability is derecognized when the related obligation is discharged or cancelled, expires or otherwise qualifies for derecognition (e.g. settlement date), and introduce a policy option to derecognize financial liabilities settled through an electronic payment system before settlement date if the required conditions are met. The amendments also clarify the assessment of contractual cash flow characteristics of financial assets and the treatment of non-recourse loans and contractually linked instruments, as well as require additional disclosure requirements for financial assets and liabilities with contingent features and equity instruments classified at FVOCI. Earlier application is permitted.

- Annual Improvements to PFRS Accounting Standards Volume 11:
 - o Amendments to PFRS 7, Financial Instruments: Disclosures The amendments update and remove some obsolete references related to the gain or loss on derecognition on financial assets of an entity that has a continuing involvement and to the disclosure requirements on deferred differences between fair value and transaction price. The amendments also clarify that the illustrative guidance does not necessarily illustrate all the requirements for credit risk disclosure. Earlier application is permitted.
 - o Amendments to PFRS 9, Financial Instruments Transaction Price and Lessee Derecognition of Lease Liabilities The amendments clarify that when a lessee has determined that a lease liability has been extinguished in accordance with PFRS 9, the lessee must apply the derecognition criteria for a financial liability which requires recognition of a gain or loss in profit or loss. The amendments also replace the reference to 'transaction price as defined by PFRS 15, Revenue from Contracts with Customers' to 'the amount determined by applying PFRS 15' to remove potential confusion. Earlier application is permitted.
 - Amendments to PAS 7, Statement of Cash Flows Cost Method The amendments replace the term 'cost method' with 'at cost' following the deletion of the definition of 'cost method'.
 Earlier application is permitted.

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2027 -

PFRS 18, Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements — This standard replaces PAS 1,
 Presentation of Financial Statements, and sets out the requirements for the presentation and
 disclosure of information to help ensure that the financial statements provide relevant
 information that faithfully represents the entity's assets, liabilities, equity, income, and expenses.
 The standard introduces new categories and sub-totals in the statements of comprehensive
 income, disclosures on management-defined performance measures, and new principles for
 grouping of information, which the entity needs to apply retrospectively. Earlier application is
 permitted.

Under prevailing circumstances, the adoption of the foregoing new and amendments to PFRS Accounting Standards is not expected to have any material effect on the financial statements of the Company. Additional disclosures will be included in the financial statements, as applicable.

Classification of Assets and Liabilities between Current and Noncurrent

The Company presents current and noncurrent assets, and current and noncurrent liabilities, as separate classifications in the notes to financial statements.

Current Assets. The Company classifies an asset as current when:

- It expects to realize the asset, or intends to sell or consume it, in its normal operating cycle;
- It holds the asset primarily for the purpose of trading;
- It expects to realize the asset within 12 months after the reporting period; or
- The asset is cash or a cash equivalent unless the asset is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period.

Otherwise, the Company will classify all other assets as noncurrent.

Current Liabilities. The Company classifies a liability as current when:

- It expects to settle the liability in its normal operating cycle;
- It holds the liability primarily for the purpose of trading;
- The liability is due to be settled within 12 months after the reporting period; or
- It does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

Otherwise, the Company will classify all other liabilities as noncurrent.

Financial Instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity or a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

Date of Recognition. The Company recognizes a financial asset or a financial liability in the statements of financial position when it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of a financial instrument. In the case of a regular way purchase or sale of financial assets, recognition and derecognition, as applicable, is done using settlement date accounting.

"Day 1" Difference. Where the transaction in a non-active market is different from the fair value of other observable current market transactions in the same instrument or based on a valuation technique whose variables include only data from observable market, the Company recognizes the difference between the transaction price and fair value (a "Day 1" difference) in profit or loss. In cases where there is no observable data on inception, the Company deems the transaction price as the best estimate of fair value and recognizes the "Day 1" difference in profit or loss when the inputs become observable or when the instrument is derecognized. For each transaction, the Company determines the appropriate method of recognizing the "Day 1" difference.

Financial Assets

Initial Recognition and Measurement. Financial assets are recognized initially at fair value, which is the fair value of the consideration given. The initial measurement of financial instruments, except for those designated at FVPL, includes transaction cost.

Classification. The Company classifies its financial assets at initial recognition under the following categories: (a) financial assets at amortized cost, (b) financial assets at FVPL, and (c) financial assets at FVOCI.

The classification of a financial instrument largely depends on the Company's business model and its contractual cash flow characteristics.

Financial Assets at Amortized Cost. Financial assets shall be measured at amortized cost if both of the following conditions are met:

- The financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise, on specified dates, to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets at amortized cost are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less any allowance for credit and impairment losses. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees that are an integral part of the effective interest rate.

Gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss when the financial assets are derecognized and through amortization process. Financial assets at amortized cost are included under current assets if realizability or collectability is within 12 months after the reporting period. Otherwise, these are classified as noncurrent assets.

As at December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Company's cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, certain government securities, interest receivables, receivables from employees, and dividends receivable (included under "Other current assets" account in the statements of financial position), and refundable deposits (included under "Other noncurrent assets" account in the statements of financial position) are classified under this category (see Notes 6, 8, 9, 10, and 14).

Financial Assets at FVPL. Financial assets at FVPL are either classified as held for trading or designated at FVPL. A financial instrument is classified as held for trading if it meets either of the following conditions:

- It is acquired or incurred principally for the purpose of selling or repurchasing it in the near term;
- On initial recognition, it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that are managed together and for which there is evidence of a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- It is a derivative (except for a derivative that is a financial guarantee contract or a designated and effective hedging instrument).

This category includes equity instruments that the Company had not irrevocably elected to classify at FVOCI at initial recognition.

Dividends from equity instruments held at FVPL are recognized in profit or loss when the right to receive payment is established, unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment.

Financial assets at FVPL are subsequently measured at fair value. Gains or losses arising from the fair valuation of financial assets at FVPL are recognized in profit or loss.

As at December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Company's investments in various listed equity securities are classified under this category (see Note 7).

Financial Assets at FVOCI. For debt instruments that meet the contractual cash flow characteristic and are not designated at FVPL under the fair value option, the financial assets are measured at FVOCI if both of the following conditions are met:

- The financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial assets; and
- The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise, on specified dates, to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

These debt securities are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs. After initial recognition, interest income (calculated using the effective interest rate method) and impairment gains or losses of debt instruments measured at FVOCi are recognized directly in profit or loss. Fair value changes are recognized in OCI and presented in the equity section of the statements of financial position. When the financial asset is derecognized, the cumulative gains or losses previously recognized in OCI are reclassified from equity to profit or loss as a reclassification adjustment.

As at December 31, 2024 and 2023, certain investments in government securities are classified under this category (see Note 9).

Reclassification. The Company reclassifies its financial assets only when it changes its business model for managing those financial assets. The reclassification is applied prospectively from the first day of the first reporting period following the change in the business model (reclassification date).

For a financial asset reclassified out of the financial assets at amortized cost category to financial assets at FVPL, any gain or loss arising from the difference between the previous amortized cost of the financial asset and fair value is recognized in profit or loss.

For a financial asset reclassified out of the financial assets at amortized cost category to financial assets at FVOCI, any gain or loss arising from a difference between the previous amortized cost of the financial asset and fair value is recognized in OCI.

For a financial asset reclassified out of the financial assets at FVPL category to financial assets at FVOCI, its fair value at the reclassification date becomes its new gross carrying amount. Meanwhile, for a financial asset reclassified out of the financial assets at FVOCI category to financial assets at FVPL, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in OCI is reclassified from equity to profit or loss as a reclassification adjustment at the reclassification date.

For a financial asset reclassified out of the financial assets at FVOCI category to financial assets at amortized cost, any gain or loss previously recognized in OCI, and any difference between the new amortized cost and maturity amount, are amortized to profit or loss over the remaining life of the investment using the effective interest method. If the financial asset is subsequently impaired, any gain or loss that has been recognized in OCI is reclassified from equity to profit or loss.

In the case of a financial asset that does not have a fixed maturity, the gain or loss shall be recognized in profit or loss when the financial asset is sold or disposed. If the financial asset is subsequently impaired, any previous gain or loss that has been recognized in OCI is reclassified from equity to profit or loss.

Impairment of Financial Assets at Amortized Cost. For trade receivables, the Company has applied the simplified approach, and has calculated the expected credit losses (ECL) based on lifetime ECL. The Company has established a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to its customers and the economic environment.

For other financial assets measured at amortized cost, the Company applies a general approach in calculating ECL. The Company recognizes a loss allowance based on either 12-month ECL or lifetime ECL, depending on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk on its other receivables since initial recognition.

The Company considers a financial asset in default when contractual payments are 30 days past due, unless it is demonstrated that the non-payment was an administrative oversight rather than resulting from financial difficulty of the borrower. However, in certain cases, the Company may also consider a financial asset to be in default when internal or external information indicates that the Company is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full before taking into account any credit enhancements held by the Company.

A financial asset is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows.

Derecognition. A financial asset (or where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognized when:

- The right to receive cash flows from the asset has expired;
- The Company retains the right to receive cash flows from the financial asset, but has assumed an obligation to pay them in full without material delay to a third party under a "pass-through" arrangement; or
- The Company has transferred its right to receive cash flows from the financial asset and either
 (a) has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) has neither
 transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred
 control of the asset.

When the Company has transferred its right to receive cash flows from a financial asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, and has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset nor transferred control of the financial asset, the financial asset is recognized to the extent of the Company's continuing involvement in the financial asset. Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred financial asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the financial asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Company could be required to repay.

Financial Liabilities

Initial Recognition and Measurement. Financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value, which is the fair value of the consideration received. In case of financial liabilities at amortized cost, the initial measurement is net of any directly attributable transaction costs.

Classification. The Company classifies its financial liabilities at initial recognition as either financial liabilities at FVPL or financial liabilities at amortized cost.

As at December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Company does not have financial liabilities at FVPL.

Financial Liabilities at Amortized Cost. Financial liabilities are categorized as financial liabilities at amortized cost when the substance of the contractual arrangement results in the Company having an obligation either to deliver cash or another financial asset to the holder, or to settle the obligation other than by the exchange of a fixed amount of cash or another financial asset for a fixed number of its own equity instruments.

These financial liabilities are initially recognized at fair value less any directly attributable transaction costs. After initial recognition, these financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on the issue and fees that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. Gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognized or through the amortization process.

As at December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Company's trade payables, other current liabilities (excluding statutory payables), and lease liabilities are classified under this category (see Notes 15, 16, and 20).

Derecognition. A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled, or has expired. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability, and the difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognized in profit or loss.

Classification of Financial Instrument between Liability and Equity. A financial instrument is classified as liability if it provides for a contractual obligation to:

- Deliver cash or another financial asset to another entity;
- Exchange financial assets or financial liabilities with another entity under conditions that are potentially unfavorable to the Company; or
- Satisfy the obligation other than by the exchange of a fixed amount of cash or another financial asset for a fixed number of own equity shares.

If the Company does not have an unconditional right to avoid delivering cash or another financial asset to settle its contractual obligation, the obligation meets the definition of a financial liability.

Offsetting of Financial Assets and Liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the statements of financial position if, and only if, there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognized amounts, and there is intention to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. This is not generally the case with master netting agreements, and the related assets and liabilities are presented gross in the statements of financial position.

Intangible Assets

Intangible assets pertain to software and licenses, and exchange trading right.

Software and Licenses. Software and licenses are measured on initial recognition at cost. Subsequent to initial recognition, software and licenses are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and any accumulated impairment losses. Software and licenses are amortized over its estimated economic life of 10 years and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the software and licenses may be impaired.

The amortization period and method are reviewed at least at each reporting date. Changes in the expected economic life or the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits embodied in the asset is accounted for by changing the amortization period or method, as appropriate, and treated as changes in accounting estimates.

Exchange Trading Right. Exchange trading right is initially measured at cost. It is an intangible asset with indefinite useful life, and is tested for impairment annually. Exchange trading right is not amortized but is carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any. The exchange trading right is deemed to have indefinite useful lives as there is no foreseeable limit to the period over which the asset is expected to generate net cash inflows for the Company. The assumption that the exchange trading right remains to be an intangible asset with an indefinite life is reviewed annually to determine whether this continues to be supportable as such. If not, the carrying amount of the asset is amortized over its remaining useful life on a straight line basis unless a more appropriate amortization method is warranted. Any impairment losses determined are recognized in profit or loss.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation, amortization, and any impairment losses.

The initial cost of property and equipment comprises its purchase price, after deducting trade discounts and rebates, and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use.

Expenditures incurred after the property and equipment have been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance costs, are normally recognized in profit or loss in the year these are incurred. In situations where it can be clearly demonstrated that the expenditures have resulted in an increase in the future economic benefits expected to be obtained from the use of an item of property and equipment beyond its originally assessed standard of performance, the expenditures are capitalized as additional costs of property and equipment.

Depreciation and amortization are computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives of the property and equipment:

	Number of Years
Office condominium units and improvements	10 to 20
Leasehold improvements	10 or lease term, whichever is shorter
Furniture, fixtures, and office equipment	2 to 5

The estimated useful lives and depreciation and amortization method are reviewed periodically to ensure that these are consistent with the expected pattern of economic benefits from items of property and equipment.

Fully-depreciated assets are retained in the account until they are no longer in use and no further change for depreciation is made in respect of those assets.

When assets are retired or otherwise disposed of, the cost and the related accumulated depreciation and amortization, and any accumulated impairment losses are removed from the accounts. Any resulting gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss.

Construction in progress represents properties under construction and is stated at cost, including costs of construction and other direct costs. Construction in progress is not depreciated until such time that the relevant assets are completed and ready for operational use.

Investment Property

Investment property is property held either to earn rental income or for capital appreciation or both, but not for sale in the ordinary course of business or for administrative purposes.

Investment property is measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment property is measured at cost, less accumulated depreciation and any impairment in value. The carrying amount includes the cost of replacing part of an existing investment property at the time that cost is incurred if the recognition criteria are met, and excludes the costs of day-to-day servicing of an investment property.

Depreciation of investment property is calculated on a straight-line basis over a 20-year estimated useful life. The estimated useful life and depreciation method are reviewed periodically to ensure that these are consistent with expected pattern of economic benefits of investment property. Investment property is derecognized when either they have been disposed of or the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from their disposal. Any gains or losses on the retirement or disposal of investment property are recognized in profit or loss in the period of retirement or disposal.

Transfers are made to investment property when, and only when, there is a change in use, evidenced by the end of owner-occupation or commencement of an operating lease to another party. Transfers are made from investment property when, and only when, there is a change in use, evidenced by the commencement of owner-occupation or commencement of development with a view to sell.

For transfers from investment property to owner-occupied properties or inventories, the cost for subsequent accounting is its carrying amount at the date of change in use. If the property occupied by the Company as an owner-occupied property becomes an investment property, the Company accounts for such in accordance with the policy under property and equipment up to the date of change in use.

Other Nonfinancial Assets

Other nonfinancial assets pertain to excess tax credits and prepayments.

Excess Tax Credits. Excess tax credits pertain to creditable withholding tax (CWT) and prepaid income tax. CWT pertains to tax on the Company's income withheld and remitted to the Bureau of Internal Revenue (BIR) by customers and deducted from income tax payable on the same year the income was recognized. Prepaid income tax pertains to excess income tax payments of the Company over the amount due. Unapplied or excess income tax payments are carried forward and can be utilized in succeeding years.

Prepayments. Prepayments are expenses paid in advance and recorded as assets before these are utilized. Prepayments are apportioned over the period covered by the payment and included in profit or loss when incurred. Prepayments that are expected to be realized for not more than 12 months after the financial reporting period are classified as current assets. Otherwise, these are classified as noncurrent assets.

Impairment of Nonfinancial Assets

The carrying amounts of nonfinancial assets are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable, except for the exchange trading right where test of impairment is done annually. If any such indication exists and when the carrying amounts exceed the estimated recoverable amounts, the assets or cash-generating units (CGU) are written down to their recoverable amounts. The recoverable amount of the asset is the greater of the fair value less cost to sell or value in use. The fair value less cost to sell is the amount that would be received to sell an asset in an orderly transaction between participants at the measurement date less costs of disposal. Value in use is the present value of the future cash flows expected to be derived from an asset or cash-generating unit. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. For an asset that does not generate largely independent cash inflows, the recoverable amount is determined for the CGU to which the asset belongs. Impairment losses are recognized in profit or loss.

An assessment is made at each reporting date as to whether there is any indication that previously recognized impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated. A previously recognized impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognized. In such instance, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to its recoverable amount. However, that increased amount cannot exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation and amortization, had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in prior years. Such reversal is recognized in profit or loss. After such reversal, the depreciation and amortization charges are adjusted in future years to allocate the asset's revised carrying amount, on a systematic basis over its remaining useful life.

Value-Added Tax (VAT)

VAT is a tax on consumption levied on the sale, barter, exchange, or lease of goods or properties and services, and on importation of goods in the Philippines. It is an indirect tax, which may be shifted or passed on to the buyer, transferee or lessee of goods, properties or services.

Revenue, expenses, and assets are recognized net of the amount of VAT, except:

- Where the tax incurred on a purchase of assets or services is not recoverable from the taxation authority, in which case the tax is recognized as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense item as applicable; and
- Receivables and payables that are stated with the amount of VAT included.

The net amount of VAT payable to the taxation authority is included as part of "Other current liabilities" accounts in the statements of financial position.

Equity

Capital Stock. Capital stock is measured at par value for all shares issued and outstanding.

Additional Paid-in Capital (APIC). APIC represents the proceeds and/or fair value of consideration received in excess of the par value of the shares issued. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issuance of new common stocks are recognized as deduction to APIC, net of any tax effects.

Retained Earnings. Retained earnings represent the cumulative balance of net income or loss, net of any dividend declarations. At each reporting date, net income or loss of the Company is transferred to retained earnings.

Appropriated retained earnings pertain to the restricted portion which is intended for the reserve fund in compliance with the SRC Rule 49.1 (B). Unappropriated retained earnings pertain to the unrestricted portion available for dividend declaration.

Other Comprehensive Income (Loss). Other comprehensive income (loss) consists of items of income and expense that are not recognized in profit and loss in accordance with PFRS Accounting Standards. Other comprehensive income (loss) of the Company pertains to cumulative unrealized gains or losses on changes in fair value of financial assets at FVOCI, net of related deferred tax, and cumulative remeasurement gains or losses on retirement liability, net of related deferred tax, which is presented as "Other equity reserves".

Revenue Recognition

Revenue from contract with customers is recognized when the performance obligation in the contract has been satisfied, either at a point in time or over time. Revenue is recognized over time if one of the following criteria is met: (a) the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits as the Company perform its obligations; (b) the Company's performance creates or enhances an asset that the customer controls as the asset is created or enhanced; or (c) the Company's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Company and the Company has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date. Otherwise, revenue is recognized at a point in time.

The Company also assesses its revenue arrangements to determine if it is acting as a principal or as an agent. The Company has assessed that it acts as agent in its brokerage transactions. The Company acts as a principal in its income from other sources.

Commissions. These pertain to the revenue from brokerage transactions, which are recorded on trade date basis as trade transaction occurs.

The following specific recognition criteria must also be met for other revenues:

Interests. Interest income is recognized in profit or loss as it accrues, taking into account the effective yield of the asset, net of final tax.

Trading Gains or Losses on Financial Assets at FVPL. Trading gains or losses on financial assets at FVPL include all gains and losses from changes in fair value and disposal of financial assets at FVPL. Unrealized gains or losses are recognized in profit or loss upon remeasurement of the financial assets at FVPL at each reporting date. Gains or losses from sale of financial assets at FVPL are recognized in profit or loss upon confirmation of trade deals.

Dividends. Dividend income is recognized when the Company's right to receive the payment is established.

Client Advisory Income. These are generally recognized over the period when the related service is provided.

Other Income. Income from other sources is recognized when earned during the period.

Cost and Expense Recognition

Costs and expenses are recognized in profit or loss when a decrease in future economic benefit related to a decrease in an asset or an increase of a liability has arisen that can be measured reliably.

Costs of Services. Costs of services such as direct personnel costs, commissions, transaction costs, research costs, stock exchange dues and fees, central depository fees, and communication costs are recognized when the related revenue is recognized or when the service is rendered.

Operating Expenses. Operating expenses incurred by the Company such as indirect personnel costs, utility costs, and other operating expenses are administrative overhead costs and recognized in profit or loss when incurred.

Employee Benefits

Short-term Benefits. The Company recognizes short-term employee benefits based on contractual arrangements with employees. Any unpaid portion of the short-term employee benefits is measured on an undiscounted basis and included as part of "Other current liabilities" account in the statements of financial position.

Retirement Benefits. Retirement benefit costs are actuarially determined using the projected unit credit method. This method reflects services rendered by employees up to the date of valuation and incorporates assumptions concerning employees' projected salaries. The calculation of defined benefit liability is performed annually by a qualified actuary. When the calculation results in a potential asset for the Company, the recognized asset is limited to the present value of economic benefits available in the form of any future refunds from the plan or reductions in the future contributions to the plan. To calculate the present value of economic benefits, consideration is given to any applicable minimum funding requirements.

The Company recognizes service costs, comprising of current service costs and past service costs in profit or loss. Net interest costs on retirement benefit liability is presented as part of "Interest expense" account in the statements of comprehensive income.

The Company determines the net interest expense by applying the discount rate to the net defined liability at the beginning of the year, taking into account any changes in the net defined benefit liability during the period as a result of contributions and benefit payments.

Remeasurements of the net retirement benefit liability, comprising of actuarial gains and losses, return on plan assets (excluding interest), and effect of the asset ceiling (if any, excluding interest), are recognized immediately in OCI and are not reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods.

When the benefits of a plan are changed or when a plan is curtailed, the resulting change in benefit that relates to past service or the gain or loss on curtailment is recognized immediately in profit or loss. The Company recognizes gains and losses on the settlement of a defined benefit plan when the settlement occurs.

The net retirement benefit liability recognized by the Company is the aggregate of the present value of the defined benefit liability reduced by the fair value of plan assets, out of which the obligations are to be settled directly. The present value of the defined benefit liability is determined by discounting the estimated future cash outflows using risk-free interest rates of government bonds that have terms to maturity approximating the terms of the related retirement benefit liability. Actuarial valuations are made so that the amounts recognized in the financial statements do not differ materially from the amounts that would be determined at the reporting date.

Leases

The Company assesses whether the contract is, or contains, a lease at the inception of the contract. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified assets for a period of time, the Company assesses whether, throughout the period of use, it has both of the following:

- The right to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the identified asset; and
- The right to direct the use of the identified asset.

If the Company has the right to control the use of an identified asset for only a portion of the term of the contract, the contract contains a lease for that portion of the term.

The Company also assesses whether a contract contains a lease for each potential separate lease component. The Company recognizes a right-of-use (ROU) asset and a corresponding lease liability with respect to all lease agreements in which it is the lessee.

Company as a Lessee. At the commencement date, the Company recognizes an ROU asset and a lease liability for all leases, except for leases with lease terms of 12 months or less (short-term leases) and leases for which the underlying asset is of low value in which case the lease payments associated with those leases are recognized as an expense on a straight-line basis.

ROU Assets. At commencement date of the lease contract, the Company measures an ROU asset (presented as part of property and equipment account) at cost. The initial measurement of ROU assets includes the following:

- The amount of the initial measurement of lease liability;
- Lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received;
- Initial direct costs; and
- An estimation of costs to be incurred by the Company in dismantling and removing the underlying asset, when applicable.

After the commencement date, the ROU assets are carried at cost less any accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of the related lease liabilities. The ROU assets are depreciated over the shorter of the lease terms or the useful lives of the underlying assets.

Lease Liabilities. At commencement date, the Company measures a lease liability at the present value of future lease payments using the interest rate implicit in the lease, if that rate can be readily determined. Otherwise, the Company uses its incremental borrowing rate.

Lease payments included in the measurement of a lease liability comprise the following:

- Fixed payments, including in-substance fixed payments;
- Variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date;
- Amounts expected to be payable by the lessee under residual value guarantees; and
- The exercise price under a purchase option that the Company is reasonably certain to exercise, lease payments in an optional renewal period if the Company is reasonably certain to exercise an extension option, and penalties for early termination of a lease unless the Company is reasonable certain not to terminate early.

A lease liability is subsequently measured at amortized cost. Interest expense on the lease liability and any variable lease payments not included in the measurement of lease liability are recognized in profit or loss, unless these are capitalized as costs of another asset. Variable lease payments not included in the measurement of the lease liability are recognized in profit or loss when the event or condition that triggers those payments occurs.

If there is a change in the lease term or if there is a change in the assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset, the lease liability is remeasured using a revised discount rate considering the revised lease payments on the basis of the revised lease term or reflecting the change in amounts payable under the purchase option. The lease liability is also remeasured using the revised lease payments if there is a change in the amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee or a change in future lease payments resulting from a change in an index or a rate used to determine those payments.

Income Taxes

Current Tax. Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rate and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred Tax. Deferred tax is provided on all temporary differences at the reporting date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences that are expected to increase future taxable income. Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences and carryforward benefits of unused tax credits from the unused net operating loss carryover (NOLCO) and excess of minimum corporate income tax (MCIT) over the regular corporate income tax (RCIT), to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and carryforward benefits of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilized. Deferred tax, however, is not recognized when it arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilized. Unrecognized deferred tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date and recognized to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow the deferred tax assets to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognized in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to a business combination or items directly recognized to equity or in OCI.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities, and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

Related Party Transactions

Related party transactions are transfer of resources, services, or obligations between the Company and its related parties, regardless of whether a price is charged.

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions. Parties are also considered to be related if they are subject to common control with the reporting enterprise, or between and/or among the reporting enterprise and its key management personnel, directors, or its stockholders. Related parties may be individual or corporate entities. Transactions between related parties are accounted for at arm's-length prices or on terms similar to those offered to non-related parties in an economically comparable market. In considering each possible related party relationship, attention is directed to the substance of the relationship and not merely on legal form.

Related party transactions are considered material and/or significant if i) these transactions amount to 10% or higher of the Company's total assets, or ii) there are several transactions or a series of transactions over a 12-month period with the same related party amounting to 10% or higher of the Company's total assets.

Foreign Currency-Denominated Transactions

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are recorded using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Outstanding monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated using the closing exchange rate at reporting date. Differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary assets and liabilities are recognized in profit or loss.

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the initial transaction. The gain or loss arising on translation of non-monetary items measured at fair value is treated in line with the recognition of the gain or loss on the change in fair value of the item. Differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognized in profit or loss.

Segment Reporting

The Company reports separate information about each operating segment identified. An operating segment is a component of the Company that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses, including revenues and expenses that relate to transactions with any of the Company's other components; from whose operating results are regularly reviewed to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment; and for which discrete information is available.

<u>Provisions</u>

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Where the Company expects some or all of a provision to be reimbursed, for example under an insurance contract, the reimbursement is recognized as a separate asset but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain. The expense relating to any provision is presented in profit or loss, net of any reimbursement. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. Where discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as an interest expense.

Contingencies

Contingent liabilities are not recognized in the financial statements. These are disclosed in the notes to financial statements, unless the possibility of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is remote. Contingent assets are not recognized in the financial statements but are disclosed in the notes to financial statements when an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

Earnings per Share (EPS)

Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the net income (less preferred dividends net of tax, if any) for the year attributable to common stockholders by the weighted average number of common stocks outstanding during the year, with retroactive adjustment for any stock dividends or stock splits declared during the year.

Diluted EPS is computed by dividing net income by the weighted average number of common stocks outstanding during the year, after giving retroactive effect for any stock dividends, stock splits, or reverse stock splits during the year, and adjusted for the effect of dilutive options.

Events after the Reporting Date

Post year-end events that provide additional information about the Company's financial position as at reporting date (adjusting events) are reflected in the financial statements. Post year-end events that are not adjusting events are disclosed in the notes to financial statements when material.

3. Summary of Significant Judgments, Accounting Estimates, and Assumptions

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to exercise judgments and make accounting estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and related notes. The judgments and accounting estimates, and assumptions used in the financial statements are based upon management's evaluation of relevant facts and circumstances as at the reporting date. While the Company believes that the assumptions are reasonable and appropriate, significant differences in the actual experience or significant changes in the assumptions may materially affect the estimated amounts. Actual results could differ from such estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected.

The following are the significant judgments, accounting estimates, and assumptions by the Company:

<u>Judgments</u>

Determination of the Functional Currency. Based on the economic substance of the underlying circumstances relevant to the Company, the functional currency of the Company has been determined to be Philippine Peso, which is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates. It is the currency that mainly influences economic value of the income and costs from the Company's operations.

Classification and Measurement of Financial Assets. Classification and measurement of financial assets depends on the results of the "solely for payments of principal and interests" and the business model test. The Company determines the business model at a level that reflects how groups of financial assets are managed together to achieve a particular business objective. This assessment includes judgment reflecting all relevant evidence including how the performance of the assets is evaluated, the risks that affect the performance of the assets, and how these risks are managed.

The Company monitors financial assets measured at FVPL, FVOCI, or amortized cost that are derecognized prior to their maturity to understand the reason for their disposal and whether the reasons are consistent with the objective of the business for which the asset was held. Monitoring is part of the Company's continuous assessment of whether the business model for which the remaining financial assets are held continues to be appropriate. Otherwise, change in the business model should result to a change in the classification of those financial assets.

As at December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Company's investments in various listed equity securities are classified as financial assets at FVPL, while certain investments in government securities are classified as financial assets at FVOCI and amortized cost (see Notes 7 and 9).

Cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, certain investments in government securities, interest receivables, receivables from employees and dividends receivable (included under "Other current assets" account in the statements of financial position), and refundable deposits (included under "Other noncurrent assets" account in the statements of financial position) were classified as financial assets at amortized cost because the Company's primary business model in relation to these assets is to hold the financial assets to collect contractual cash flows solely for principal and interest (see Notes 6, 8, 9, 10, and 14).

Determination of the Lease Term of Contracts with Renewal and Termination Options - Company as Lessee. The Company determines the lease term as the non-cancellable term of the lease, together with any periods covered by an option to extend the lease if it is reasonably certain to be exercised, or any periods covered by an option to terminate the lease if it is reasonably certain not to be exercised. The Company applies judgment in evaluating whether it is reasonably certain to exercise the option to renew or terminate the lease. That is, it considers all relevant factors that create an economic incentive for it to exercise either the renewal or termination. After the commencement date, the Company reassesses the lease term if there is a significant event or change in circumstances that is within its control and affects its ability to exercise or not to exercise the option to renew or to terminate (e.g., construction of significant leasehold improvements or significant customization to the leased asset).

The Company is not reasonably certain to exercise any renewal or termination option on its leases. Hence, only the enforceable portion of the lease term (i.e. legal term of the contract) was considered in the computation of ROU assets and lease liabilities.

Determination of the Operating Segments. Determination of operating segments is based on the information about components of the Company that the management uses to make decisions about operating matters. The Company is organized into operating segments based on business activities as allowed under PFRS 8, Operating Segments, due to their similar characteristics.

As at December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Company determined that it has two operating segments, which pertain to local and global trading (see Note 23).

Accounting Estimates and Assumptions

Fair Value Measurement of Financial Instruments. The fair values of securities that are actively traded in organized financial markets are determined by reference to unadjusted quoted market prices at the close of business on the reporting date.

When the fair values of financial assets recorded in the statements of financial position cannot be measured based on quoted prices in active market, their fair value is measured using valuation techniques including the discounted cash flow model. The inputs to this model are taken from observable market when possible, but when this is not feasible, a degree of judgment is required in establishing fair values. Judgments include considerations of inputs such as liquidity risk, credit risk, and volatility. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments.

In accordance with the amendments to PFRS 7, *Financial Instruments: Disclosures*, disclosures about the level in the fair value hierarchy are required in which the fair value measurements are categorized for assets and liabilities measured in the statements of financial position.

Assumptions and methods of determining the fair values of financial instruments are presented in Note 5 to the financial statements.

Assessment of the ECL on Trade Receivables. The Company, applying the simplified approach in the computation of ECL, initially uses a provision matrix based on historical default rates for trade receivables. The provision matrix specifies provision rates depending on the number of days that a trade receivable is past due. The Company also uses appropriate groupings if its historical credit loss experience shows significantly different loss patterns for different customer segments. The Company then adjusts the historical credit loss experience with forward-looking information on the basis of current observable data affecting each customer segment to reflect the effects of current and forecasted economic conditions. The Company regularly reviews the methodology and assumptions used for estimating ECL to reduce any differences between estimates and actual credit loss experience.

The determination of the relationship between historical default rates and forecasted economic conditions is a significant accounting estimate. Accordingly, the provision for credit losses on trade receivables is sensitive to changes in assumptions about forecasted economic conditions.

Reversals of ECL were made in 2024, 2023, and 2022. The carrying amounts of trade receivables and related allowance for credit losses as at and for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 are disclosed in Note 8 to the financial statements.

Assessment of the ECL on Other Financial Assets at Amortized Cost. The Company determines the allowance for ECL using general approach. The Company calculates ECL for its other financial assets at amortized cost at initial recognition by considering the occurrences and probabilities of possible defaults only for the next 12 months, rather than the life of the asset. It continues to apply this method until a significant increase in credit risk has occurred, at which point the loss allowance is measured based on lifetime ECL.

When determining if there has been a significant increase in credit risk, the Company considers reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort and that is relevant for the particular financial instrument being assessed such as, but not limited to, the following factors:

- Actual or expected external and internal credit rating downgrade;
- Existing or forecasted adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions; and
- Actual or expected significant adverse changes in the operating results of the borrower.

The Company also considers financial assets that are more than 30 days past due to be the latest point at which lifetime ECL should be recognized, unless it can demonstrate that this does not represent a significant risk in credit risk such as when non-payment was an administrative oversight rather than resulting from financial difficulty of the borrower.

The Company has assessed that the ECL on other financial assets at amortized cost is not material because the transactions with respect to these financial assets were entered into by the Company only with reputable banks and companies with good credit standing and relatively low risk of defaults. Accordingly, no provision for credit losses on other financial assets at amortized cost was recognized in 2024, 2023, and 2022.

The carrying amounts of the other financial assets at amortized cost (cash and cash equivalents, investments in government securities excluding investments in government securities measured at FVOCI, interest receivables, receivables from employees, dividends receivable, refundable deposits) as at December 31, 2024 and 2023 are disclosed in Notes 6, 9, 10, and 14 to the financial statements.

Estimation of the Useful Lives of Intangible Assets, Property and Equipment (including Right-of-Use Assets), and Investment Property. The exchange trading right is deemed to have indefinite useful life as there is no foreseeable limit to the period over which the asset is expected to generate net cash inflows for the Company. The useful lives of software and licenses, property and equipment, and investment property are estimated based on the period over which the assets are expected to be available for use and are reviewed periodically to ensure that the method and period of depreciation and amortization are consistent with the expected pattern of economic benefits from items of software and licenses, property and equipment, and investment property.

The useful lives are updated if expectations differ from previous estimates due to physical wear and tear, and technical and commercial obsolescence. Any reduction in the estimated useful lives of these assets would increase the Company's recorded operating expenses and decrease noncurrent assets.

There is no change in the estimated useful lives of software and licenses, property and equipment, and investment property in 2024, 2023, and 2022.

Assessment of the Impairment of Nonfinancial Assets. The Company assesses impairment on intangible assets, property and equipment (including right-of-use assets), investment property, and other nonfinancial assets whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the assets or Company of assets may not be recoverable. The relevant factors that the Company considers in deciding whether to perform an asset impairment review include, among others, the following:

- Significant underperformance of a business in relation to expectations;
- · Significant negative industry or economic trends; and
- Significant changes or planned changes in the use of the assets.

Whenever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount, an impairment loss is recognized. Recoverable amounts are estimated for individual assets or, if it is not possible, for the CGU to which the asset belongs.

No impairment loss was recognized on intangible assets, property and equipment, investment property, and other nonfinancial assets in 2024, 2023 and 2022.

The carrying amounts of the nonfinancial assets (other current assets excluding interest receivables, receivables from employees, and dividends receivable, intangible assets, property and equipment, investment property, and other noncurrent assets excluding refundable deposits) as at December 31, 2024 and 2023 are disclosed in Notes 10, 11, 12, 13, and 14 to the financial statements.

Determination of the Incremental Borrowing Rate (IBR). The Company uses its IBR to measure lease liabilities. The IBR is the rate of interest that the Company would have to pay to borrow over a similar term, and with a similar security, the funds necessary to obtain an asset of a similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment. The Company estimates the IBR using available observable inputs (such as the prevailing Bloomberg Valuation Service (BVAL) interest rates) adjusted for entity-specific estimates, to reflect the terms and conditions of the lease.

The Company has applied weighted average IBR ranging from 4.90% to 6.30% in 2024 and 2023, and 3.90% to 4.90% in 2022, respectively, for the computation of lease liabilities and ROU assets.

The carrying amounts of ROU assets and lease liabilities as at December 31, 2024 and 2023 are disclosed in Note 20 to the financial statements.

Determination of the Retirement Liability. The determination of the obligation and cost of retirement benefit is dependent on the assumptions used by the actuary in calculating such amounts. The assumptions are described in Note 19 to the financial statements and include, among others, discount rates and salary increase rates. Actual results that differ from the Company's assumptions are recognized in OCI and, therefore, generally affect the recorded obligation in such future periods.

The carrying amounts of net retirement benefit liability as at December 31, 2024 and 2023 are disclosed in Note 19 to the financial statements.

Recognition of Deferred Tax Assets. The Company reviews the carrying amount of deferred tax assets at each reporting date and adjusts the balance to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax assets to be utilized within the period allowed by the tax regulations.

Recognized deferred tax assets as at December 31, 2024 and 2023 are disclosed in Note 21 to the financial statements. The Management believes that the Company will be able to generate sufficient taxable income against which these deferred tax assets can be utilized.

4. Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies

The main risks arising from the Company's use of financial instruments include credit risk, liquidity risk, and market risks. The Company's overall risk management process focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimize potential adverse effects on the Company's financial performance. The BOD regularly reviews and approves the appropriate policies for managing these financial risks, as summarized below.

Credit Risk

The Company's exposure to credit risk arises when the counterparty fails to fulfill its financial commitments to the Company under the prevailing contractual terms. Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to credit risk consist primarily of trade receivables and other financial assets at amortized cost.

The carrying amounts of the financial assets at amortized cost represent its maximum credit exposure, without taking into account any collateral, other credit enhancements or credit risk mitigating features.

The table below presents the credit quality of the assets by indicating whether the assets are subjected to 12-month ECL or lifetime ECL. Assets that are credit-impaired, if any, are separately presented.

		2024	4	
		Lifetime ECL		•
		– Not Credit-	Lifetime ECL	
	12-month ECL	Impaired	 Credit-Impaired 	Total
Financial asset at amortized cost:				
Cash in banks and cash equivalents	P440,257,230	₽-	R -	₽440,257,230
Trade receivables	-	440,150,621	356,878	440,507,499
Investments in government securities*	464,463,427	_	-	464,463,427
Interest receivables**	7,546,844	-	-	7,546,844
Receivables from employees**	673,929	-	-	673,929
Dividend receivable**	9,024	_	••	9,024
Refundable deposits***	12,998,068	-	-	12,998,068
	F925,948,522	P440,150,621	P356,878	P1,366,456,021
		2023	3	
	·	Lifetime ECL	Lifetime ECL	
	12-month ECL	- Not Credit-Impaired	 Credit Impaired 	Total
Financial assets at amortized cost:				
Cash in banks and cash equivalents	₽479,619,777	₽	₽-	2 479,619,777
Trade receivables	_	389,213,791	359,618	389,573,409

464,135,145

6.993.595

12,005,688

P963,699,050

911,326

33.519

464,135,145

6,993,595

12,005,688

£1,353,272,459

P359,618

911,326 33.519

Investments in government securities*

Interest receivables**
Receivables from employees**

Dividend receivable**

Refundable deposits***

The Company has no significant concentration of credit risk with any single counterparty or group of counterparties having similar characteristics.

P389,213,791

Trade Receivables

The Company uses a provision matrix to calculate ECL for trade receivables. The provision rates are based on days past due for groupings of various customer segments analyzed by customer type, credit terms, and number of days outstanding. The Company adjusts historical default rates to forward-looking default rate by determining the closely related economic factor affecting each customer segment (i.e. percentage change in gross domestic product). At each reporting date, the observed historical default rates are updated and changes in the forward-looking estimates are analyzed.

The Company limits its exposure to credit risk by maintaining its cash and cash equivalents with highly reputable and pre-approved financial institutions and by transacting with recognized and creditworthy counterparties. In addition, customers are initially assessed for creditworthiness based on their profile (i.e., financial capacity, reputation, collateral). The Company also monitors receivable balances regularly. In accordance with the Risk-Based Capital Adequacy (RBCA) requirements, limits are imposed to avoid large exposure to a single client or counterparty and single equity relative to a particular issuer company or group of companies. Furthermore, credit exposures are minimized by collateral held in the form of securities purchased.

^{*}Excluding investments in government securities measured at FVOCI.

^{**}Included under "Other current assets" account in the statements of financial position.

^{***}Included under "Other noncurrent assets" account in the statements of financial position.

The aging analysis of the Company's receivables from customers arising from brokering transactions is as follows:

	2024				
Days from Transaction Date of Counterparty	Amount	Collateral (Net of Haircut)	Counterparty Exposure		
1 - 2 days	P	P-	P-		
3 - 13 days	-	_	-		
14 - 31 days	-	_	-		
Over 31 days	366,726	51,272,712	356,878		
	₽366,726	₽51,272,712	₽356,878		

	2023				
Days from Transaction Date of Counterparty	Amount	Collateral (net of haircut)	Counterparty Exposure		
1 - 2 days	R ⊷	P-	₽-		
3 - 13 days	_	_	-		
14 - 31 days	340	28,934	-		
Over 31 days	362,064	10,748,170	359,618		
	₽362,404	P10,777,104	₽359,618		

The SRC requires broker/dealers to maintain a stock record for each cash and margin account of every customer regardless of the frequency of transactions. The stock record is a record of accountability reflecting all securities for which the Company has custodial responsibility or proprietary ownership. Transactions in the customer accounts cover both money balances and security positions, with the security transaction and related money generally recorded on the settlement date.

On a regular basis, collateral valuations of customers' accounts are analyzed to ensure that these are sufficient to cover the outstanding balances due to the Company.

As at December 31, 2024 and 2023, receivables from customers arising from brokering transactions, which amounted to \$\mathbb{P}0.4\$ million are secured by collateral comprising of equity securities of listed companies with a total market value of \$\mathbb{P}69.9\$ million and \$\mathbb{P}14.6\$ million, respectively (see Note 8).

Receivables from other brokers pertain to funds held by other brokers for the Company's global trading activities. Receivables from customers arising from client advisory services pertain to receivables from the Company's consultancy services for customers who intend to trade in global stock markets. The Company has assessed that ECL on these receivables are insignificant because the counterparties are companies with good credit standing and low risk of defaults. Further, the funds held by other brokers as at the end of the reporting period were subsequently reinvested to various equity and debt securities in other foreign markets. On the other hand, receivables from clearing house are due and collectible after two business days from the transaction date. Accordingly, no provision for credit losses was recognized on receivables from other brokers and clearing house and receivables from customers arising from client advisory services in 2024, 2023, and 2022.

Other Financial Assets at Amortized Cost

It is the Company's policy to measure ECL on other financial assets at amortized cost on a 12-month basis. However, when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since origination, the allowance will be based on the lifetime ECL.

The Company has assessed, considering the factors discussed in Note 3 to the financial statements, that the ECL on other financial assets at amortized cost is insignificant because the transactions with respect to these financial assets are with reputable banks and companies with good credit standing and low risk of defaults. Accordingly, no provision for credit losses was recognized in 2024, 2023 and 2022 on other financial assets at amortized cost.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk arises when the Company encounters difficulties in raising adequate funds to meet its financial commitments at a reasonable cost. The Company's objectives in effectively managing its liquidity are: (a) to ensure that adequate funding is available at all times; (b) to meet the commitments as they arise without incurring unnecessary costs; and (c) to be able to access funding when needed at the least possible cost.

The Company monitors its cash flows, particularly the receivables from customers' collections and the funding requirements of operations, to ensure an adequate balance of inflows and outflows. Further, special reserve requirements for the customers of the Company are maintained in the bank (see Note 6).

The tables below summarize the maturity profile of the financial liabilities of the Company based on remaining undiscounted cash flows:

	2024				
		More than			
	On Demand	1 to 3 Months	3 to 12 Months	1 to 5 Years	Total
Trade payables	P1,331,029	P171,188,023	P-	P-	P172,519,052
Lease liabilities		574,684	1,269,895	15,000	1,859,579
Other current liabilities*	_	682,133	10,689,928	-	11,372,061
	P1,331,029	₽172,444,84 0	P11,959,823	P15,000	P185,750,692

^{*}Excluding statutory liabilities amounting to P4.2 million as at December 31, 2024.

	2023				
	On Demand	1 to 3 Months	More than 3 to 12 Months	More than 1 to 5 Years	Total
Trade payables	P1,331,029	£150,173,617	P-	₽	₽151,504,646
Lease liabilities	· <u>-</u>	539,025	1,633,420	1,811,590	3,984,035
Other current liabilities*	_	512,981	6,070,448		6,583,429
	P1,331,029	£151,225,623	₽7,703,868	P1,811,590	₽162,072,110

^{*}Excluding statutory liabilities amounting to P2.7 million as at December 31, 2023.

Market Risks

The Company is exposed to market risks, primarily those related to foreign currency risk and equity price risk. Management actively monitors these exposures, as follows:

Foreign Currency Risk. Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates.

The Company periodically reviews the trend of the foreign exchange rates to address its exposure in foreign currency risk. The Company's policy is to maintain foreign currency exposure within acceptable limits and within the existing regulatory guidelines. The Company believes that its profile of foreign currency exposure on its assets is within conservative limits for a financial institution engaged in the type of business in which the Company is engaged.

The following table shows the Company's foreign currency-denominated monetary financial assets:

	December 31, 2024				
	United States (US)		Indonesian (ID)	<u> </u>	
	Dollar	Philippine Peso	Rupiah	Philippine Peso	
Financial assets:		•			
Cash in banks	\$78,472	P4,552,453	Rp-	R	
Receivables from other brokers	7,073,365	410,354,192	1,022,373	3,681	
	\$7,151,837	P414,906,645	Rp1,022,373	P3,681	
		December 31	., 2023		
	US Dollar	Philippine Peso	ID Rupiah	Philippine Peso	
Financial assets:				-	
Cash in banks	\$6,376	₽ 354,293	\$-	P -	
Receivables from other brokers	6,453,191	358,584,464	-	_	
	\$6,459,567	P358,938,757	\$-	R-	

For purposes of restating the outstanding balances of the Company's foreign currency-denominated monetary financial assets as at December 31, 2024, the exchange rates applied are \$\frac{1}{2}\$5.01, and \$\frac{1}{2}\$0.0036 per U\$\$1 and IDR1, respectively. As at December 31, 2023, the exchange rates applied were \$\frac{1}{2}\$5.57 and \$\frac{1}{2}\$0.0036 per U\$\$1 and IDR1, respectively.

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in the US Dollar and ID Rupiah exchange rates, with all other variables held constant, of the Company's income before tax and equity. There is no other impact on the Company's equity other than those already affecting profit or loss.

	Increase/Decre	ease	Effect on Inco	me
	in Exchange	Rate	Before Income Tax	
	US Dollar	ID Rupiah	US Dollar	ID Rupiah
December 31, 2024	1.10	0.0001	P7,717,976	P626,430
	-1.10	-0.0001	(7,717,976)	(626,430)
December 31, 2023	0.80	0.0001	₽5,167,654	P781,458
	-0.80	-0.0001	(5,167,654)	(781,458)

Equity Price Risk. Equity price risk arise when the fair values of quoted equity securities decrease as the result of the adverse changes in the quoted equity prices as affected by both rational and irrational market forces. The Company's equity risk exposure is mainly from its financial assets at FVPL.

The Company's policy is to maintain the risk to an acceptable level. Movement in share price is monitored regularly to determine the impact on its financial position.

The table below sets forth the impact of changes in PSE index (PSEi) in the Company's unrealized gain or loss on fair value changes of its financial assets at FVPL:

		2024		2023		2022
Changes in PSEi	15.34%	(15.34%)	14.07%	(14.07%)	20.55%	(20.55%)
Changes in trading income at equity portfolio under: Food, beverage, and	// -	•				
tobacco	P4,534,789	(2 4,534,789)	₽572,517	(P572,517)	₽166,098	(P166,098)
Real estate	35,189	(35,189)	_		-	_
Banks	29,668	(29,668)	15,517	(15,517)	85,033	(85,033)
Property	19	(19)	18	(18)	50	(50)
Holding firms	4	(4)	7	(7)	70	(70)
Others	5	(5)	2	(2)	3	(3)
	P4,599,674	(2 4,599,674)	P588,061	(£588,061)	P251,251	(P251,254)

The table below sets forth the impact of changes in National Association of Security Dealers Automated Quotations (NASDAQ) index and Hang Seng index in the Company's unrealized gain or loss on fair value changes of its financial assets at FVPL listed in the NASDAQ and Hong Kong Stock Exchange, respectively, in 2024:

Changes in NASDAQ index	18.68%	(18.68%)
Changes in trading income at equity portfolio under:		
Internet content and information	P1,762,452	(P1,762,452)
Changes in Hang Seng index	26.01%	(26.01%)
Changes in trading income at equity portfolio under:		
Holding firm	P1,561,930	(P1,561,930)

The sensitivity rate used for reporting equity price risk represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in equity pricing per PSEi, NASDAQ index, and Hang Seng index. The sensitivity analysis includes the Company's stock portfolio with amounts adjusted by its specific beta for their valuation at the reporting date.

Capital Management

The Company's objective in managing capital is to ensure that a stable capital base is maintained in accordance with industry regulations, while maintaining investor, creditor, and market confidence to sustain the future development of the business.

The Company's BOD has the overall responsibility for monitoring capital proportion to risks. The Associated Person designated by the Company monitors compliance with minimum net capital requirements imposed by the PSE and the SEC.

The Company, being a broker/dealer in securities, is regulated by the PSE and the SEC and subject to the following capital requirements in accordance with the SRC.

Required Capitalization for Broker/Dealers

In compliance with SRC Rule 28 of the 2015 Implementing Rules and Regulations of Securities Regulation Code, trading participants, who will be participating in a registered clearing agency, are required to have a reserve capital of \$100.0 million effective November 9, 2015.

Unimpaired paid-up capital pertains to the Company's paid-up capital less any deficit. The unimpaired paid-up capital of the Company amounted to ₱1,911.1 million as at December 31, 2024, 2023, and 2022.

Details of the Company's common shares at ₹0.10 par value per share are as follows:

	2024		2023		2022		
	Number of		Number of	Number of		Number of	
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	
Authorized Capital Stock							
Balance at beginning and							
end of year	8,000,000,000	P800,000,000	8,000,000,000	₽800,000,000	8,000,000,000	P800,000,000	
Issued and Outstanding							
Balance at beginning of year	6,875,000,000	P687.500.000	6,875,000,000	₽687,500,000	5,500,000,000	₽ 550,000,000	
Addition	-	-	_	–	1,375,000,000	137,500,000	
Balance at end of year	6,875,000,000	P687,500,000	6,875,000,000	£687,500,000	6,875,000,000	P687,500,000	

On April 13, 2022, the Company was listed in the PSE and issued 1,375.0 million shares from the Company's unissued capital stock at an offer price of \$1.00 per share. The proceeds from the IPO amounted to \$1,375.0 million. The excess of \$1.00 offer price over \$0.10 par value of the issued shares, equivalent to \$1,237.5 million, was recognized as additional paid-in capital. Costs directly attributable to IPO that were recognized as deduction from additional paid-in capital amounted to \$13.9 million. Offer expenses incidental to the IPO amounted to \$21.7 million, \$13.9 million of which are recognized as deduction to the additional paid-in capital.

Portion of the net proceeds for the IPO were used in the Company's scaling of global trading operations and general corporate purposes as at December 31, 2024.

The unapplied proceeds amounting to ₹781.2 million as at December 31, 2024 are maintained in the Company's cash in bank and certain investments in government securities. The unapplied proceeds will be used for the Company's scaling of global trading operations, general corporate purposes, and client account management expansion.

The Company's BOD approved the declaration and payment of the following cash dividends:

	Date of			Dividend	
	Declaration	Record Date	Payment Date	per Share	Amount
	May 10, 2024	May 30, 2024	June 19, 2024	₽0.000669	₽4,599,375
١	May 10, 2024	May 30, 2024	June 19, 2024	0.001971	13,550,625
١	May 12, 2023	June 9, 2023	July 5, 2023	0.000776	5,335,000
-	May 12, 2023	June 9, 2023	July 5, 2023	0.002328	16,005,000

Reserve Fund

The Company shall annually appropriate a certain minimum percentage of its previous year's audited net income and transfer the same to "Appropriated Retained Earnings" in compliance with SRC Rule 49.1 (B).

The Company appropriated a reserve fund amounting to ₹2.3 million, ₹5.2 million, and ₹2.0 million in 2024, 2023, and 2022, respectively.

The total amount of appropriated retained earnings amounted to ₹14.2 million, ₹11.9 million, and ₹6.7 million as at December 31, 2024, 2023, and 2022, respectively.

Net Liquid Capital (NLC)

The Company is required, at all times, to have and maintain an NLC of at least ₹5.0 million or 5% of its Aggregate Indebtedness (AI), whichever is higher.

In computing for NLC, all non-allowable assets/equities and collateralized liabilities will be deducted, and allowable liabilities and equities are added to equity per books. The equity eligible for NLC pertains to the sum of the following:

- Equity per books;
- Liabilities subordinated to the claims of creditors in conformity with SRC Rule 49.1 and in accordance with a prescribed schedule; and
- Deposits for future stock subscription for which an application for increase in capital stock or request for exemption for registration has been presented for filing or has been filed with the SEC.

The equity eligible for NLC shall exclude deferred income tax, revaluation reserves, and minority interest and any outside investment in affiliates and associates. In computing for NLC, the equity eligible for NLC is adjusted by the following:

- Adding unrealized gains (or deducting unrealized losses) in the accounts of the Company;
- Deducting fixed assets and assets which cannot be readily converted into cash (less any AI in accordance with SRC Rule 49.1);
- Deducting general guarantees and indemnities for loans and indebtedness other than those incurred by the Company, unless otherwise permitted by the SEC; and
- Deducting long and short securities differences.

Al shall mean the total money liabilities of a broker/dealer arising in connection with any transaction, and includes, among others, money borrowed, money payable against securities loaned and securities failed to receive, market value of securities borrowed to the extent to which no equivalent value is paid or credited (other than the market value of margin securities borrowed from customers and margin securities borrowed from non-customers), customers' and non-customers' free credit balances, and credit balances in customers' and non-customers' accounts having short positions in securities, but excluding the items set out in SRC Rule 49.1 (1) (D).

The Company's NLC met the minimum prescribed amounts as shown below:

	2024	2023	2022
NLC:			
Equity eligible for NLC	₽2,018,635,679	₽1,969,337,470	₽ 1,991,535,273
Less ineligible assets	49,943,275	46,827,078	44,387,021
	1,968,692,404	1,922,510,392	1,947,148,252
Required NLC:			
Higher of:			
5% of Al	9,807,348	8,447,083	9,228,362
Minimum amount	5,000,000	5,000,000	5,000,000
	9,807,348	8,447,083	9,228,362
Net risk-based capital excess	P1,958,885,056	₽1,914,063,309	₽1,937,919,890

Ratio of Al to NLC

The Company shall not permit its AI to all other persons to exceed 2,000% of its NLC.

The Company's ratio of AI to NLC is 10%, 9%, and 10% as at December 31, 2024, 2023, and 2022, respectively.

RBCA Requirement/Ratio

The RBCA requirement/ratio refers to the minimum level of capital to be maintained by firms which are licensed or securing a broker/dealer license, taking into consideration the firm size, complexity, and business risk. Such risks that are considered in determining the capital requirement include, among others, operational, position, counterparty, large exposure, underwriting, and margin financing risks. The RBCA ratio should be greater than or equal to 1.1.

The RBCA ratio is the ratio linking the NLC of the Company to its Total Risk Capital Requirement (TRCR), calculated as the Company's NLC divided by its TRCR. The TRCR is the sum of:

- Operational Risk Requirement (ORR);
- Credit Risk Requirement which include requirements for Counterparty Risk, Settlement Risk,
 Large Exposure Risk, and Margin Lending/Financing Risk; and
- Position or Market Risk Requirement.

	2024	2023	2022
NLC	P1,968,692,404	P1,922,510,392	₽1,947,148,252
TRCR:	<u>-</u>		
ORR	27,886,792	32,253,457	24,792,836
Credit risk	34,341,494	34,544,618	44,704,226
Position risk	87,212,331	66,694,340	64,067,115
Total risk capital requirement	P149,440,617	P133,492,415	₽133,564,177
RBCA ratio	1,317%	1,440%	1,458%

As at December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, the Company is compliant with the required RBCA ratio.

Ratio of Core Equity to ORR

The Company's core equity shall be at all times greater than its ORR.

Core equity refers to the sum of paid-up common stock, common stock dividends distributable, additional paid-in capital, surplus reserves excluding revaluation reserves or appraisal capital, and opening retained earnings adjusted for all current year movements. Core equity shall exclude treasury shares and unbooked valuation reserves and other capital adjustments (such as unrealized gain in value of financial assets at FVOCI).

The Company's ratio of core equity to ORR is as follows:

	2024	2023	2022
Capital stock	P687,500,000	₽687,500,000	₽687,500,000
Beginning retained earnings	87,675,054	86,017,670	33,780,545
Additional paid in capital	1,223,556,878	1,223,556,878	1,223,556,878
Less dividends declared	(18,150,000)	(21,340,000)	
Core equity	1,980,581,932	1,975,734,548	1,944,837,423
ORR	27,886,792	32,253,457	24,792,836
Ratio of Core Equity to ORR	7,102%	6,126%	7,844%

5. Fair Value Measurement

The following table presents the carrying amount and fair value of the Company's assets measured at fair value and for which fair value is disclosed, and the corresponding fair value hierarchy:

			202	4		
				Fair Value		
		-	Quoted Prices	Significant	Significant	
			in Active	Observable	Unobservable	
	Carrying Note Amount		Carrying	Markets	Inputs	Inputs
		(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)		
Assets measured at fair value:						
Financial assets at FVPL	7	P65,382,724	P65,382,724	₽-	R-	
Investments in government securities						
measured at FVOCI	9	787,172,302	787,172,302	-	-	
Assets for which fair value is disclosed:						
Investment property	13	8,356,726	_	42,900,120	-	
Investments in government securities						
measured at amortized cost	9	464,463,427	_	482,373,197	-	
		₽1,325,375,179	₽852,555,02 6	P525,273,317	R-	

			202	3	
	,			Fair Value	
		_	Quoted Prices	Significant	Significant
			in Active	Observable	Unobservable
		Carrying	Markets	Inputs	Inputs
	Note	Amount	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)
Assets measured at fair value:					
Financial assets at FVPL	7	₽6,922,944	₽ 6,922,944	₽	₽
Investments in government securities					
measured at FVOCI	9	790,058,973	790,058,973	_	-
Assets for which fair value is disclosed:					
Investment property	13	8,999,549	_	29,052,000	-
Investments in government securities					
measured at amortized cost	9	464,135,145		484,691,222	_
		₽1,270,116,611	₽796,981,917	₽513,743,222	₽-

The Company used the following valuation techniques to determine fair value measurements:

Financial Assets at FVPL. The Company's financial assets at FVPL as at December 31, 2024 and 2023 are carried at fair values based on sources classified under the Level 1 category. The fair values of financial assets at FVPL are based on prevailing quoted market prices, which are usually the closing prices from active markets as at reporting date.

Investments in Government Securities. The fair value of investments in government securities are generally based on quoted market prices. If the market prices are not readily available, fair values are estimated using either values obtained from independent parties offering pricing services or adjusted quoted market prices of comparable investments, or using the discounted cash flow methodology.

Investment Property. Valuations were derived on the basis of recent sales of similar properties in the same areas as the investment property and taking into account the economic conditions prevailing at the time the valuations were made and comparability of similar properties sold with the property being valued. The fair valuation is classified under Level 2 category.

The significant unobservable inputs used in the fair value measurement of the Company's investment property are the estimated net price per square meter and various factors such as size, location, and utility, among others. Significant increases (decreases) in the estimated net price per square meter in isolation would result in a significantly higher (lower) fair value measurement. Further, choosing comparable with different inputs would result in a significantly different fair value measurement.

The Company has determined that the current use of its investment property as at December 31, 2024 and 2023 is its highest and best use.

There were no transfers between Level 1, Level 2, and Level 3 fair value measurements in 2024 and 2023.

The tables below present the financial assets and liabilities whose carrying amount approximates their fair value because of their short-term nature or their fair value cannot be reliably determined:

	2024	2023
Financial assets at amortized cost:		
Cash and cash equivalents	P440,287,230	₽479,631,777
Trade receivables	440,150,621	389,213,791
Interest receivables*	7,546,844	6,993,595
Receivables from employees*	673,929	911,326
Dividend receivable*	9,024	33,519
Refundable deposits**	12,998,068	12,005,688
	₽901,665,716	₽888,789,696

^{*}Included under "Other current assets" account in the statements of financial position.

^{**}Included under "Other noncurrent assets" account in the statements of financial position.

	2024	2023
Other financial liabilities at amortized cost:		
Trade payables	P172,519,052	₱151,504,646
Other current liabilities*	11,372,061	6,583,429
	P183,891,113	₽158,088,075

^{*}Excluding statutory liabilities aggregating to \$4.2 million and \$2.7 million as at December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Current Financial Assets and Liabilities. The carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, interest receivables, receivables from employees, trade payables, and other current liabilities (excluding statutory liabilities) approximate their fair values due to their short-term nature.

Refundable Deposits. The carrying amount of refundable deposits approximates fair value. The management believes that the effect of discounting the future receipts from these financial instruments using the prevailing market rates is not significant.

6. Cash and Cash Equivalents

This account consists of:

·	2024	2023_
Cash on hand and in banks	₽153,201,835	₽177,748,233
Short-term placements	287,085,395	301,883,544
	P440,287,230	₽479,631,777

Cash in banks earn interest at prevailing bank deposit rates. Short-term placements are made for varying periods of up to three months, depending on the Company's immediate cash requirements, and earn interest at the respective short-term placement rates ranging from 5.80% to 6.30%, 5.40% to 6.30%, and 0.90% to 5.60% per annum in 2024, 2023, and 2022, respectively.

Interest income was derived from:

	Note	2024	2023	2022
Investments in government securities	9	P64,494,021	₽64,196,661	₽26,121,000
Receivables from other brokers	8	13,051,671	18,222,492	7,486,742
Short-term placements		11,495,994	11,856,609	4,656,506
Cash in banks		2,243,971	1,469,040	1,881,330
		P91,285,657	₽95,744,802	₽40,145,578

In compliance with SRC Rule 49.2-1 covering customer protection and custody of securities, the Company maintains a special reserve bank account for the exclusive benefit of its customers amounting to P429.5 million and P458.2 million as at December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The Company's reserve requirement is determined weekly based on the SEC's prescribed computation. As at December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Company's reserve accounts are adequate to cover its reserve requirements.

7. Financial Assets at FVPL

This account consists of shares listed in the PSE and other global stock exchanges aggregating \$\in\$65.4 million and \$\in\$6.9 million as at December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

The Company's financial assets at FVPL as at December 31, 2024 and 2023 are carried at fair values based on prevailing quoted market prices or bidding dealer price quotations from active markets as at the reporting date (see Note 5).

Dividend income earned from investments in equity securities amounted to ₹3.5 million, ₹2.2 million, and ₹3.6 million in 2024, 2023, and 2022, respectively.

Net trading gains on investments in equity securities consist of the following:

	2024	2023	2022
Realized fair value gains (losses) from:	<u> </u>		
Local trading	P43,311,589	₽22,025,622	₽26,113,577
Global trading	23,520,514	(20,143,546)	6,608,476
Unrealized losses on fair value changes of			
stocks held for:			•
Local trading	(3,204,529)	(1,454,215)	(255,110)
Global trading	(562,093)	_	-
	P63,065,481	₽427,861	₽32,466,943

8. Trade Receivables

This account consists of:

	2024	2023
Receivables from:		
Other brokers	P410,357,873	₽386,716,956
Clearing house	29,506,677	₽ 2,494,049
Customers	642,949	362,404
	440,507,499	389,573,409
Less allowance for credit losses	356,878	359,618
	P440,150,621	₽389,213,791

Receivables from other brokers pertain to the funds deposited with other brokers as at December 31, 2024 and 2023 in order for the Company to trade in other foreign markets. Interest income earned from receivables from other brokers amounted to ₱13.1 million, ₱18.2 million, and ₱7.5 million in 2024, 2023, and 2022, respectively (see Note 6).

Receivables from clearing house are due and collectible after two business days from the transaction date. Accordingly, balances as at December 31, 2024 and 2023, were fully collected in January 2025 and 2024, respectively.

Receivables from customers pertain to amounts due from brokering transactions and client advisory services. Receivables from customers arising from brokering transactions, which are due within two days from the reporting date, are as follows:

	2024		2023	
	Money Balances	Security Valuation - Long	Money Balances	Security Valuation - Long
Cash and fully secured accounts:				
More than 250%	₽9,848	P69,949,250	₽1,850	P14,601,747
Between 200% and 250%	_	_	_	_
Between 150% and 200%	_	-	_	_
Between 100% and 150%	_	_	_	_
Partially secured accounts	-	-	4,252	1,440
Unsecured accounts	356,878	-	356,302	
	366,726	69,949,250	362,404	14,603,187
Less allowance for credit losses	356,878	-	359,618	
	P9,848	P69,949,250	P2,786	P14,603,187

Collaterals related to receivables from customers arising from brokering transactions pertain to listed equity securities amounting to \$69.9 million and \$14.6 million as at December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The fair values of these securities are based on prevailing quoted market prices, which are usually the closing prices from active markets as at the reporting date.

Trade receivables from related parties amounted to P0.2 million as at December 31, 2023.

Receivables from customers arising from client advisory services amounting to \$0.3 million as at December 31, 2024 are due within 30 days from the reporting date.

Reversal of credit losses pertains to specific reversals on past due receivables from customers. The movements in the allowance for credit losses are as follows:

	2024	2023
Balance at beginning of year	P359,618	₽366,646
Reversal of credit losses	(2,740)	(7,028)_
Balance at end of year	₽356,878	₽359,618

Reversal of credit losses on trade receivables in 2022 amounted to ₱135,506.

9. Investments in Government Securities

The Company's investments in government securities measured at FVOCI as at December 31, 2024 and 2023 are carried at fair values based on sources classified under the Level 1 category. The fair values of investments in government securities are based on prevailing quoted market prices or bidding dealer price quotations from active markets as at the reporting date (see Note 5).

The balances and movements of this account are as follows:

	2024				
	Financial	Assets at			
	FVOCI	Amortized Cost	Total		
Balance at beginning of year	P790,058,973	P464,135,145	P1,254,194,118		
Net amortization of discount					
(premium)	(2,956,794)	328,282	(2,628,512)		
Net unrealized fair value gains	70,123	_	70,123		
Balance at end of year	₽787,172,302	₽464,463,427	P1,251,635,729		

	Financial	Assets at	
	FVOCI	Amortized Cost	Total
Balance at beginning of year	₽761,395,966	₽513,818,936	₽1,275,214,902
Net amortization of discount			
(premium)	(2,771,068)	316,209	(2,454,859)
Maturity	_	(50,000,000)	(50,000,000)
Net unrealized fair value gains	31,434,075		31,434,075
Balance at end of year	₽790,058,973	P464,135,145	P1,254,194,118

In 2022, the Company acquired various investments in government securities aggregating \$\textstyle{1}\$,244.7 million. Investments amounting to \$\textstyle{7}\$781.2 million are classified as financial assets at FVOCI while the remaining \$\textstyle{2}\$463.5 million investments are classified as financial assets at amortized cost.

The interest rates of financial assets at FVOC! ranges from 6.30% to 7.30% per annum in 2024, 2023, and 2022.

The interest rates of financial assets at amortized cost ranges from 4.60% to 7.50% per annum in 2024 and 2023, and 4.40% to 7.50% per annum in 2022.

Interest income on investments in government securities consists of (see Note 6):

	2024	2023	2022
Financial assets at FVOCI	₽39,514,042	₽39,566,392	₽ 16,347,496
Financial assets at amortized cost	24,979,979	24,630,269	9,773,504
	₽64,494,021	₽64,196,661	₽26,121,000

The cumulative unrealized gains (losses) on fair value changes of financial assets at FVOCI recognized in the statements of financial position are as follows:

		2024		
	Cumulative			
	Unrealized	Deferred Tax		
	Gains	Expense	Net	
Balances at beginning of year	P12,748,068	(P 3,187,017)	₽9,561,051	
Unrealized gain	70,123	(17,531)	52,592	
Balances at end of year	P12,818,191	P3,204,548	P9,613,643	
		2023		
	Cumulative			
	Unrealized	Deferred Tax		
	Gains (Losses)	Benefit (Expense)	Net	
Balances at beginning of year	(₽18,686,007)	₽4,671,502	(P14,014,505)	
Unrealized gain	31,434,075	(7,858,519)	23,575,5 <u>5</u> 6	
Balances at end of year	₽ 12,748,068	(P3,187,017)	₽9,561,051	
		2022		
	Cumulative			
	Unrealized	Deferred Tax		
	Gains (Losses)	Benefit (Expense)	Net	
Balances at beginning of year	₽→	₽-	P-	
Unrealized loss	(18,686,007)	4,671,502	(14,014,505)	
Balances at end of year	(P18,686,007)	4,671,502	(2 14,014,505)	

The Company's financial assets at FVOCI as at December 31, 2024 and 2023 are carried at fair values based on prevailing quoted market prices or bidding dealer price quotations from active markets as at the reporting date (see Note 5).

10. Other Current Assets

This account consists of:

	2024	2023
Excess tax credits	₽7,602,330	₽7,708,685
Interest receivables	7,546,844	6,993,595
Prepayments	1,561,888	1,411,653
Receivable from employees	673 <i>,</i> 929	911,326
Dividends receivable	9,024	33,519
Others	394,905	67,827
	P17,788,920	₽17,126,605

Excess tax credits pertains to the Company's excess income tax payments over the amount due. Unapplied or excess income tax payments are carried forward and can be utilized in succeeding years.

Interest receivables, which are related to short-term placements, receivables from other brokers, and investments in government securities, are generally collectible within one year.

Prepayments, which are related to rentals, subscriptions, insurance, and taxes and licenses, are amortized over the period covered by the payment.

Receivable from employees are unsecured, noninterest-bearing, and generally collectible within one year.

Others are noninterest-bearing and generally settled within one year.

11. Intangible Assets

This account consists of:

	2024	2023
Software and licenses	P4,193,775	₽2,338,671
Exchange trading right	475,000	475,000
	P4,668,775	₽2,813,671

Software and Licenses

The balance and movements of software and licenses are as follows:

	2024	2023
Cost		
Balance at beginning of year	₽5,376,327	₽ 4,140,327
Additions	2,532,500	1,236,000
Balance at end of year	7,908,827	5,376,327
Accumulated Amortization		
Balance at beginning of year	3,037,656	2,477,480
Amortization	677,396	560,176
Balance at end of year	3,715,052	3,037,656
Carrying Amount	P4,193,775	₽2,338,671

In 2022, the Company developed an upgrade of its trader management system, which was completed in 2023. The related intangible asset amounting to \$\mathbb{P}1.0\$ million, which was presented as "Intangible assets under development" in 2022, was reclassified to software and licenses in 2023. This is considered as noncash financial information in the statements of cash flows.

Exchange Trading Right

Under the PSE rules, all exchange trading rights are pledged at its full value to PSE to secure the payment of all debts due to other members of the exchange arising out of, or in connection with, the present or future members' contracts.

Republic Act (RA) No. 8799 entitled SRC to prescribe the conversion of PSE from a non-stock corporation into a stock corporation (demutualization) effective August 8, 2001, pursuant to a conversion plan approved by the SEC.

As a result of the conversion plan and on the basis of the relative fair values of the PSE shares and the exchange trading right as of the time of the demutualization, the Company's membership in the PSE, originally amounting to P1.0 million was bifurcated equally into (a) investment in PSE shares (classified as financial assets at FVPL) and (b) exchange trading right. The investment in PSE shares was sold in 2020.

As at December 31, 2024 and 2023, the carrying amount of the exchange trading right is \$0.5 million.

As at December 31, 2024 and 2023, the latest transacted price of the exchange trading right, as provided by the PSE, is ₱8.0 million.

Details of depreciation and amortization are as follows:

	Note	2024	2023	2022
Property and equipment	12	P4,211,555	₽3,172,476	₽3,247,377
Intangible assets		677,396	560,176	398,318
Investment property	13	642,823	642,823	642,823
		P5,531,774	₽4,375,475	₽4,288,518

No impairment loss was recognized on intangible assets in 2024, 2023, and 2022.

12. Property and Equipment

The balances and movements of this account are as follows:

				2024		
		Office		Furniture,		
		Condominium		Fixtures, and		
		Units and	Leasehold	Office	Construction in	
	Note	Improvements	Improvements	Equipment	Progress	Total
Cost	•	·				
Balances at beginning of year		P21,123,830	P5,017,465	P22,059,175	P2,924,238	₽51,124,708
Additions		113,321	439,169	975,469	3,522,022	5,049,981
Reclassification		_	5,610,053	836,207	(6,446,260)	_
Disposal		-	-	(18,920)	-	(18,920)
Balances at end of year		21,237,151	11,066,687	23,851,931	_	56,155,769
Accumulated Depreciation						
and Amortization						
Balances at beginning of year		13,829,627	3,141,377	21,584,488	_	38,555,492
Depreciation and amortization	11	3,044,182	784,408	382,965	-	4,211,555
Disposal		-	-	(18,920)	-	(18,920)
Balances at end of year		16,873,809	3,925,785	21,948,533		42,748,127
Carrying Amounts		P4,363,342	₽7,140,902	P1,903,398	P-	P13,407,642

	_			20)23	
	-	Office		Furniture,		
		Condominium		Fixtures, and		
		Units and	Leasehold	Office	Construction in	
	Note	Improvements	improvements	Equipment	Progress	Total
Cost						
Balances at beginning of year		P22,776,802	₽5,017,465	₽22,028,345	₽	P49,822,612
Additions		3,561,283	_	272,259	2,924,238	6,757,780
Derecognition		(5,214,255)	-	(241,429)	_	(5,455,684)
Balances at end of year		21,123,830	5,017,465	22,059,175	2,924,238	51,124,708
Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization						
Balances at beginning of year		16,607,646	2,645,740	21,585,314	-	40,838,700
Depreciation and amortization	11	2,436,236	495,637	240,603	_	3,172,476
Derecognition		(5,214,255)		(241,429)	-	(5,455,684)
Balances at end of year		13,829,627	3,141,377	21,584,488	-	38,555,492
Carrying Amounts		₽7,294,203	P1,876,088	₽474,687	₽2,924,238	P12,569,216

Additions to ROU assets (included as part of "Office condominium units and improvements" in "Property and equipment" account) amounting to P0.1 million, P3.5 million, and P0.9 million in 2024, 2023, and 2022, respectively, are considered as noncash financial information in the statements of cash flows (see Note 20).

In 2022, additions to property and equipment amounted to ₽1.1 million.

In 2024, the Company sold fully-depreciated office equipment for \$\textstyle{2}446\$, resulting to a gain of the same amount.

In 2023, the Company derecognized ROU assets amounting to ₱5.2 million due to the expiration of the related lease contracts (see Note 20), and sold fully-depreciated office equipment for ₱1,786, resulting to a gain of the same amount.

As at December 31, 2024 and 2023, cost of fully-depreciated assets still in use amounted to ₽28.9 million and ₱28.2 million, respectively.

13. Investment Property

Investment property pertains to the condominium unit, which is currently held by the Company for capital appreciation.

The balance and movements of this account are as follows:

	Note	2024	2023
Cost			
Balances at beginning and end of year		₽12,856,487	₽12,856,487
Accumulated Depreciation			
Balances at beginning of year		3,856,938	3,214,115
Depreciation	11	642,823	642,823
Balances at end of year		4,499,761	3,856,938
Carrying Amount		₽8,356,726	₽8,999,549

The Company did not earn any income from the investment property in 2024, 2023, and 2022.

Direct costs incurred related to its investment property, which pertain to real property tax, amounted to \$25,612 in 2024, 2023, and 2022.

The fair value of investment property amounted to ₱42.9 million and ₱29.1 million as at December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The fair value was determined using the Sales Comparison Approach, which compares sales of similar or substitute properties and related market data to establish an estimated value (see Note 5).

14. Other Noncurrent Assets

This account consists of:

	Note	2024	2023
Refundable deposits from:			
Clearing and Trade Guarantee Fund			
(CTGF) contributions		P12,649,072	₽11,630,492
Rental	20	348,996	375 <i>,</i> 196
Others		279,012	326,262
		₽13,277,080	₽12,331,950

Refundable deposit from CTGF pertains to the monthly contributions paid by the Company, as a Clearing Member, to the CTGF maintained by the Securities Clearing Corporation of the Philippines (SCCP). The monthly contribution is equivalent to 1/500 of 1% applied to the Clearing Member's total monthly turnover value less block sales and cross transactions of the same flag. The deposit is refundable upon the cessation of the business and/or termination of the membership with the SCCP, provided that all liabilities owing to the SCCP at the time of termination, whether actual or contingent, shall have been satisfied or paid in full.

15. Trade Payables

This account consists of:

	2024		20	023
		Security		Security
	Money Balance	Valuation - Long	Money Balance	Valuation - Long
Payable to customers:				
With money balance	P171,188,023	P5,343,003,672	P150,173,617	P 5,995,210,304
Without money balance	-	2,842,656,597	_	4,385,478,483
	171,188,023	8,185,660,269	150,173,617	10,380,688,787
Dividends payable to customers	1,331,029	-	1,331,029	-
	P172,519,052	P8,185,660,269	₽151,504,646	P10,380,688,787

Payable to customers pertains to segregated bank balances received and held for customers in the course of its regulated trading activities. These are noninterest-bearing and payable within two business days from reporting date.

Dividends payable to customers are noninterest-bearing and payable on demand.

Trade payables are due to the following parties:

	Note	2024	2023
Third parties		P163,250,652	₽139,876,826
Related parties	17	9,268,400	11,627,820
		P172,519,052	₽151,504,646

16. Other Current Liabilities

This account consists of:

	2024	2023
Taxes payable	₽3,789,111	₽2,325,409
Accruals for:		
Commissions and employee bonuses	9,195,646	4,195,230
Professional fees	919,390	1,045,390
Membership fees	193,527	200,799
Others	321,442	371,114
Trading fee payable	488,606	512,981
Accounts payable	253,450	257,915
Statutory payables	460,711	387,880
	P15,621,883	₽9,296,718

Taxes payable, which pertains to output tax, withholding tax, and percentage tax payable to the BIR, are generally settled in the succeeding month from transaction date.

Accruals and accounts payable are noninterest-bearing and generally settled within one year.

Trading fee payable and statutory payables are generally settled in the succeeding month from the transaction date.

17. Related Party Transactions

The Company has transactions with its related parties in the ordinary course of business as follows:

		Amount o	f Transactions	Outst	anding Balance	
	Nature of Transactions	2024	2023	2024	2023	Terms and Conditions
Trade Receivables						
						Noninterest-bearing; secured;
Affiliate with common officers and						generally collected in cash
stockholders	Commission expense	P-	₽3,026,633	P-	₽213,477	within one year
Trade Payables (see Note 15)						
Key management personnel	Commission income	P205,167	P412,941	P8,634,540	₽10,793,345	Noninterest-bearing;
Affiliate with common officers and						secured; no guarantee;
stockholders	Commission income	400,025	676,571	633,860	834,475	settled in cash within one year
				P9,268,400	£11,627,820	
Other Current Liabilities						
Affiliate with common officers and						Unsecured; settled in cash
stockholders (see Note 20)	Lease of properties	P1,115,400	P1,115,400	P903,516	₽1,927,788	within one year
Affiliate with common officers and				•		Unsecured; settled in cash
stockholders	Purchase of goods	1,597,314	175,018	_	-	within one year
				P903,516	P1,927,788	
Personnel Costs						
	•					Noninterest-bearing,
	Short-term employee					unsecured and payable within
Key management personnel	benefits	P8,062,309	₽6,675,273	P -	₽	the month of Incurrence
	Directors' fees	115,000	110,000	_	-	
						Noninterest-bearing,
						unsecured and payable upon
	Retirement benefits	263,458	261,916	4,322,234	3,479,206	retirement

No impairment loss was recognized on trade receivables from related parties in 2024, 2023, and 2022.

18. Personnel Costs

This account consists of:

	Note	2024	2023	2022
Salaries and wages		₽48,962,671	₽40,189,293	P35,103,170
Retirement expense	19	2,686,399	1,839,752	2,248,659
Other benefits		8,411,649	5,780,877	6,582,290
		₽60,060,719	₽47,809,922	P43,934,119

Personnel costs were distributed as follows:

	2024	2023	2022
Cost of services	P40,162,024	P32,179,119	₽29,179,822
Operating expenses	19,898,695	15,630,803	14,754,297
	P60,060,719	₽47,809,922	P43,934,119

19. Retirement Plan

The Company has a funded, noncontributory defined benefit retirement plan covering substantially all of its regular employees. The benefits are based on a certain percentage of the final monthly basic salary for every year of credited service of the employees. The funded benefit obligation under the defined benefit retirement plan is determined using the projected unit credit method. The benefits to be received by the employees under the defined benefit retirement plan shall not be less than the minimum mandated benefit under RA No. 7641, *The Retirement Pay Law*. There were no termination, curtailment, or settlement in 2024 and 2023. The latest actuarial valuation of the present value of the defined benefit obligation as at December 31, 2024 is dated January 26, 2025.

The components of retirement benefit costs included under "Personnel costs" and "Interest expense" accounts in the statements of comprehensive income are as follows:

	Note	2024	2023	2022
Current service cost	18	P 2,686,399	₽1,839,752	₽2,248,659
Net interest cost		1,712,482	1,331,476	1,026,489
		₽4,398,881	P3,171,228	₽3,275,148

The components of net retirement benefit liability recognized in the statements of financial position are as follows:

	2024	2023
Balance at beginning of year	P27,620,668	₽18,239,384
Current service cost	2,686,399	1,839,752
Net interest cost	1,712,482	1,331,476
Remeasurement loss (gain) recognized in OCI	(1,095,045)	6,510,056
Contributions		(300,000)
Balance at end of year	P30,924,504	₽27,620,668

The funded status and amounts recognized in the statements of financial position for the net retirement benefit liability are as follows:

	2024	2023
Present value of retirement benefit liability	₽32,083,286	₽28,707,509
Fair value of plan assets	(1,158,782)	(1,086,841)
	P30,924,504	₽27,620,668

The changes in the present value of the retirement benefit liability are as follows:

	2024	2023
Balance at beginning of year	P28,707,509	₽19,816,199
Current service cost	2,686,399	1,839,752
Interest cost	1,779,866	1,446,583
Remeasurement loss (gain) recognized in OCI:		
Experience adjustments	(1,090,488)	2,737,463
Change in financial assumptions	-	3,722,512
Benefits paid	_	(855,000)
Balance at end of year	P32,083,286	₽28,707,509

The changes in the fair value of the plan assets are as follows:

	2024	2023
Balance at beginning of year	P1,086,841	₽1,576,815
Contributions	-	300,000
Interest income	67,384	115,107
Remeasurement gain (loss) recognized in OCI	4,557	(50,081)
Benefits paid	-	(855,000)
Balance at end of year	P1,158,782	₽1,086,841
Actual return on plan assets	P71,941	₽4,557

The major categories of plan assets as a percentage of the fair value of total plan assets are as follows:

	2024	2023
Cash in bank	3.43%	8.91%
Debt securities	96.45%	90.88%
Others	0.12%	0.21%
	100.00%	100.00%

The cumulative remeasurement gains (losses) on retirement benefits recognized in the statements of financial position are as follows:

		2024	
	Cumulative	Deferred Tax	
	Remeasurement	Expense	
	Gains	(see Note 21)	Net
Balances at beginning of year	₽1,475,966	(P 368,993)	₽1,106,973
Remeasurement gain	1,095,045	(273,761)	821,284
Balances at end of year	P2,571,011	(P 642,754)	P1,928,257
		2023	
	Cumulative	Deferred Tax	
	Remeasurement	Benefits	
	Gains (Losses)	(Expense)	Net
Balances at beginning of year	₽7,986,022	(₽1,996,507)	P5,989,515
Remeasurement loss	(6,510,056)	1,627,514	(4,882, <u>542)</u>
Balances at end of year	₽1,475,966	(₱368,993)	₽1,106,973
		2022	
	Cumulative		
	Remeasurement	Deferred Tax	
	Gains	Expense	Net
Balances at beginning of year	₽3,210,084	(₽802,522)	P2,407,562
Remeasurement gain	4,775,938	(1,193,985)	3,581,953
Balances at end of year	₽ 7,986,022	(2 1,996,507)	₽5,989,515

The principal assumptions used in determining retirement benefit liability are as follows:

	2024	2023
Discount rate	6.20%	6.20%
Future salary increase	5.00%	5.00%

Sensitivity analysis on retirement benefit liability is as follows:

	Change in Ef	fect on Retirement	Benefit Liability
	Assumption	2024	2023
Discount rate	+1.00%	(P3,765,081)	(P3,414,137)
	-1.00%	4,529,543	4,116,435
Salary increase rate	+1.00%	4,303,057	3,911,490
•	-1.00%	(3,644,501)	(3,305,329)

The sensitivity analysis above has been determined based on a method that extrapolates the impact on net defined benefit obligation as a result of reasonable changes in key assumptions occurring as at the end of the reporting period.

The plan exposes the Company to actuarial risk such as interest rate risk, longevity risk, and salary risk.

Interest Risks. The present value of the defined benefit obligation is calculated using a discount rate determined by reference to market yields of government bonds. Generally, a decrease in the interest rate of a reference government bonds will increase the plan obligation.

Longevity and Salary Risks. The present value of the defined benefit obligation is calculated by reference to the best estimate of the mortality of the plan participants both during and after their employment, and to their future salaries. Consequently, increases in the life expectancy and salary of the plan participants will result in an increase in the plan obligation.

As at December 31, 2024, the maturity analysis of the undiscounted retirement benefit liability is as follows:

Year	Amount
More than one year to five years	₽12,675,339
More than five years to 10 years	12,148,030
More than 10 years to 15 years	26,960,535
More than 15 years	202,774,134
	₽254,558,038

As at December 31, 2024, the average duration of the net retirement benefit liability at the end of the reporting period is 34 years.

20. Leases

The Company, as lessee, has lease agreements for its office spaces with lease terms ranging from two to three years as at December 31, 2024, and 2023. The leases are renewable upon mutual agreement of the parties. Refundable deposits on these lease agreements amounted \$\mathbb{P}0.3\$ million and \$\mathbb{P}0.4\$ million as at December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively (see Note 14).

The balance and movements of ROU assets (included as part of "Office Condominium Units and Improvements" account in Property and Equipment) are as follows:

	Note	2024	2023
Cost			
Balance at beginning of year		P4,406,706	₽6,076,476
Additions	12	113,321	3,544,485
Derecognition	12	-	(5,214,255)
Balance at end of year		4,520,027	4,406,706
Accumulated Depreciation			
Balance at beginning of year		678,584	4,397,640
Depreciation		2,102,145	1,495,199
Derecognition	12	-	(5,214,255)
Balance at end of year		2,780,729	678,584
Carrying Amount		₽1,739,298	₽3,728,122

The balance and movements of lease liabilities are as follows:

	Note	2024	2023
Balance at beginning of year		₽3,761,773	₽1,695,532
Additions		113,321	3,544,485
Interest expense	19	177,367	58,056
Lease payments		(2,217,445)	(1,536,300)
Balance at end of year		P1,835,016	₽3,761,773

Lease liabilities are presented in the statements of financial position as follows:

	2024	2023
Current	P1,820,166	₽1,998,815
Noncurrent	14,850	1,762,958
	P1,835,016	₽3,761,773

Lease liabilities are payable to the following parties:

	Note	2024	2023
Third parties		P931,500	₽1,833,985
Related parties	17	903,516	1,927,788
	•	P1,835,016	₽3,761,773

The Company recognized the following lease-related expenses:

	2024	2023	2022
Depreciation	P2,102,145	₽1,495,199	₽1,379,709
Interest expense on lease liabilities	177,367	58,056	54, <u>611</u>
	₽2,279,512	₽1,553,255	₽1,434,320

Future minimum lease commitments under non-cancellable leases as at December 31, 2024 are as follows:

Within one year	₽ 1,844,579
After one year but no more than three years	15,000
	₽1,859,579

21. Income Taxes

The components of income taxes as reported in the statements of comprehensive income are as follows:

	Note	2024	2023	2022
Reported in Profit or Loss				
Current tax expense - MCIT		P126,996	₽—	₽265,860
Deferred tax expense (benefit)		(5,113,924)	(18,471,870)	957,930
		(P4,986,928)	(18,471,870)	₽1,223,790
Reported in OCI Deferred tax expense (benefit) on: Remeasurement gains (losses) on				
net retirement benefit liability Cumulative unrealized gains (losses) on changes in fair value of financial assets at	19	P273,761	(P1,627,514)	₽1,193,985
FVOCI	9	17,531	7,858,519	(4,671,502)
		₽291,292	₽6,231,005	(P3,477,517)

The components of the Company's net deferred tax assets are as follows:

	Note	2024	2023
Deferred tax assets:		•••	
NOLCO		P28,013,900	₽20,733,560
Net retirement benefit liability		7,731,126	6,905,167
Lease liabilities		458,754	940,443
Excess MCIT over RCIT		392,856	265,860
Allowance for credit losses		89,220	89,905
Excess of cost over fair value of			
financial assets at FVPL		1,336,229	459,527
		38,022,085	29,394,462
Deferred tax liabilities:			
Unrealized foreign exchange gain		11,643,157	7,343,890
Cumulative unrealized gain on changes in			
fair value of debt securities at FVOCI	9	3,204,548	3,187,017
ROU assets		434,825	932,031
Others		136,783	151,384
		15,419,313	11,614,322
		P22,602,772	₽17,780,140

The details of NOLCO and excess MCIT over RCIT are as follows:

	inception				
	Year	Amount	Applied/Expired	Ending Balance	Expiry Year
NOLCO	2024	₽29,121,361	₽-	₽29,121,361	2027
	2023	66,754,999	_	66,754,999	2026
	2022	16,179,239	-	16,179,239	2025
		₽112,055,599		P112,055,599	
Excess MCIT					
over RCIT	2024	₽126,996	₽	₽126,996	2027
	2022	265,860	_	265,860	2025
		₽392,856	_	₽392,856	

On March 26, 2021, RA No. 11534 or the Corporate Recovery and Tax Incentive for Enterprises (CREATE) Act was signed into law by the President of the Philippines. Under the CREATE law, the Company's RCIT is 25% instead of 30% income tax rate. In addition, MCIT is subjected to 1% instead of 2% of gross income for a period of three years. The changes in the income tax rates became effective beginning July 1, 2020.

As mandated by Revenue Memorandum Circular (RMC) No. 69-2023, MCIT shall revert to 2% of gross income starting July 1, 2023.

The income tax rates used in the financial statements are 25% for RCIT and 2%, 1.5%, and 1% for MCIT in 2024, 2023, and 2022, respectively.

The reconciliation between the income tax expense (benefit) based on statutory income tax rate and effective income tax rate is as follows:

	2024	2023	2022
Income tax expense at statutory tax rate	P14,886,751	P1,131,379	₽13,365,229
Tax effects of:			
Interest income already subjected to			
final tax	(19,558,497)	(19,380,578)	(8,164,709)
Dividend income exempt from tax	(581,204)	(383,906)	(684,354)
Nondeductible expenses	266,022	161,235	193,405
Stock issuance costs	_	_	(3,485,781)
Income tax at effective tax rate	(₽4,986,928)	(₽18,471,870)	₽1,223,790

22. Earnings per Share

Basic and diluted EPS are computed as follows:

	2024	2023	2022
Net income attributable to common stockholders	₽64,533,932	₽22,997,384	₽52,237,125
Divided by weighted average number of outstanding common shares	6,875,000,000	6,875,000,000	6,473,958,333
Per share amounts: Basic and diluted EPS	P0.0094	₽0.0033	₽0.0081

Diluted EPS equals the basic EPS as the Company does not have any dilutive potential common shares at the end of each of the years presented.

23. Segment Reporting

Business Segments

The Company's business segments consist of local and global trading.

Segment Assets and Liabilities

Segment assets include all operating assets used by a segment and consist primarily of operating cash, financial assets at FVPL, investments in government securities, receivables, property and equipment, investment property, and intangible assets (net of allowances, accumulated depreciation and amortization, and impairment), and other current and noncurrent assets. Segment liabilities include all operating liabilities and consist primarily of trade payables and other current and noncurrent liabilities.

Major Customer

The Company does not have a single external customer from which sales revenue generated amounted to 10% or more of the total revenues of the Company.

Financial information about reportable segments are as follows:

December 31, 2024		
Local Trading	Global Trading	Total
₽78,233,986	₽13,051,671	₽ 91, 2 85,657
40,107,060	22,958,421	63,065,481
4,283,997	_	4,283,997
2,324,817	1,164,582	3,489,399
369,989		369,989
125,319,849	37,174.674	162,494,523
20,081,012	20,081,012	40,162,024
9,848,133	8,467,084	18,315,217
4,011,288	9,421,337	13,432,625
869,186	1,795,926	2,665,112
2,660,082	-	2,660,082
1,186,903	_	1,186,903
931,017	-	931,017
39,587,621	39,765,359	79,352,980
85,732,228	(2,590,685)	83,141,543
(36,001,762)	(4,786,966)	(40,788,728)
(256,686)	17,450,429	17,193,743
446		446
49,474,226	10,072,778	59,547,004
(7,529,015)	2,542,087	(4,986,928)
₽57,003,241	₽7,530,691	P64,533,932
₽1,848,933,860	₽ 428,624,359	\$2,277,558,219
₽220,900,455	₽-	P220,900,455
₽ 7,469,160	P-	₽7, 469,160
P23.739.385	(2 34.991.087)	(P11,251,702)
(7,468,714)	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(7,468,714)
	P78,233,986 40,107,060 4,283,997 2,324,817 369,989 125,319,849 20,081,012 9,848,133 4,011,288 869,186 2,660,082 1,186,903 931,017 39,587,621 85,732,228 (36,001,762) (256,686) 446 49,474,226 (7,529,015) P57,003,241 P1,848,933,860 P220,900,455	R78,233,986

	E	ecember 31, 2023	
	Local Trading	Global Trading	Total
REVENUES		•	
Interests	₽ 77,522,310	₽18,222,492	₽95,744,802
Trading gains (losses) on financial assets at			
FVPL - net	20,571,407	(20,143,546)	427,861
Commissions	5,290,848	-	5,290,848
Dividends	1,535,623	709,788	2,245,411
	104,920,188	(1,211,266)	103,708,922
COST OF SERVICES			
Personnel costs	16,089,560	16,089,559	32,179,119
Commissions	7,257,084	1,907,096	9,164,180
Transaction costs	2,416,327	12,872,984	15,289,311
Research	-	2,533,446	2,533,446
Stock exchange dues and fees	1,710,872	_	1,710,872
Communications	1,070,503	_	1,070,503
Central depository fees	1,033,088	_	1,033,088
	29,577,434	33,403,085	62,980,519
GROSS PROFIT (LOSS)	75,342,754	(34,614,351)	40,728,403
OPERATING EXPENSES	(29,700,670)	(3,643,442)	(33,344,112)
OTHER INCOME (LOSSSES)			
Foreign exchange losses	(120,568)	(2,739,995)	(2,860,563)
Other income	1,786		1,786
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE INCOME TAX	45,523,302	(40,997,788)	4,525,514
INCOME TAX BENEFIT	(10,051,940)	(8,419,930)	(18,471,870)
NET INCOME (LOSS)	P55,575,242	(2 32,577,858)	P22,997,384
SEGMENT ASSETS	₽1,815,080,283	₽386,503,478	P2,201,583,761
SEGMENT LIABILITIES	₽192,183,805	₽	₽192,183,805
CAPITAL EXPENDITURES			
Fixed assets	₽3,460,495	P -	₽3,460,495
CASH FLOWS ARISING FROM:			
Operating activities	P55,713,197	(₱76,816,539)	(P21,103,342)
Investing activities	(7,601,413)	54,142,704	46,541,291
Financing activities	(22,876,300)	2 .,,. 0 .	(22,876,300)

December 31, 2022 **Local Trading Global Trading** Total **REVENUES** Interests ₽32,658,836 ₽7,486,742 ₽40,145,578 32,466,943 Trading gains on financial assets at FVPL - net 25,858,467 6,608,476 Commissions 11,541,693 11,541,693 Dividends 2,737,414 858,895 3,596,309 72,796,410 14,954,113 87,750,523 COST OF SERVICES Personnel costs 14,589,911 14,589,911 29,179,822 10,896,361 24,962,591 Commissions 14,066,230 Transaction costs 2,769,872 9,898,529 12,668,401 Research 2,496,028 2,496,028 Stock exchange dues and fees 2,039,309 2,039,309 Communications 822,178 822,178 1,094,279 Central depository fees 1,094,279 35,381,779 37,880,829 73,262,608 **GROSS PROFIT (LOSS)** 37,414,631 14,487,915 (22,926,716)(27,736,291) **OPERATING EXPENSES** (4,995,029) (32,731,320) OTHER INCOME Foreign exchange gains (losses) (133,742)71,838,062 71,704,320 **INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX** 53,460,915 9,544,598 43,916,317 **INCOME TAX EXPENSE (BENEFIT)** (9,998,414) 11,222,204 1,223,790 **NET INCOME** P19,543,012 P32,694,113 ₽52,237,125 SEGMENT ASSETS **₽1,850,065,975** P349,458,248 ₽2,199,524,223 **SEGMENT LIABILITIES ₽210,474,665 P210,474,665 CAPITAL EXPENDITURES** ₽233,174 Fixed assets ₽233,174 **CASH FLOWS ARISING FROM:** Operating activities (P140,030,295) ₽59,352,189 (\$80,678,106) (1,245,923,784) Investing activities (956,474,895) (289,448,889) 1,359,626,952 Financing activities 1,359,626,952

24. Reconciliation of Liabilities Arising from Financing Activities

The table below details changes in the Company's liabilities arising from financing activities, including both cash and noncash changes:

		2024			2023	
	Lease	Dividends		Lease	Dividends	*
	Liabilities	Payable	Total	Liabilities	Payable	Total
Balance at beginning of year	P3,761,773	P-	P3,761,773	P1,695,532	₽-	P1,695,532
Noncash changes:						
Additions to						
lease liabilities	113,321	_	113,321	3,544,485	-	3,544,485
Interest expense	177,367		177,367	58,056	-	58,056
Dividend declaration	_	18,150,000	18,150,000		21,340,000	21,340,000
Cash changes:						
Payments	(2,217,445)	(18,150,000)	(20,367,445)	(1,536,300)	(21,340,000)	(22,876,300)
Balance at end of year	P1,835,016	R-	P1,835,016	P3,761,773	R	P3,761,773



BDO Towers Valero 8741 Paseo de Roxas Makati City 1209 Philippine:

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS ON SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES

The Stockholders and the Board of Directors CTS Global Equity Group, Inc. 27/F East Tower, Philippine Stock Exchange Centre, Exchange Road, Ortigas Center, Pasig City

We have audited in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing, the financial statements of CTS Global Equity Group, Inc., doing business under the names and styles of CTS Global, CTS Global Equities, CTS Global Securities, CTS Securities, and Citisecurities (the Company) as at December 31, 2024 and 2023 and for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023, and 2022, and have issued our opinion thereon dated March 14, 2025. Our audits were made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The accompanying schedules are the responsibility of the Company's management. These supplementary schedules include the following:

- Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of General Creditors;
- Computation of Risk-Based Capital Adequacy Worksheet Pursuant to SEC Memorandum Circular No. 16;
- Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements under SRC Rule 49.2;
- Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements under SRC Rule 49.2;
- A Report Describing Any Material Inadequacies Found to Exist or Found to Have Existed Since the Date of the Previous Audit;
- Results of Year-end Securities Count Conducted Pursuant to SRC Rule 52.1-10, as Amended;
- Reconciliation of Retained Earnings Available for Dividend Declaration under the Revised SRC Rule 68;
- Financial Soundness Indicators under the Revised SRC Rule 68; and
- Additional supplementary schedules under Annex 68-J of the Revised SRC Rule 68.

The financial soundness indicators are not measures of operating performance defined by Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRS) Accounting Standards and may not be comparable to similarly titled measures presented by other companies. The components of these financial soundness indicators have been traced to the Company's financial statements as at December 31, 2024 and 2023 and for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023, and 2022, and no material exceptions were noted.



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The foregoing supplementary schedules are presented for purposes of complying with the Revised Securities Regulations Code Rule 68 issued by the SEC, and are not part of the basic financial statements prepared in accordance with PFRS. These supplementary schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, fairly states, in all material respects, the financial data required to be set forth therein in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

REYES TACANDONG & CO.

Mark Christian Mr. abstra

MARK CHRISTIAN M. ABABA

Partner

CPA Certificate No. 130245

Tax Identification No. 287-809-533-000

BOA Accreditation No. 4782/P-027; Valid until June 6, 2026

BIR Accreditation No. 08-005144-026-2024

Valid until March 26, 2027

PTR No. 10467117

Issued January 2, 2025, Makati City

March 14, 2025 Makati City, Metro Manila

SCHEDULE I

CTS GLOBAL EQUITY GROUP, INC. STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN LIABILITIES SUBORDINATED TO CLAIMS OF GENERAL CREDITORS

DECEMBER 31, 2024

The Company has no subordinated liability.

SCHEDULE II

CTS GLOBAL EQUITY GROUP, INC. COMPUTATION OF RISK-BASED CAPITAL ADEQUACY WORKSHEET PURSUANT TO SEC MEMORANDUM CIRCULAR NO. 16

Assets	#2,277,558,219
Liabilities	220,900,455
Equity per books	2,056,657,764
Adjustments to Equity per books	
Add (Deduct):	
Allowance for Market Decline	_
Subordinated Liability	
Unrealized Gain / (Loss) In Proprietary Accounts	-
Deferred Income Tax	(38,022,085)
Deposit for Future Stock Subscription	
Minority Interest	
Total Adjustments to Equity per books	(38,022,085)
Equity Eligible For Net Liquid Capital	2,018,635,679
Contingencies and Guarantees	
Deduct: Contingent Liability	<u>-</u>
Guarantees or Indemnities	-
Ineligible Assets	
a. Trading Right and all Other Intangible Assets (net)	4,668,775
b. Intercompany Receivables	
c. Fixed Assets, net of accumulated and excluding those used as collateral	21,764,368
d. Prepayment from Client for Early Settlement of Account	
e. All Other Current Assets	10,233,052
f. Securities Not Readily Marketable	
g. Negative Exposure (SCCP)	
h. Notes Receivable (non-trade related)	
i. Interest and Dividends Receivables outstanding for more than 30 days	
. Ineligible Insurance claims	
k. Ineligible Deposits	
l. Short Security Differences	
m. Long Security Differences not resolved prior to sale	
n. Other Assets including Equity Investment in PSE	13,277,080
Total ineligible assets	49,943,275
,	
Net Liquid Capital (NLC)	1,968,692,404
Less:	
Operating Risk Requirement	27,886,792
Position Risk Requirement	87,212,331
Counterparty Risk	_
Large Exposure Risk	
LERR to a Single Client	
LERR to a Single Debt	34,341,494
LERR to a Single Issuer and Company of Companies	
Total Risk Capital Requirement (TRCR)	149,440,617
Net RBCA Margin (NLC-TRCR)	1,819,251,787
Liabilities	220,900,455
Add: Deposit for Future Stock Subscription	
Less: Exclusions from Aggregate Indebtedness	
Subordinated Liability	
Loans and Secured Securities	-
Loans Secured by Fixed Assets	
Others	24,753,504
Total Adjustments to Al	(24,753,504)
Aggregate Indebtedness	196,146,951
5% of Aggregate Indebtedness	9,807,348
Required Net Liquid Capital (> of 5% of Al or P5M)	9,807,348
Net Risk-Based Capital Excess / (Deficiency)	1,958,885,056
Ratio of Al to Net Liquid Capital	10%
RBCA Ratio (NLC/TRCR)	1,317%

SCHEDULE III

CTS GLOBAL EQUITY GROUP, INC. INFORMATION RELATING TO THE POSSESSION OR CONTROL REQUIREMENTS UNDER SRC RULE 49.2

DECEMBER 31, 2024

Customers' fully paid securities and excess margin securities not in the broker's or dealer's possession or control as at the report date (for which instructions to reduce to possession or control had been issued as at the report date but for which the required action was not taken by respondent within the time frame specified under SRC Rule 49.2):

at the report date but for which the required specified under SRC Rule 49.2):	action was not taken by respondent	within the time frame
Market valuation	NIL	
Number of items	NIL	
Customers' fully paid securities and excess ma or control had not been issued as at the repor- result from normal business operations" as pe	t date, excluding items arising from "	•
Market valuation	NIL	
Number of items	NIL	

SCHEDULE IV

CTS GLOBAL EQUITY GROUP, INC. COMPUTATION FOR DETERMINATION OF RESERVE REQUIREMENTS UNDER SRC RULE 49.2

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SCHEDULE V

CTS GLOBAL EQUITY GROUP, INC. A REPORT DESCRIBING ANY MATERIAL INADEQUACIES FOUND TO EXIST OR FOUND TO HAVE EXISTED SINCE THE DATE OF THE PREVIOUS AUDIT

DECEMBER 31, 2024

There were no matters involving the Company's internal structure and its operations that were considered to be material weaknesses.

SCHEDULE VI

CTS GLOBAL EQUITY GROUP, INC. RESULTS OF YEAR-END SECURITIES COUNT CONDUCTED PURSUANT TO SRC RULE 52.1-10, AS AMENDED

DECEMBER 31, 2024

There is no discrepancy in the results of the securities count conducted. Refer to page 75-79 for the results of year-end securities count conducted for the year ended December 31, 2024.

CTS GLOBAL EQUITY GROUP, INC. RESULTS OF YEAR-END SECURITIES COUNT CONDUCTED PURSUANT TO SRC RULE 52.1-10, AS AMENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

		Per Re	cords	Per C	ount	Unio: Diffe	
CODE	NAME	No. of Shares	Market Value	No. of Shares	Market Value	No. of Shares	Market Value
700	TENCENT HOLDINGS LTD	2,900	P9,031,224	2,900	P9,031,224	-	2-
AAA	ASIA AMALGAMATED CORP.	9,700		9,700	-	_	–
AB	ATOK BIG WEDGE	1,170	6,365	1,170	6,365	_	_
ABA	ABACORE CAPITAL HOLDINGS, INC.	1,180,320	625,570	1,180,320	625,570	_	_
ABG	ASIABEST GROUP	13,400		13,400	-	_	_
ABS	ABS-CBN	60,330	253,386	60,330	253,386	_	_
ABSP	ABS CBN PDR	14,700	55,860	14,700	55,860	_	_
AC	AYALA CORPORATION	40,898	24,497,902	40,898	24,497,902	_	_
ACE	ACESITE HOTEL	308,698	549,482	308,698	549,482	_	_
ACENB	ACEN CORP SERIES B PREF SHARES	10,984,809	1,884,960	10,984,809	1,884,960	_	_
ACEN	ACEN CORPORATION	1,785	43,939,236	1,785	43,939,236	-	_
ACPAR	AYALA CORPORATION CLASS A PREFERRED	2,440	6,222,000	2,440	6,222,000	_	
ACPB3	AYALA CORPORATION CLASS B3 PREFERRED	4,000	8,208,000	4,000	8,208,000		_
ACR	ALSONS CONS.	20,723,000	9,532,580	20,723,000	9,532,580	_	_
AEV	ABOITIZ EQUITY	423,830	14,558,561	423,830	14,558,561	_	_
AGI	ALLIANCE GLOBAL GROUP, INC.	2,383,100	21,447,900	2,383,100	21,447,900	_	_
ALCO	ARTHALAND CORPORATION	508,025	185,429	508,025	185,429	_	_
ALHI	ANCHOR LAND HOLDINGS	137,850	661,680	137,850	661,680	_	_
ALI	AYALA LAND	1,392,534	36,484,391	1,392,534	36,484,391	_	_
ALLDY	ALLDAY MARTS, INC.	16,752,000	2,228,016	16,752,000	2,228,016	_	_
ALLHC	AYALALAND LOGISTICS HOLDINGS CORP.	994,540	1,690,718	994,540	1,690,718	_	_
ALTER	ALTERNERGY HOLDINGS CORP.	40,000	48,000	40,000	48,000		_
ANI	AGRINURTURE, INC.	87,900	44,829	87,900	44,829	_	_
ANS	ANSCOR	1,602,365	21,920,353	1,602,365	21,920,353	_	
AP	ABOITIZ POWER CORP	402,873	15,188,312	402,873	15,188,312	_	_
APC	APC GROUP	4,594,200	849,927	4,594,200	849,927	_	
APL	APOLLO GLOBAL CAPITAL, INC.	38,574,500	154,298	38,574,500	154,298	_	_
APO	ANGLO-PHIL.	4,089,332	1,840,199	4,089,332	1,840,199	_	_
APVI	ALTUS PROPERTY VENTURES INC	2,803	23,321	2,803	23,321	_	_
APX	APEX MINING A	72,621,332	250,543,595	72,621,332	250,543,595	_	_
	ABRA MINING A	383,200,000	230,343,353	383,200,000	230,343,333	_	_
AR ARA	ARANETA PROPERTIES	1,162,245	592,745	1,162,245	592,745	_	_
AREIT	AREIT RT	708,400	26,883,780	708,400	26,883,780	_	_
		241,000	248,230	241,000	248,230	_	_
ASLAG	RASLAG CORP.	•		3,730,625	16,340,138	_	
AT	ATLAS CONS.	3,730,625	16,340,138	202,499	3,442,483	_	_
ATI	ASIAN TERMINALS	202,499	3,442,483 2,234,960		2,234,960	_	_
ATN	ATN HOLDINGS A	4,298,000	• •	4,298,000	3,120	_	
ATNB	ATN HOLDINGS B	6,000	3,120 18,091,455	6,000	18,091,455		_
AUB	ASIA UNITED BANK CORPORATION	294,170		294,170 392,000	1,015,280	_	_
AXLM	AXELUM RESOURCES CORP	392,000	1,015,280		794,397	_	_
BC	BENGUET CORP. A	200,100	794,397	200,100		_	_
BCB	BENGUET CORP. B	2,529	9,964	2,529 43	9,964 701	_	
BCP	BENGUET CORP. CONV. PREF. A	43	701		209,582,784	_	_
BDO	BDO UNIBANK, INC.	1,455,436	209,582,784	1,455,436		_	_
BEL	BELLE CORP.	60,834,051	100,984,525	60,834,051	100,984,525	_	_
BHI	BOULEVARD HOLDINGS, INC.	3,970,000	293,780	3,970,000	293,780	_	_
BKR	BRIGHT KINDLE RESOURCES & INVESTMEN	1,049,740	1,039,243	1,049,740	1,039,243	_	_
BLOOM	BLOOMBERRY	1,967,200	9,009,776	1,967,200	9,009,776	_	_
BMM	BOGO MEDELLIN MILLING	5,425	475 500	5,425	175 500		
BNCOM	BANK OF COMMERCE	26,000	175,500	26,000	175,500		- -
BPI	BANK OF P.I.	99,181	12,100,082	99,181	12,100,082	_	-
BRN	A BROWN CO., INC.	5,323,944	2,981,409	5,323,944	2,981,409	_	-
BRNPC	A BROWN COMPANY PREF. C	20,000	2,044,000	20,000	2,044,000	_	_
BSC	BASIC ENERGY CORPORATION	5,288,317	740,364	5,288,317	740,364	-	_
C	CHELSEA LOGISTICS AND INFRASTRUCTUR	244,300	320,033	244,300	320,033	-	-
CA	CONCRETE AGGREGATES A	2,000	80,300	2,000	80,300	-	-
CAT	CENTAL AZUCARERA DE TARLAC	112,000	1,254,400	112,000	1,254,400	-	_

		Per R	ecords	Per (Count		cated rence
		No. of	Market	No. of	Market	No. of	Market
CODE CBC	NAME CHIMA PANISING CORRODATION	Shares 6,232,219	P395,745,907	Shares 6,232,219	Value P395,745,907	Shares 	Value R-
CDC	CHINA BANKING CORPORATION CITYLAND DEV. CORP.	6,232,219 7,306	¥393,745,907 4,968	6,232,219 7,306	#393,743,907 4,968	_	-
CEB	CEBU AIR, INC.	43,900	1,240,175	43,900	1,240,175	_	_
CEBCP	CEBU AIR INC	19,607	676,442	19,607	676,442	_	_
CEI	CROWN EQUITIES	7,854,910	439,875	7,854,910	439,875	_	_
CEU	CENTRO ESCOLAR UNIV	3,600	49,680	3,600	49,680	_	_
CHI	CEBU HOLDINGS, INC.	2,656,729		2,656,729	_	_	_
CHIB	CHINA BANKING CORP.	104,810	_	104,810	_	_	-
CHP	CEMEX HOLDINGS PHILIPPINES, INC.	27,700	4,728,978	27,700	4,728,978	-	_
CIP	CHEMICAL INDUSTRIES	1,094,000	-	1,094,000	-	-	-
CLI	CEBU LANDMASTERS INC	700,000	277,747	700,000	277,747	-	-
CNPF	CENTURY PACIFIC FOODS, INC.	1,952,235,750	1,162,015	1,952,235,750	1,162,015	-	-
CNVRG	CONVERGE INFORMATION AND COMMUNICAT	2,350,194	17,657,160	2,350,194	17,657,160	-	-
COAL	COAL COMMON SHARES	287,175	107,800	287,175	107,800	-	-
COL	COL FINANCIAL	174,000	3,221,188,988	174,000	3,221,188,988	-	_
COSCO	COSCO CAPITAL, INC.	10,000	12,644,044	10,000	12,644,044	-	-
CPG	CENTURY PROPERTIES GROUP INC.	2,824,000	120,614	2,824,000	120,614	-	-
CPM	CENTURY PEAK HOLDINGS CORPORATION	10,000	435,000	10,000	435,000	-	-
CREC	CITICORE RENEWABLE CORP.	2,979,599,540	32,100	2,979,599,540	32,100	-	· -
CREIT	CITICORE RT	3,630,550	8,613,200	3,630,550	8,613,200	-	-
CROWN	CROWN ASIA CHEM CORP COMMON SHARES	156,100	17,100	156,100	17,100	-	-
CTS	CTS GLOBAL EQUITY GROUP, INC.	5,932,000	1,936,739,701	5,932,000	1,936,739,701	-	-
CYBR	CYBER BAY CORP.	36,040	_	36,040	-	-	-
DD	DOUBLE DRAGON CORPORATION	456,100	1,592,220	456,100	1,592,220	-	-
DDMPR	DDMP RT	2,000	6,109,960	2,000	6,109,960	-	-
DDPR	DOUBLEDRAGON CORPORATION- PREF	411,955	3,503,088	411,955	3,503,088	-	-
DELM	DEL MONTE PACIFIC LIMITED	1,510,674	1,778,790	1,510,674	1,778,790	-	_
DFNN DHI	DENN, INC.	270,512	5,700	270,512	5,700	_	_
DITÓ	DOMINION HOLDINGS, INC. DITO CME HOLDINGS CORP	2,340,530 229,500	659,128	2,340,530 229,500	659,128 2,477,505	_	_
DIZ	DIZON COPPER SILVER	9,239,200	2,477,505 549,139	9,239,200	549,139	_	_
DMC	DMCI HOLDINGS	2,166,100	25,324,535	2,166,100	25,324,535	_	_
DMW	DM WENCESLAO AND ASSOCIATES INC	1,212,560	1,266,840	1,212,560	1,266,840	_	_
DNL	DNL INDUSTRIES, INC.	2,505,099	56,266,728	2,505,099	56,266,728	_	_
DWC	DISCOVERY WORLD CORPORATION	6,000,000	2,426,032	6,000,000	2,426,032	_	_
ECVC	EAST COAST VULCAN CORPORATION	5,356,970	375,894	5,356,970	375,894	_	_
EEI	EEI CORP.	200,000	9,018,356	200,000	9,018,356	_	_
EG	IP E-GAME VENTURES INC.	15,982,409	· -	15,982,409	-	_	_
EIBA	EXPORT & INDUSTRY BANK, INC.	238,900	_	238,900	_	_	_
EIBB	EXPORT & INDUSTRY BANK 8	290,487	-	290,487	_	-	-
ELI	EMPIRE EAST	495,000	1,917,889	495,000	1,917,889	_	_
EMI	EMPERADOR INC	268,209	4,314,534	268,209	4,314,534	-	-
ENEX	ENEX ENERGY CORP.	163,600	1,452,435	163,600	1,452,435	-	-
EVER	EVER GOTESCO	758,702	126,225	758,702	126,225	-	-
EW	EAST WEST BANKING CORP.	59,263	2,641,859	59,263	2,641,859	_	_
FAF	FIRST ABACUS FINANCIAL	1,361,000	106,340	1,361,000	106,340	-	_
FCG	FIGARO COFFEE GROUP, INC.	2,407,988	-	2,407,988	-	-	-
FDC	FILINVEST DEV. CORP.	17,837,136	3,747,988	17,837,136	3,747,988	-	_
FEU	FAR EASTERN UNIV.	609,985	_	609,985	247.074	-	_
FFI	FILIPINO FUND, INC.	603,197	347,874	603,197	347,874	-	-
FGEN	FIRST GEN CORPORATION	183,537	21,939,320	183,537	21,939,320	-	-
FILRT	FILINVEST RT	5,054,260	7,103,565	5,054,260	7,103,565	-	_
FLI	FILINVEST LAND	7,886,000	13,021,109	7,886,000	13,021,109	-	_
FNI	GLOBAL FERRONICKEL HOLDINGS INC	20,329	634,384 229,215	20,329 7,775,856	634,384 229,215	_	_
FOOD	ALLIANCE SELECT FOODS INTERNATIONAL	7,775,856	10,828,683		10,828,683	_	_
FPH FPI	FIRST PHIL. HOLDINGS FORUM PACIFIC, INC.	18,461,882 7,373	1,243,348	18,461,882 7,373	1,243,348	_	-
FRUIT	FRUITAS HOLDINGS INC	358,000	5,047,040	358,000	5,047,040		_
FYN	FILSYN CORP. A	327,000	42,691	327,000	42,691	_	_
GEO	GEOGRACE	364,469	684,275	364,469	684,275	_	_
GERI	GLOBAL-ESTATE	4,550	11,815,604	4,550	11,815,604	_	_
GLO	GLOBE TELECOMS	157,998	16,102,632	157,998	16,102,632	_	_
GMA7	GMA NETWORK, INC.	47,740	2,187,380	47,740	2,187,380	_	_
AIMU/	•	•			2,047,020	_	_
GMAP	GMA PDRS	7 441	2.1347.1371	0.440			
GMAP GO	GMA PDRS GOTESCO LAND, INC.A	8,440 330,000	2,047,020 –	8,440 330,000	2,047,020	_	_

CODE NAME No. of Shares Warket Value No. of Shares Warket Value No. of Shares Walve Value GREEN GREENEGY HOLDINGS 20,000 830,020 20,000 18,002 20,000 18,002 20,000 18,002 20,000 18,002 20,000 18,002 20,000 18,002 20,000 18,002 20,000 18,002 2,000 18,002 2,555,753 5,553,526 11 10,041 1,115,400 10,048 1,115,400 10,048 1,115,400 10,048 1,115,400 10,048 1,115,400 10,048 1,115,400 10,048 1,115,400 10,048 1,115,400 10,048 1,115,400 12,069 13,076 12,066 12,066 13,076 12,066 12,066 13,076 12,000 12,000 13,070 12,000 13,070 12,000 13,070 12,000 13,070 12,000 13,070 12,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,0	No. of Shares	Market Value P
GREEN GREENERGY HOLDINGS 20,000 830,020 20,000 13,128,000 31,000 13,128,000 31,000	- - - - - -	R- - - - - -
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MG MILLENNIUM GLOBAL HOLDINGS, INC. 8,274,000 777,756 8,274,000 777,756	_	-
MGH METRO GLOBAL HOLDINGS CORPORATION 76,400 – 76,400 –		_
MHC MABUHAY HOLDINGS 3,098,000 498,778 3,098,000 498,778	_	-
MJC MANILA JOCKEY CLUB, INC. 17,871,699 – 17,871,699 –	_	-
MJIC MJC INVESTMENTS CORP. 3,400 - 3,400 -	_	_
MM MERRYMART CONSUMER CORP. 57,000 34,200 57,000 34,200	_	-
MMC MARCOPPER MINING 17 - 17 -	-	-
MONDE MONDE NISSIN CORP 719,200 6,185,120 719,200 6,185,120	_	-
MRC MRC ALLIED, INC. 737,000 619,080 737,000 619,080	_	_
MREIT MREIT RT 1,331,400 17,760,876 1,331,400 17,760,876	_	_
MRSGI METRO RETAIL STORES GROUP, INC. 67,000 80,400 67,000 80,400	_	_
MWC MANILA WATER COMPANY 141,200 3,812,400 141,200 3,812,400	_	_
MWIDE MWIDE 88 214 88 214	_	-
MWP5 MEGAWIDE CONSTRUCTION CORPORATION 3,500 352,800 3,500 352,800	-	_
NI NIHAO MINERAL RESOURCES 1,023,300 393,971 1,023,300 393,971	-	_
NIKL NICKEL ASIA CORPORATION 7,523,944 26,258,565 7,523,944 26,258,565	_	-
NOW NOW CORPORATION 153,500 90,565 153,500 90,565	_	_

		Per Records		Per (Unlocated Difference		
		No. of	Market	No. of	Market	No. of	Market
CODE	NAME	Shares	Value	Shares	Value	Shares	<u>Value</u>
NRCP	NATIONAL REINSURANCE CORP.	9,367,000	P6,463,230	9,367,000	P6,463,230	_	P —
NXGEN	NEXTGENESIS CORPORATION	61,800	106 722	61,800	106,733	_	_
OM OPM	OMICO CORP.	802,497 1,104,923,287	106,733 8,176,431	802,497 1,104,923,287	8,176,431	_	_
OPMB	ORIENTAL PET. & MIN. A ORIENTAL PET. & MIN. B	658,824,262	4,941,182	658,824,262	4,941,182	_	_
ORE	ORIENTAL PET. & MIN. B ORIENTAL PENINSULA RESOURCES	1,473,700	648,428	1,473,700	648,428	_	_
OV	PHILODRILL	539,958,390	4,049,688	539,958,390	4,049,688	_	_
PA	PACIFICA HOLDINGS INC	66,050	105,680	66,050	105,680	_	_
PAL	PAL HOLDINGS, INC.	57,328	283,774	57,328	283,774	_	_
PAX	PAXYS, INC.	10,829,000	18,409,300	10,829,000	18,409,300	_	_
PBB	PHILIPPINE BUSINESS BANK	67,298	652,791	67,298	652,791	_	_
PBC	PHIL. BANK OF COMMUNICATIONS	4,455	69,409	4,455	69,409	_	_
PCOR	PETRON	2,341,005	5,688,642	2,341,005	5,688,642	-	_
PCP	PICOP RESOURCES	1,520,420	-	1,520,420	-	_	-
PERC	PETROENERGY RESOURCES CORP.	2,896,339	9,992,370	2,896,339	9,992,370	-	-
PGOLD	PUREGOLD PRICE CLUB, INC.	63,900	1,971,315	63,900	1,971,315	-	-
PHA	PREMIEREHORIZON	45,000	7,830	45,000	7,830	_	-
PHC	PHILCOMSAT HOLDINGS CORP.	10,000	14,000	10,000	14,000	-	_
PHN	PHINMA CORPORATION	2,645	50,255	2,645	50,255	_	-
PHR	PH RESORTS GROUP HOLDINGS INC	105,000	56,700	105,000	56,700	-	-
PIZZA	SHAKEYS PIZZA ASIA VENTURES INC	3,100	24,769	3,100	24,769	-	_
PLUS	DIGIPLUS INTERACTIVE CORP.	1,410,275	38,288,965	1,410,275	38,288,965	_	-
PMPC	PANASONIC MANUFACTURING PHILS	2,722	14,917	2,722	14,917	-	_
PMT	PRIMETOWN PROPERTY GROUP	155,600	-	155,600	-	-	-
PNB	PHILIPPINE NATIONAL BANK	146,867	4,068,216	146,867	4,068,216	-	_
PNC	PHIL. NATIONAL CONST.	5,153	-	5,153	-	-	_
PNX	PHOENIX PETROLEUM	71,725	299,093	71,725	299,093	-	_
PNX3B	PPPI SERIES 3B PREF SHARES	19,700	491,514	19,700	491,514	-	-
PNX4	PPPI SERIES 4 PREF SHARES	600	106,740	600	106,740	-	-
PRC	PHIL, RACING CLUB	24,453	171,171	24,453	171,171	-	-
PRF4A	PETRON CORP SERIES A PREFERRED	300	301,500	300	301,500	-	-
PRF4B	PETRON CORP SERIES B PREFERRED	2,000	2,040,000	2,000	2,040,000	-	_
PRIM	PRIME MEDIA HOLDINGS, INC.	2,077	4,424	2,077	4,424	-	_
PSB	PHIL. SAVINGS BANK	31,171	1,814,152	31,171	1,814,152	-	_
PSE	PHIL. STOCK EXCHANGE	3,088	506,432	3,088	506,432	-	_
PTT	PHIL. TEL. & TEL.	725,139	-	725,139	-	-	-
PX	PHILEX	6,083,838	16,973,908	6,083,838	16,973,908	-	-
PXP	PXP ENERGY CORPORATION	1,031,149	2,959,398	1,031,149	2,959,398	-	-
RÇB	RCBC	1,977,765	47,169,695	1,977,765	47,169,695	-	-
RCI	ROXAS AND COMPANY, INC.	417,177	1,134,721	417,177	1,134,721	-	-
RCR	RL COMM RT	2,693,800	15,758,730	2,693,800	15,758,730	-	-
REG	REPUBLIC GLASS HOLDINGS	7,546	20,752	7,546	20,752	-	-
RFM	RFM CORP.	161,720	625,856	161,720	625,856	_	_
RLC	ROBINSON LAND	166,443	2,213,692	166,443	2,213,692	_	_
RLT	PHIL, REALTY & HOLDING\$	9,218,281	1,106,194	9,218,281	1,106,194	-	-
ROCK	ROCKWELL LAND CORPORATION	58,435,375	88,237,416	58,435,375	88,237,416	-	-
ROX	ROXAS HOLDINGS, INC.	109,710	=	109,710	_	-	-
RPC	REYNOLDS PHILS.	75,271	-	75,271		-	-
SBS	SBS PHILS CORP COMMON SHARES	78,775	389,936	78,775	389,936	-	-
SCC	SEMIRARA MINING AND POWER CORPORATI	1,772,900	61,874,210	1,772,900	61,874,210	_	_
SDP	SIME DARBY	60	<u>-</u>	60	-	-	-
SECB	SECURITY BANK	213,056	18,535,872	213,056	18,535,872	-	-
SEVN	PHILIPPINE SEVEN CORP.	3,200	216,960	3,200	216,960	-	_
SFI	SWIFT FOODS	53,646,257	3,111,483	53,646,257	3,111,483	-	-
SFIP	SWIFT FOODS CONV. PREF.	15,428	26,845	15,428	26,845	_	_
SGI	SOLID GROUP	4,115,850	4,239,326	4,115,850	4,239,326	_	_
SGP	SYNERGY GRID	4,891,050	47,932,290	4,891,050	47,932,290	_	_
SHLPH	PILIPINAS SHELL PETROLEUM CORP	10,571,600	79,287,000	10,571,600	79,287,000	_	_
SHNG	SHANG PROPERTIES, INC.	45,229,453	178,204,045	45,229,453	178,204,045	_	_
SLF	SUN LIFE FINANCIAL, INC.	3,948	11,954,544	3,948	11,954,544	-	-
SLI	STA. LUCIA LAND	137,730	399,417	137,730	399,417	-	-
SM	SM INVESTMENTS CORP	27,613	24,824,087	27,613	24,824,087	-	_
SMC	SAN MIGUEL	646,587	55,606,482	646,587	55,606,482	_	-
SMC2F	SMC PREF. SERIES "2F"	13,280	973,423	13,280	973,423	-	-
SMC2J	SMCPREFS2J	40,000	2,820,000	40,000	2,820,000	-	-
SMC2K	SMCPREFS2K	50,000	3,500,000	50,000	3,500,000	_	-

		Per Ri	ecords	Per (Count	Unloc Differ	
		No. of	Market	No. of	Market	No. of	Market
CODE	NAME	Shares	Value	Shares	Value	Shares	Value
SMC2L	SMCPREFS2L	22,000	₱1,708,299	22,000	P1,708,299		₽-
SMC2N	SMCPREFS2N	90,000	7,173,000	90,000	7,173,000	_	_
SMC2O	SMCPREFS2O	50,000	4,115,000	50,000	4,115,000	_	_
SMPH	SM PRIME HOLDINGS	4,158,637	104,589,721	4,158,637	104,589,721	_	-
SOC	SOCRESOURCES, INC.	110,000	20,240	110,000	20,240	-	_
SPM	SEAFRONT RESOURCES CORP.	46,246	69,831	46,246	69,831	_	_
SPNEC	SP NEW ENERGY CORPORATION (SPNEC)	2,639,000	2,691,780	2,639,000	2,691,780	_	-
SSI	SSI GROUP, INC.	4,338,100	13,795,158	4,338,100	13,795,158	-	_
STI	STI HOLDINGS	9,603,000	12,868,019	9,603,000	12,868,019	_	_
STN	STENIEL MFG. CORP.	423,645	665,123	423,645	665,123	_	-
STR	VISTAMALLS, INC.	33,300	48,951	33,300	48,951	_	_
SUN	SUNTRUST RESORT HOLDINGS, INC.	5,046,250	4,541,625	5,046,250	4,541,625	_	_
SWM	SANITARY WARES MFG.	40,700	-	40,700	-	_	_
Τ	TKC METALS CORPORATION	290,000	84,100	290,000	84,100	_	_
TBGI	TRANSPACIFIC BROADBAND GROUP	1,800,000	243,000	1,800,000	243,000		_
TECH	CIRTEK HOLDINGS PHILIPPINES CORP	6,380	8,421	6,380	8,421	-	_
TEL	PLDT INC.	16,567	21,454,265	16,567	21,454,265	-	-
TFHI	TOP FRONTIER INVESTMENTS HOLDINGS,	49,186	3,103,637	49,186	3,103,637	-	-
TUGS	HARBOR STAR SHIPPING SERVICES, INC.	1,020,000	632,400	1,020,000	632,400		-
UBP	UNION BANK	53,259	1,917,324	53,259	1,917,324	_	_
UNH	UNIHOLDINGS INC.	2,290	305,028	2,290	305,028	-	_
UNI	UNIOIL RES. & HOLDINGS CO.	7,823,500	_	7,823,500	-	_	_
UP	UNIVERSAL RIGHTFIELD PROP.	4,416,320	_	4,416,320	-	_	_
UPM	UNITED PARAGON MNG.	68,675,000	192,290	68,675,000	192,290	_	_
URC	UNIVERSAL ROBINA	225,166	17,788,114	225,166	17,788,114	_	_
V	VANTAGE EQUITIES, INC.	1,511,250	1,057,875	1,511,250	1,057,875		-
VITA	VITARICH	2,326,256	1,256,177	2,326,256	1,256,177	-	_
VLL	VISTA LAND & LIFESCAPES	1,173,190	1,736,321	1,173,190	1,736,321	-	-
VMC	VICTORIAS MILLING CO., INC.	3,276,804	6,553,608	3,276,804	6,553,608	_	
VREIT	VISTAREIT RT	10,000	18,900	10,000	18,900	-	-
VVT	VIVANT CORPORATION	625	11,263	625	11,263	_	-
WEB	PHILWEB CORPORATION	168,460	235,844	168,460	235,844	-	-
WIN	WELLEX IND., INC.	1,136,000	239,696	1,136,000	239,696	-	-
WLCON	WILCON DEPOT INC	260,800	3,729,440	260,800	3,729,440	-	-
WPI	WATERFRONT PHIL., INC.	669,138	250,927	669,138	250,927	-	-
X	XURPAS INC	126,000	22,931	126,000	22,931	-	-
ZHI	ZEUS HOLDINGS	200,000	14,400	200,000	14,400	_	
			P 8,320,992,243		£8,320,992,243		

SCHEDULE VII

RECONCILIATION OF RETAINED EARNINGS AVAILABLE FOR DIVIDEND DECLARATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

CTS GLOBAL EQUITY GROUP, INC.

27/F East Tower, Tektite Towers, Exchange Road Ortigas Center, Pasig City

		Amount
Unappropriated retained earnings, beginning of reporting period		₽22,652,139
Less: Items that are directly debited to unappropriated retained		
earnings		
Dividend declaration during the reporting period	(18,150,000)	
Retained earnings appropriated during the reporting period	(2,299,738)	(20,449,738)
Unappropriated retained earnings, as adjusted		2,202,401
Add: Net income for the current year		64,533,932
Less: Other items that should be excluded from the determination		
of the amount of available for dividends distribution		
Net movement of deferred tax assets not considered in the		
reconciling items under the previous categories	(9,109,312)	
Net movement in deferred tax on ROU assets and lease	• • • • •	
liabilities	(15,517)	(9,124,829)
Total retained earnings, end of the reporting period available for		
dividend		₽57,611,504

SCHEDULE VIII

CTS GLOBAL EQUITY GROUP, INC. SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL SOUNDNESS INDICATORS UNDER REVISED SRC RULE 68

	2024	2023
Current/liquidity ratio	5.07	5.48
Current assets	P963,609,495	₽892,895,117
Current liabilities	189,961,101	162,800,179
Solvency ratio	0.32	0.14
After-tax income before depreciation	₽70,065,706	₽ 27,372,859
Total liabilities	220,900,455	192,183,805
Debt-to-equity ratio	0.11	0.10
Total liabilities	₽220,900,455	₽ 192,183,805
Total equity	2,056,657,764	2,009,399,956
Asset-to-equity ratio	1.11	1.10
Total assets	P 2,277,558,219	2 2,201,583,761
Total equity	2,056,657,764	2,009,399,956
Interest rate coverage ratio	31.81	4.26
Income before interest and taxes	P 61,479,996	₽5,915,046
Interest expense	1,932,992	1,389,532
Return on equity	0.03	0.01
After-tax income	₽64,533,932	₽22,997,384
Total equity	2,056,657,764	2,009,399,956
Return on assets	0.03	0.01
After-tax income	₽64,533,932	₽22,997,384
Total assets	2,277,558,219	2,201,583,761
Other relevant ratios		
RBCA ratio	1,317%	1,440%
Ratio of AI to NLC	10%	9%
Ratio of Core Equity to ORR	7,102%	6,126%

SCHEDULE IX

CTS GLOBAL EQUITY GROUP, INC. ADDITIONAL SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES UNDER ANNEX 68-J OF THE REVISED SRC RULE 68

Schedule	Description	Page
A	Financial Assets	1
В	Amounts Receivable from Directors, Officers, Employees, Related Parties and Principal Stockholders (Other than Related Parties)	2
С	Amounts Receivable from Related Parties which are Eliminated During the Consolidation of the Financial Statements	3
D	Long-Term Debt	4
E	Indebtedness to Related Party	5
F	Guarantees of Securities of Other Issuers	6
G	Capital Stock	7

SCHEDULE A FINANCIAL ASSETS

Name of Issuing Entity and Association of Each Issue	Number of Shares or Principal Amount of Bonds and Notes	Amount Shown in the Balance Sheet	Income Received and Accrued
Financial Assets at Amortized Cost			
Cash and cash equivalents	₽	P440,287,230	P13,739,965
Trade receivables	_	440,150,621	_
Investments in government securities	462,220,000	464,463,427	24,979,979
Other assets	_	21,227,865	-
	462,220,000	1,366,129,143	38,719,944
Financial Assets at FVPL			
Various securities	14,891,270	65,382,724	3,489,399
Financial Assets at FVOCI			
Investments in government securities	748,732,000	787,172,302	39,514,042
Total	₽1,225,843,270	P2,218,684,169	P81,723,385

SCHEDULE B AMOUNTS RECEIVABLE FROM DIRECTORS, OFFICERS, EMPLOYEES, RELATED PARTIES AND PRINCIPAL STOCKHOLDERS (OTHER THAN RELATED PARTIES)

Name and Designation	Balance at Beginning of	م ساعداد ه	Amounts	Amounts	Cumana	Managarant	Balance at End of Period
of Debtor	Period	Additions	Collected	Written Off	Current	Noncurrent	end of Period
			None.				

SCHEDULE C AMOUNTS RECEIVABLE FROM RELATED PARTIES WHICH ARE ELIMINATED DURING CONSOLIDATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Name and	Balance at						
Designation	Beginning of		Amounts	Amounts			Balance at
of Debtor	Period	Additions	Collected	Written Off	Current	Noncurrent	End of Period
		_	Not App	olicable.			

SCHEDULE D LONG-TERM DEBT

Title of Issue and Type of Obligation	Amount Authorized by Indenture	Amount Shown Under Caption "Current Portion of Loans Payable" in Related Balance Sheet	Amount Shown Under Caption "Loans Payable - Net of Current Portion" in Related Balance Sheet	Interest Rate	Maturity Dates
		None.			

SCHEDULE E INDEBTEDNESS TO RELATED PARTIES

DECEMBER 31, 2024

Name of Related Party

Balance at Beginning of Period

Balance at End of Period

None.

SCHEDULE F GUARANTEES OF SECURITIES AND OTHER ISSUERS

DECEMBER 31, 2024

Name of Issuing Entity of Securities Guaranteed by the Company for which this Statement is Filed

Title of Issue of Each Class of Securities Guaranteed

Total Amount Guaranteed and Outstanding Amount Owned by Person for Which Statement is Filed

Nature of Guarantee

None.

SCHEDULE G CAPITAL STOCK

Title of Issue	Number of Shares Authorized	Number of Shares Issued and Outstanding as Shown Under Related Balance Sheet Caption	Number of Shares Reserved for Options, Warrants, Conversion and Other Rights	Number of Shares Held by Related Parties	Directors, Officers and Employees	Others
Common Stock	8,000,000,000	6,875,000,000	-		4,645,322,500	2,229,677,500

SCHEDULE FOR LISTED COMPANIES WITH A RECENT OFFERING OF SECURITIES TO THE PUBLIC December 31, 2024

	Estimated	Actual
Gross Proceeds	₽1,375,000,000	₽1,375,000,000
Offer Expenses	(21,728,465)	(21,728,465)
Net Proceeds	1,353,271,535	1,353,271,535
Use of Proceeds		
Scaling of global trading operations	(1,233,271,535)	(561,794,345)
Client account management expansion	(20,000,000)	_
General corporate purposes	(100,000,000)	(10,293,548)
	(1,353,271,535)	(572,087,893)
Unapplied Proceeds	₽—	P781,183,642

CTS GLOBAL EQUITY SECURITIES, INC.

SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF EXTERNAL AUDITOR FEE-RELATED INFORMATION

DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023

	2024	2023
Total Audit Fees	P925,000	₽900,000
Non-audit service fees:		
Other assurance services	_	_
Tax services	120,000	_
All other services	250,000	510,000
Total Non-audit Fees	370,000	510,000
Total Audit and Non-audit Fees	₽1,295,000	₽1,410,000

ANNEX "G" PARTICIPATION BY REMOTE COMMUNICATION AND ELECTRONIC VOTING IN ABSENTIA

To ensure the safety and health of the shareholders of CTS Global Equity Group, Inc. ("CTS" or the "Corporation"), the Corporation will dispense with the physical attendance at the Annual Shareholders' Meeting ("Meeting") and allow shareholders to attend only by remote communication. Voting shall be done electronically in absentia through the same platform or by voting through proxy. A stockholder voting electronically in absentia will be deemed present at the meeting for purposes of quorum.

Below are the guidelines for participation by remote communication and electronic voting in absentia:

- 1. To be able to participate in the Meeting by remote communication as well as vote electronically in absentia, shareholders as of Record Date of 07 April 2025 ("Shareholders") will have to register at https://shareholders.ctsglobalgroup.com ("Portal"). The Portal shall be open for registration on 15 April 2025.
- 2. To enable the Corporation to perform validation procedures, identify the shareholders participating by remote communication and record their presence for purposes of quorum, the shareholders must complete the registration requirements in the Portal by 5:00 p.m. on 24 April 2025. After this date, Shareholders may no longer avail of the option to vote in absentia.
- 3. The guidelines for registration will be stated in the Portal. The following information will be required for registration:
 - a. For Individual Shareholders
 - i. Full name:
 - ii. Valid and active e-mail address;
 - iii. Scanned copy of the Shareholder's valid government issued ID, which ID should not expire before the date of the Meeting; and
 - iv. Scanned copy of the stock certificate/s in the name of the Shareholder or Broker's certification on the number of CTS shares held by Shareholder as of Record Date;
 - b. For Corporate Shareholders
 - i. Complete company name;
 - ii. SEC Registration Number;
 - iii. Valid and active e-mail address;
 - iv. Complete name of the corporate Shareholder's representative;
 - v. Scanned copy of the Secretary's Certificate attesting to the authority of the representative to vote on or behalf of the Shareholder;
 - vi. Scanned copy of the valid government issued ID of the person who signed the Secretary's Certificate and specimen signature, which ID should not expire before the date of the Meeting;
 - vii. Scanned copy of the authorized representative's valid government issued ID, which ID should not expire before the date of the Meeting; and
 - viii. Scanned copy of the stock certificate/s in the name of the Shareholder or Broker's certification on the number of CTS shares held by Shareholder as of Record Date.
 - c. CTS reserves the right to request for such additional documents as may be necessary under the circumstances.

The submission of incomplete or inconsistent information may result in unsuccessful registration. In case of unsuccessful registration, the Shareholder will not be allowed to vote electronically in absentia. However, the Shareholder may still exercise their right to vote through proxy. Proxies must be submitted by email on or before 24 April 2025 to corporatesecretary@ctsglobalgroup.com.

- 4. The Shareholder shall receive an email upon successful registration and validation.
- 5. Voting Electronically in Absentia
 - a. The Agenda items will be included in the digital ballot available in the Portal. The registered Shareholder may vote as follows:
 - i. For all items other than the Election of the Board of Directors, the registered Shareholder may either vote Yes, No, or Abstain. The vote of the Shareholder per item is considered cast for all of his shares.
 - ii. For the Election of the Board of Directors, the registered may vote for all nominees, not vote for any of the nominees, or vote for some nominees only, in such number of shares as preferred by the Shareholder, provided that the total number of votes cast shall not exceed the number of shares owned by them, multiplied by 11.
 - b. Voting shall be closed by 3:00 p.m. on 9 May 2025.
 - c. The Shareholder may complete and submit the digital ballot through the Portal. Upon submission, the digital ballots can no longer be amended.
 - d. Except as may be otherwise stated, votes cast in absentia shall have the same effect as votes cast by proxy.
- 6. Participation by Remote Communication
 - a. Registered Shareholders may participate by remote communication in the meeting by logging in to the Portal.
 - b. The Portal will include a feature where Shareholders may type in their questions.

Please contact the Office of the Corporate Secretary at <u>corporatesecretary@ctsglobalgroup.com</u> for any clarifications.